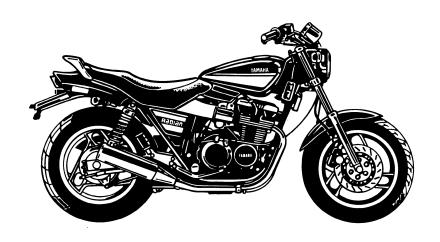


# YX600 (S-A)



# Service Manual

#### NOTICE

This manual was written by the Yamaha Motor Company primarily for use by Yamaha dealers and their qualified mechanics. It is not possible to put an entire mechanic's education into one manual, so it is assumed that persons using this book to perform maintenance and repairs on Yamaha motor-cycles have a basic understanding of the mechanical concepts and procedures inherent in motorcycle repair technology. Without such knowledge, attempted repairs or service to this model may render it unfit to use and/or unsafe.

Yamaha Motor Company, Ltd. is continually striving to improve all models manufactured by Yamaha. Modifications and significant changes in specifications or procedures will be forwarded to all Authorized Yamaha dealers and will, where applicable, appear in future editions of this manual.

SERVICE DIVISION MOTORCYCLE OPERATIONS YAMAHA MOTOR CO., LTD.

#### **HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL**

#### PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This material is distinguished by the following notation.

NOTE:

A NOTE provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

CAUTION:

A CAUTION indicates special procedures that must be followed to avoid damage

to the motorcycle.

**WARNING:** 

A WARNING indicates special procedures that must be followed to avoid injury to a motorcycle operator or person inspecting or repairing the motorcycle.

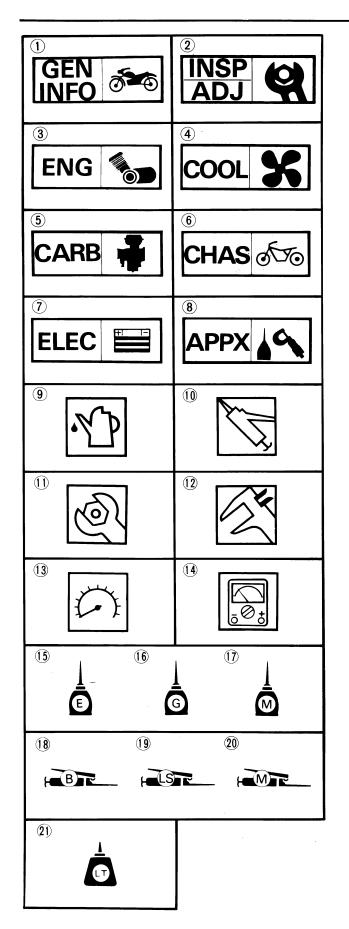
#### MANUAL FORMAT

All of the procedures in this manual are organized in a sequential, step-by-step format. The information has been compiled to provide the mechanic with an easy to read, handy reference that contains comprehensive explanations of all disassembly, repair, assembly, and inspection operations. In this revised format, the condition of a faulty component will precede an arrow symbol and the course of action required will follow the symbol, e.g.,

Bearings
 Pitting/Damage→Replace.

#### EXPLODED DIAGRAM

Each chapter provides exploded diagrams before each disassembly section for ease in identifying correct disassembly and assembly procedures.



#### **ILLUSTRATED SYMBOLS** (Refer to the illustration)

Illustrated symbols (1) to (8) are designed as thumb tabs to indicate the chapter's number and content.

- (1) General information
- Periodic inspectiEngineCooling system Periodic inspection and adjustment

- (5) Carburetion
- 6 Chassis
- (7) Electrical
- 8 Appendices

Illustrated symbols (9) to (14) are used to identify the specifications appearing in the text.

- (9) Filling fluid
- 10 Lubricant
- 1 Tightening
- 12 Wear limit, clearance
- (13) Engine speed
- ① Ω, V, A

Illustrated symbols (5) to (21) in the exploded diagram indicate grade of lubricant and location of lubrication point.

- (15) Apply engine oil
- 16 Apply gear oil
- (17) Apply molybdenum disulfide oil
- (18) Apply wheel bearing grease
- (19) Apply lightweight lithium-soap base grease
- 20 Apply molybdenum disulfide grease
- ② Apply locking agent (LOCTITE®)

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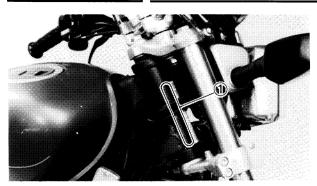
# CHAPTER 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

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1



#### MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION



# GENERAL INFORMATION

#### MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION

#### VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

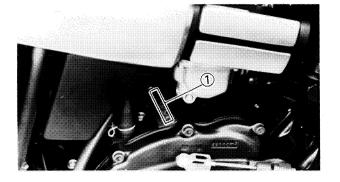
The vehicle identification number ① is stamped into the right side of the steering head pipe.

Starting Serial Number:
YX600S (Except for California)
JYA1UJ00\*\*GA000101
YX600SC (For California)

JYA1UL00 \*\* GA000101

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your state.



#### **ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER**

The engine serial number ① is stamped into the elevated part of the left rear section of the engine.

Starting Serial Number:
YX600S (Except for California)
1UJ-000101
YX600SC (For California)
1UL-000101

#### NOTE: \_\_\_

- The first three digits of these numbers are for model identifications; the remaining digits are the unit production number.
- Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

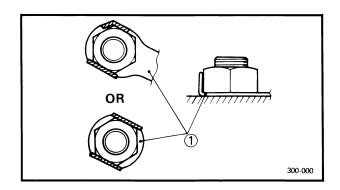
#### **ALL REPLACEMENT PARTS**

Use only genuine Yamaha parts for all replacements. Use oil and/or grease recommended by Yamaha for assembly and adjustment.
 Other brands may be similar in function and appearance, but inferior in quality.

# 1

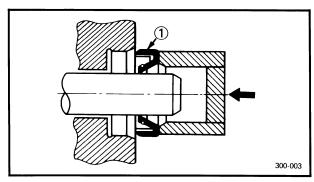
#### GASKETS, OIL SEALS, AND O-RINGS

- All gaskets, seals and O-rings should be replaced when an engine is overhauled. All gasket surfaces, oil seal lips and O-rings must be cleaned.
- Properly oil all mating parts and bearings during reassembly. Apply grease to the oil seal lips.



### LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS

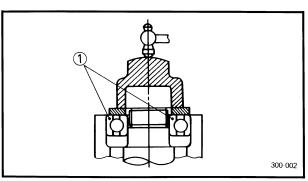
 All lock washers/Plates ① and cotter pins must be replaced when they are removed. Lock tab(s) should be bent along the bolt or nut flat(s) after the bolt or nut has been properly tightened.



#### **BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS**

 Install the bearing(s) and oil seal(s) with their manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward. (In other words, the stamped letters must be on the side exposed to view.) When installing oil seal(s), apply a light coating of light-weight lithium base grease to the seal lip(s). Oil the bearings liberally when installing.

(1) Oil seal



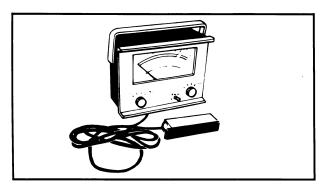
#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use compressed air to spin the bearings dry. This causes damage to the bearing surfaces.

1) Bearing

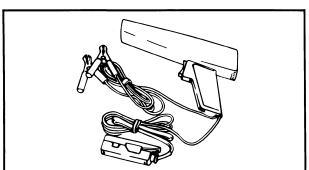
#### **SPECIAL TOOLS**

The proper special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Using the correct special tool will help prevent damage caused by the use of improper tools or improvised techniques.



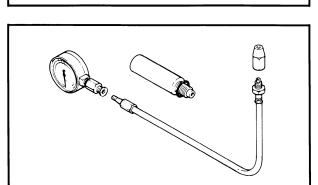
#### FOR TUNE UP

1. Inductive Tachometer P/N. YU-08036



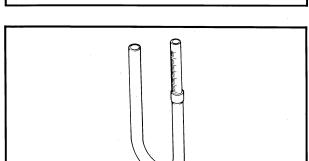
This tool is needed for detecting engine rpm.

2. Inductive Timing Light P/N. YU-08037



This tool is necessary for adjusting timing.

3. Compression Gauge P/N. YU-33223

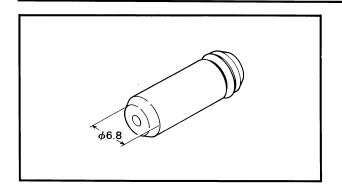


This gauge is used to measure the engine compression.

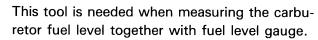
4. Fuel Level Gauge P/N. YM-01312

This gauge is used to measure the fuel level in the float chamber.

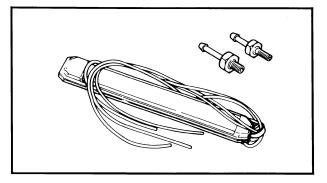




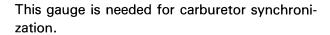
5. Fuel Level Gauge Adapter P/N. YM-01329

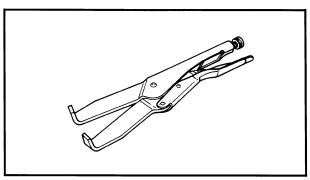


1



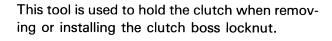
6. Vacuum Gauge P/N. YU-08030

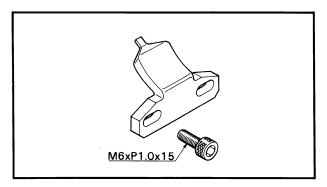




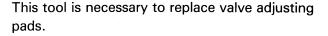
#### FOR ENGINE SERVICE

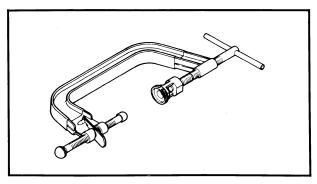
 Universal Clutch Holder P/N. YM-91042





2. Tappet Adjusting Tool P/N. YM-01245

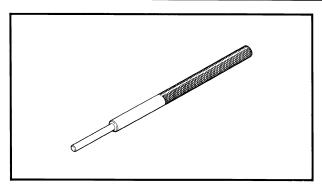




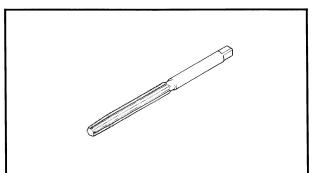
3. Valve Spring Compressor P/N. YM-04019

This tool is needed to remove and install the valve assemblies.



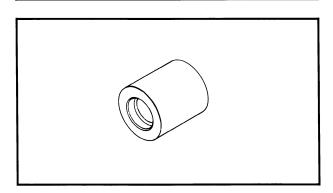


4. Valve Guide Remover P/N. YM-04064



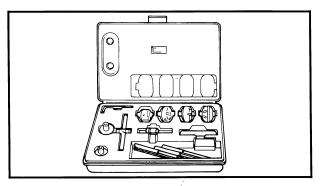
This tool is used to remove the valve guides.

5. Valve Guide Reamer P/N. YM-04066



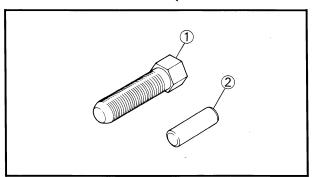
This tool is used to rebore the new valve guide.

6. Valve Guide Installer P/N. YM-04065



This tool is needed to install the valve guides properly together with valve guide remover.

7. Valve Seat Cutter Set P/N. YM-91043

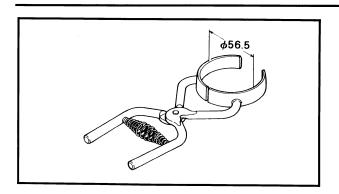


This tool is needed to resurface the valve seat.

8.	Rotor Puller
	P/N. YM-01080
	Pin 2
	P/N. YM-04052

This tool is needed to remove the A.C. Generator rotor.

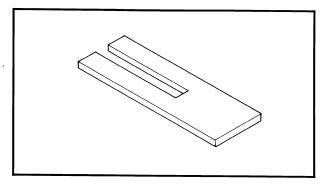




9. Piston Ring Compressor P/N. YM-04047

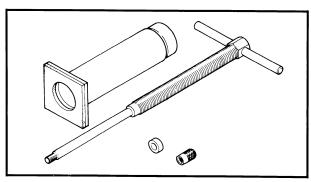
This tool is used when installing the piston into the cylinder.

1

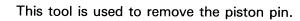


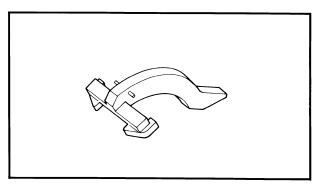
10. Piston Base P/N. YM-01067

Use 4 of these to hold the pistons during cylinder installation.



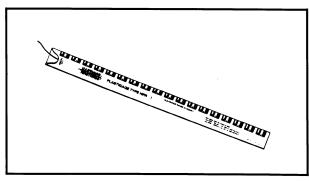
11. Piston Pin Puller P/N. YU-01304





12. Rotor Holding Tool P/N. YM-04043

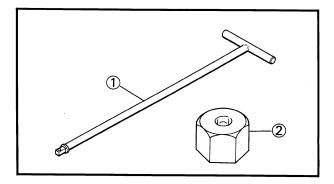
This tool is used to hold the A.C. Generator rotor during removal and installation.

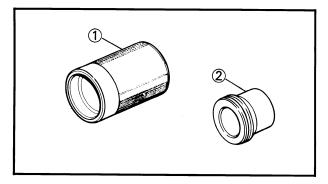


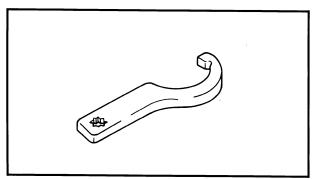
13. Plastigage<sup>®</sup> Set "Green" P/N. YU-33210

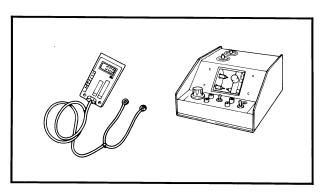
This gauge is needed to measure the clearance for the connecting rod bearing.

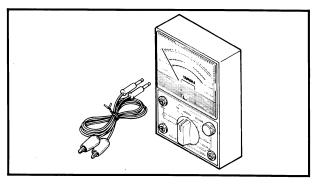












#### FOR CHASSIS SERVICE

This tool is used to loosen and tighten the front fork cylinder holding bolt.

These tools are used when installing the fork seal.

3. Ring Nut Wrench P/N. YU-33975

This tool is used to loosen and tighten the steering ring nut.

#### FOR ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

1. Electro Tester P/N. YU-33260

This instrument is necessary for checking the ignition system components.

2. Pocket Tester P/N. YU-03112

This instrument is invaluable for checking the electrical system.



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# INTRODUCTION/ MAINTENANCE INTERVALS CHART

#### PERIODIC INSPECTIONS AND ADJUSTMENTS

#### INTRODUCTION

This chapter includes all information necessary to perform recommended inspections and adjustments. These preventive maintenance procedures, if followed, will ensure more reliable vehicle operation and a longer service life. The need for costly overhaul work will be greatly reduced. This information applies to vehicles already in service as well as new vehicles that are being prepared for sale. All service technicians should be familiar with this entire chapter.

#### MAINTENANCE INTERVALS CHART

Proper periodic maintenance is important. Especially important are the maintenance services related to emissions controls. These controls not only function to ensure cleaner air but are also vital to proper engine operation and maximum performance. In the following maintenance tables, the services related to emissions control are grouped separately.

#### PERIODIC MAINTENANCE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

			Initial		Odo	meter read	ings	
No.	Item	Remarks	1,000 km or 1 month (600 mi)	**1 7,000 km or 7 months (4,400 mi)	or 13 months	or 19 months	or 25 months	31,000 km or 31 months (19,600 mi)
1*	Cam chain	Adjust chain tension.	*	0	0	0	0	0
2*	Valve clearance	Check and adjust valve clearance when engine is cold.					0	
3*	Spark plug	Check condition. Adjust gap and clean. Replace at 13,000 km (or 13 months) and thereafter every 12,000 km (or 12 months).		0	Replace	O .	Replace	0
4*	Crankcase ventilation system	Check ventilation hose for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.		0	0	0	0	0
5*	Fuel line	Check fuel hose and vacum pipe for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.	1	0	0	0	0	0
6*	Exhaust system	Check for leakage. Retighten if necessary. Replace gasket(s) if necessary.		0	0	0	0	0
7*	Carbure- tor syn- chroni- zation	Adjust synchronization of carburetors.	*	0	0	0	0	. 0
8*	Idle speed	Check and adjust engine idle speed. Adjust cable free play.	,	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>\*</sup> It is recommended that these items be serviced by a Yamaha dealer or other qualified mechanic.

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_

For father odometer reading, repeat the above maintenance at the period established; \*\*1: Every 6,000 km (3,800 mi), \*\*2: Every 12,000 km (7,600 mi), and \*\*3: Every 30,000 km (19,000 mi) intervals.

# 2

### MAINTENANCE INTERVALS CHART



#### **GENERAL MAINTENANCE/LUBRICATION**

		Initial Odometer readings    1000 km   7000 km   13 000 km   19 000 km   25 000 km											
No.	Item	Remarks	Туре	1,000 km or 1 month (600 mi)	7,000 km or 7 months (4,400 mi)	**2 13,000 km or 13 months (8,200 mi)	19,000 km or 19 months (12,000 mi)	**3 25,000 km or 25 months (15,800 mi)	31,000 km or 31 months (19,600 mi)				
1	Engine oil	Warm-up engine before draining	*1) Yamalube 4-cycle oil or SAE 20W40 type "SE" motor oil *2) SAE 10W30 type "SE" motor oil	0	0	0	0	0	0				
2	Oil filter	Replace.	_	0		0		0					
3*	Air filter	Clean with compressed air. Replace if necessary.	_		0	0	0	0	0				
4*	Brake system	Adjust free play. Replace pads if neces- sary. (Front) Replace shoes if necessary. (Rear)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0				
5*	Clutch	Adjust free play.	_	0	0	0	0	0	0				
6	Drive chain	Check chain condition. Adjust and lubricate chain thoroughly.	SAE 30W-50W motor oil.			Every 500 l	km (300 mi)						
7	Control and meter cable	Apply chain lube thoroughtly.	Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 10W30 motor oil.	0	0	0	0	0	0				
8*	Rear arm pivot bearing	Check bearing assembly for looseness. Moderately repack every 24,000 km (15,200 mi).	Midium weight wheel bearing grease.					Repack					
9	Brake/ Clutch lever pivot shaft	Apply chain lube lightly.	Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 10W30 motor oil.		0	0	0	0	0				
10	Brake pedal and change pedal shaft	Lubricate. Apply chain lube lightly.	Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 10W30 motor oil.		0	0	0	0	0				
11*	Center/ Side stand pivots	Check operation and lubricate. Apply chain lube lightly.	Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 10W30 motor oil.		0	0	0	0	0				



#### MAINTENANCE INTERVALS CHART

				Initial	Odometer readings									
No.	Item	Remarks	Туре	1,000 km or 1 month (600 mi)	**1 7,000 km or 7 months (4,400 mi)	**2 13,000 km or 13 months (8,200 mi)	19,000 km or 19 months (12,000 mi)	**3 25,000 km or 25 months (15,800 mi)	31,000 km or 31 months (19,600 mi)					
12*	Front fork oil	Check opera- tion and leakage.	Yamaha Fork Oil 10WT or equivalent		0	0	0	0	0					
13*	Steering bearing	Check bearings assembly for looseness. Moderately repack every 24,000 km (15,000 mi).	Medium weight wheel bearing grease.		0	0	0	Repack	0					
14*	Wheel bearings	Check bearings for smooth rotation.	Medium weight wheel bearing grease		0	0	0	0	0					
15	Battery	Check specific gravity and breather pipe for proper operation.	_		0	0	0	0	0					
16*	A.C. Generator	Replace generator brushes.	_			0		0						
17*	Sidestand switch	Check and clean or replace if necessary.	_	0	0	0	0	0	0					

<sup>\*1)</sup> If ambient temperature does not go below 5°C (41°F).

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For father odometer reading, repeat the above maintenance at the period established, \*\*1: Every 6,000 km (3,800 mi), \*\*2: Every 12,000 km (7,600 mi) and \*\*3: Every 24,000 km (15,200 mi) intervals.

<sup>\*2)</sup> If ambient temperature does not go below 15°C (59°F).

<sup>\*</sup> It is recommended that these items be serviced by a Yamaha dealer or other qualified mechanic.

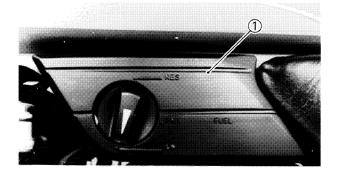
#### **ENGINE**

#### VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT

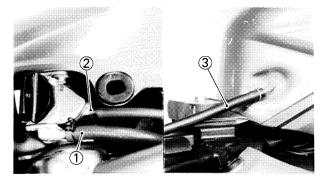
NOTE

- Valve clearance must be measured and adjusted when the engine is cool to the touch.
- Measure and adjust valve clearance when piston is at TDC on compression stroke.
  - 1. Remove:
    - Seat
  - 2. Turn the fuel cock to "ON" position.

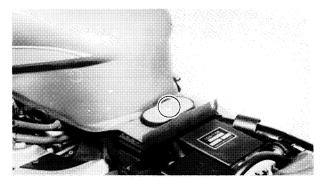




- 3. Remove:
  - •Cover ①

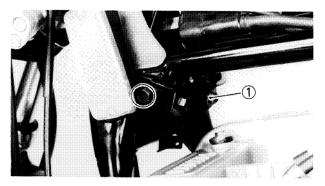


- 4. Disconnect:
  - •Fuel pipe (1)
  - •Vacuum pipe (2)
  - Fuel tank breather pipe ③



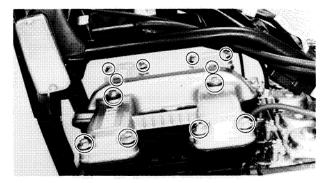
- 5. Remove:
  - Fuel tank





#### 6. Remove:

- Spark plugs
- •Horn (1)



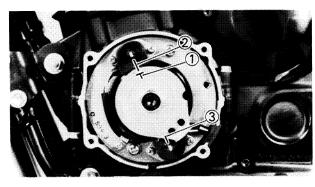
#### 7. Remove:

•Cylinder head cover



#### 8. Remove:

• Crankcase cover



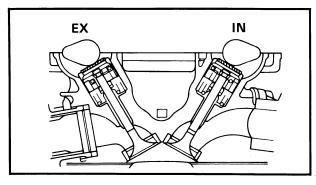
- 9. Measure:
  - Valve clearance

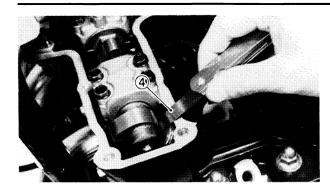


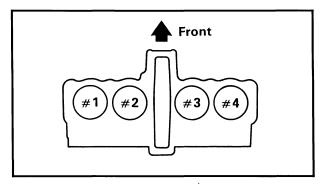
- •Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise.
- Align the "T" mark ① on the timing plate with the pickup coil mark (② or ③) when the piston is at Top Dead Center (T.D.C.) on compression stroke.

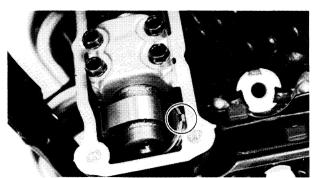


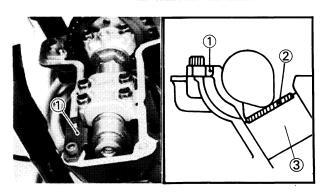
- Compression T.D.C. can be found when the cam lobes are apart from each other, as shown.
- •Measure the valve clearance by aligning the "T" mark with the upper pickup coil mark ② for the #1 and #4 cylinders and with the lower pickup coil mark ③ for the #2 and #3 cylinders.

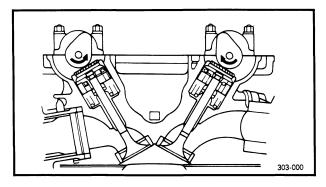












•Measure the valve clearance using feeler gauge (4).

Out of specification → Adjust valve clearance.



Intake Valve (Cold):

 $0.11 \sim 0.15$  mm (0.004  $\sim 0.006$  in) Exhaust Valve (Cold):

 $0.16 \sim 0.20 \text{ mm} (0.006 \sim 0.008 \text{ in})$ 

NOTE: \_

- Record the measured amount if the clearance is incorrect.
- Measure valve clearance in sequence.

Measuring Sequence:

 $#1 \rightarrow #2 \rightarrow #4 \rightarrow #3$ 

10. Adjust:

Valve clearance

Valve clearance adjustment steps:

• Position the valve lifter slots (intake and exhaust) opposite each other.

- •Turn the camshaft until the lobe fully depresses the valve lifter and opens the valve.
- •Attach the Tappet Adjusting Tool (YM-01245) onto the cylinder head.

NOTE: \_

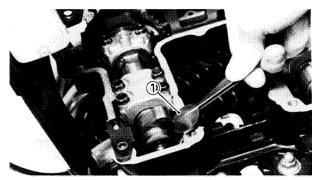
Make sure that the tool contacts the lifter ③ only, and not the pad ②.

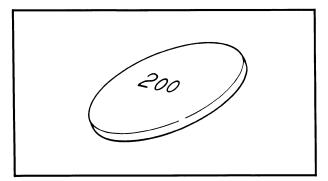
 Carefully rotate the camshaft so that the pads can be removed. To avoid cam touching the adjusting tool, turn cams as shown.

Intake: Carefully rotate CLOCKWISE. Exhaust:

Carefully rotate COUNTER-CLOCKWISE. 2







•Remove the pads ① from the lifters. Use a small screwdriver and a pair of tweezers for removal.

Note pad numbers.

• Select the proper valve adjusting pad from the chart below:

Pad ı	ange	Pad availability: 25 increments
No. 200 ~ No. 320	200 mm (0.079 in) 320 mm (0.130 in)	Pads stepped in 0.05 mm (0.002 in) increments

NOTE: .

Thickness of each pad is marked on the pad face that contacts the valve lifter (not the cam).

 Round off the hundredths digit of the original pad number to the nearest 0.05 mm increment.

Hundredths digit	Rounded valve
0 or 2	0
5	(NOT ROUNDED OFF)
8	10

#### **EXAMPLE:**

Original pad number = 258 (2.58 mm)Rounded off digit = 260

NOTE: \_

Pads can only be selected in 0.05 mm (0.002 in) increments.

•Locate the "Installed Pad Number" on the chart, and then find the measured valve clearance. The point where these coordinates intersect is the new pad number.

NOTE:

Use the new pad number as a guide only as the number must be verified.



#### INTAKE

INTARE																									
В									A	IN	STAI	LED	PAI	) NL	JMBE	ĒR		-							
MEASURED CLEARANCE	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320
0.00~0.05			200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310
0.06~0.10		200		210							245					270						300			
0.11~0.15																									
0.16~0.20	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320	
0.21 ~ 0.25																					310	315	320		
0.26~0.30																290									
0.31 - 0.35																295							•		
0.36~0.40	225	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320		-			l
0.41 ~ 0.45	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320						
$0.46 \sim 0.50$	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320							
$0.51 \sim 0.55$	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320								
$0.56 \sim 0.60$	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320									1
$0.61 \sim 0.65$	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320										
$0.66 \sim 0.70$	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320											
$0.71 \sim 0.75$				275							310														
$0.76 \sim 0.80$				280							315														
0.81 ~ 0.85	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320					V	Δ I \/I	= ()	ΕΛΕ	2 A NI	CE (	cold	١.		
$0.86 \sim 0.90$				290												٧,						coiu, 04 ~		G in	
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0.96 ~ 1.00	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320									•					ce is	. 0. 2	2	" I
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1.16~1.20	305	310	315	320	]											ra						<i>i</i> i0 mi	- 10	ഫര	ا ۱۰۰
1.21 ~ 1.25	310	315	320																						
1.26 ~ 1.30	315	320														٨١						5 mi			
1.31 ~ 1.35	320															A	ivvay	s ins	iali	pau	with	nun	nber	uov	vn.

#### **EXHAUST**

<b>B</b> MEASURED									A	IN	STAI	LED	PAI	) NL	JMBE	R									
CLEARANCE	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320
0.00~0.05				200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305
$0.06 \sim 0.10$			200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310
0.11~0.15		200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315
$0.16 \sim 0.20$																									
$0.21 \sim 0.25$	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280							315	320	
$0.26 \sim 0.30$		215															290	295	300	305	310	315	320		
0.31 - 0.35		220																		310		320			
$0.36 \sim 0.40$	220			235																315					
0.41 ~ 0.45																300				320					
$0.46 \sim 0.50$	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320	]					
0.51 ~ 0.55																310		320	ļ						
$0.56 \sim 0.60$																315	320	ļ							
$0.61 \sim 0.65$	245	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320									
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$0.71 \sim 0.75$		260	_			280						$\overline{}$	_	320	]										
$0.76 \sim 0.80$		265									310			)											
0.81 ~ 0.85		270																							
$0.86 \sim 0.90$		275				295						j				W	\ I \/F	: CI	FΛF	ΑΝι	^F /	cold)			
$0.91 \sim 0.95$		280				300					ļ											,	.008	in)	
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1.01 ~ 1.05		290				310			J														0.32	mn	_
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1.31 ~ 1.35		320														ΔΙ							n (o. ber		
1.36 ~ 1.40	320															, (1	.,,,,	- 1113			**!!!	Hull	1501	3077	11.



#### **CAM CHAIN ADJUSTMENT**

#### Pad number verification steps:

- •Install the new pad with the number down.
- •Remove the adjusting tool.
- Recheck the valve clearance.
- •If the clearance is incorrect, repeat all of the clearance adjustment steps until the proper clearance is obtained.

#### 11. Install:

Reverse removal steps.

- Crankcase cover (Left)
- Cylinder head cover
- Horn
- Spark plugs
- Fuel tank



Screw (Crankcase Cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) **Bolt (Cylinder Head Cover):** 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Spark Plug:

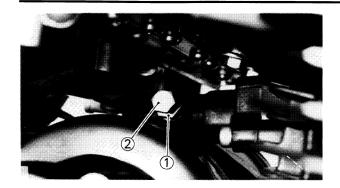
18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)



#### **CAM CHAIN ADJUSTMENT**

- 1. Remove:
  - Crankcase cover (Left)
- 2. Turn crankshaft counterclockwise.
- 3. Align the timing plate "C" mark (1) with the upper pickup coil mark (2).





- 4. Loosen:
  - •Locknut (Chain tensioner) (1)
  - •Stopper bolt (Chain tensioner) (2)

- 5. Tighten:
  - •Locknut (Chain tensioner)
  - •Stopper bolt (Chain tensioner)



Locknut:

6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb) Stopper Bolt:

9 Nm (0.9 m·kg, 6.5 ft·lb)

- 6. Install:
  - Crankcase cover (Left)



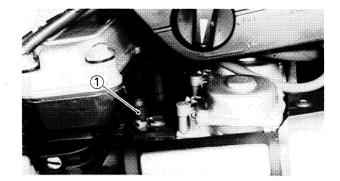
Screw (Crankcase Cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)

#### **CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION**

Carburetors must be adjusted to open and close simultaneously.

NOTE: \_

Valve clearance must be set properly before synchronizing the carburetors.



- 1. Remove:
  - Vacuum plugs (1)



#### CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION

- 2. Remove:
  - Seat
  - •Side covers (Fuel tank)
  - Bolt (Fuel tank)
- 3. Install:
  - Vacuum Gauge (YU-08030)
- 4. Start the engine and let it warm up.
- 5. Adjust:
  - •Idle speed
    Turn the throttle stop screw (1).

Turn in	Engine speed is increased.
Turn out	Engine speed is decreased.



Idle Speed:  $1,250 \sim 1,350 \text{ r/min}$ 

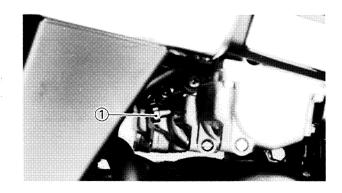
- 6. Adjust:
  - Carburetors

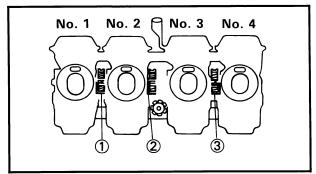
#### Carburetor adjustment steps:

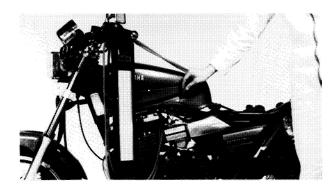
- •Lift up the rear of fuel tank
- •Synchronize carburetor No. 1 to carburetor No. 2 by turning synchronizing screw ① until both gauges read the same.
- Rev the engine for a fraction of a second, two or three times, and check the synchronization again.

Vacuum Pressure at Idle Speed: 22.7~24.0 kPa (170~180 mm Hg, 6.69~7.09 in Hg) Vacuum Synchronous Difference: 1.33 kPa (10 mm Hg, 0.4 in Hg)

- Repeat the above steps to synchronize carburetor No. 4 to carburetor No. 3 by turning synchronizing screw (3) until both gauges read the same.
- Repeat the same steps to synchronize No. 2 carburetor to No. 3 carburetor by turning synchronizing screw 2 until both gauges read the same.







# IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT/ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPECTION

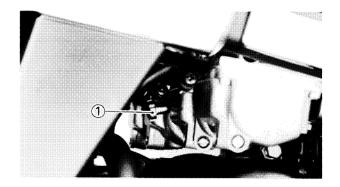
- 7. Adjust:
  - •Idle speed
- 8. Install:
  - Bolt (Fuel tank)
  - •Side covers (Fuel tank)
  - Seat
  - Vacuum plugs

#### **IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Idle speed
     Out of specification→Adjust.



1,250~1,350 r/min



#### 2. Adjust:

•Idle speed

Turn the throttle stop screw ①.

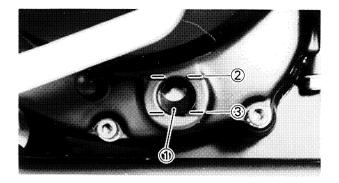
Turn in	Engine speed is increased.
Turn out	Engine speed is decreased.

#### **ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPECTION**

1. Place the motorcycle on its centerstand and warm up the engine for several minutes.

NOTE: \_

Position motorcycle straight up when checking oil level, a slight tilt to the side can produce false readings.



- 2. Stop the engine and visually check the oil level throught the level window ①.
- 3. Inspect:
  - •Oil level

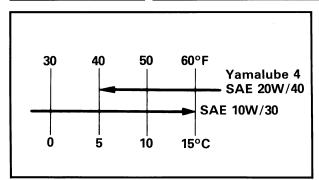
Oil level should be between maximum ② and minimum ③ marks.

Oil level low→Add oil to proper level.

2



#### **ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT**



#### NOTE: \_

Wait a few minutes until level settles before inspecting.

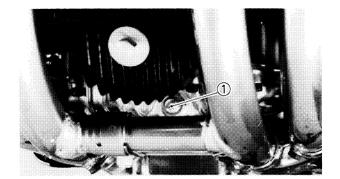


Recommended Oil:

At 5°C (40°F) or Higher: Yamalube 4-cycle Oil or SAE 20W40 Type SE Motor Oil At 15°C (60°F) or Lower: SAE 10W30 Type SE Motor Oil

### ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT Without Filter Change

- 1. Warm up the engine for several minutes, then place a receptacle under the engine.
- 2. Remove:
  - Oil filler cap



- 3. Remove:
  - Drain plug ①
     Drain the engine oil.
- 4. Install:
  - Drain plug (1)



43 Nm (4.3 m·kg, 31 ft·lb)

- 5. Fill:
  - Crankcase



2.2 L (1.9 Imp qt, 2.3 US qt)

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not allow foreign material to enter the crankcase.

#### **ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT**



**Recommended Oil:** 

At 5°C (40°F) or Higher: Yamalube 4-cycle Oil or SAE 20W40 Type SE Motor Oil At 15°C (60°F) or Lower: SAE 10W30 Type SE Motor Oil



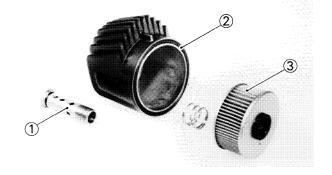
•Oil filler cap

#### With Filter Change

- 1. Warm up the engine for several minutes, then place a receptacle under the engine.
- 2. Remove:
  - •Oil filler cap
  - Drain plug ①
    Drain the engine oil.

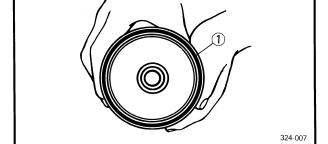


- •Oil filter bolt (1)
- Filter cover (2)
- •Oil filter (3)



#### 4. Install:

- Drain plug
- •Oil filter (New)
- •Plain washer
- Spring
- Filter cover
- •Oil filter bolt



NOTE: \_

Be sure the O-ring (1) is positioned properly.



**Drain Plug:** 

43 Nm (4.3 m•kg, 31 ft•lb) Oil Filter Bolt:

ii Fiitei Doit.

15 Nm (1.5 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)

2



#### **ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT**

- 5. Fill:
  - Crankcase



2.5 L (2.2 Imp qt, 2.6 US qt)

#### **CAUTION:**

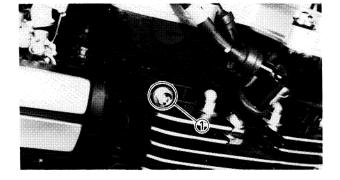
Do not allow foreign material to enter the crankcase.



Recommended Oil:

At 5°C (40°F) or Higher:
Yamalube 4-cycle Oil or
SAE 20W40 Type SE Motor Oil
At 15°C (60°F) or Lower:
SAE 10W30 Type SE Motor Oil

- 6. Install:
  - •Oil filler cap
- Warm up engine and check for oil leaks.
   Stop engine instantly if leaking occurs.
   Leaks→Check cause.



#### **CAUTION:**

After replacing the engine oil, be sure to check the oil flow in the following procedures:

- •Slightly loosen the oil gallery bolt 1 in the cylinder head.
- Start the engine and keep it idling until oil begins to seep from the oil gallery bolt.
   If no oil comes out after one minute, turn the engine off so it will not seize.
- •Restart the engine after solving the problem(s), and recheck the oil pressure.
- After checking, tighten the oil gallery bolt to specification.

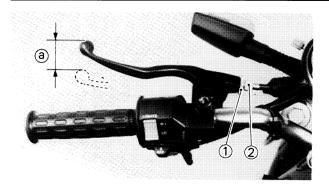


Oil Gallery Bolt:

7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)

#### CLUTCH LEVER FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT/ COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT





### CLUTCH LEVER FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen:
  - •Locknut (1)
- 2. Adjust:
  - •Clutch lever free play ⓐ
    Turn the adjuster ② in or out.

Turn in	Free play is increased.
Turn out	Free play is decreased.



Free Play:

10~15 mm (0.4~0.6 in)





- 3. If free play can not be adjusted, adjust free play by the adjuster ① at right side of the crankcase.
- 4. Loosen:
  - •Locknut (2)
- 5. Adjust:
  - Clutch lever free play

    Turn the adjuster in or out.

Turn in	Free play is increased.
Turn out	Free play is decreased.

- 6. Tighten:
  - Locknut

# COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT

NOTE

Insufficient compression pressure will result in performance loss.



#### **COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT**

- 1. Measure:
  - Valve clearance
     Out of specification→Adjust.
     Refer to "VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUST-MENT" section.
- 2. Warm up the engine.



- 3. Remove:
  - Spark plugs
- 4. Measure:
  - Compression pressure

### Compression pressure measurement steps:

- •Install the Compression Gauge (YU-33223)

  (1) using an adapter.
- Crank over the engine with the electric starter (be sure the battery is fully charged) with the throttle wide open until the compression reading on the gauge stabilizes.
- •Check readings with specified levels (See chart).

Compression Pressure (At sea level):

Standard:

1,079 kPa (11 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 156 psi) Minimum:

980 kPa (10 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 142 psi) Maximum:

1,128 kPa (11.5 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 164 psi)

#### **WARNING:**

When cranking the engine, ground spark plug lead to prevent sparking.

- Repeat the previous steps for the other cylinders.
- •If pressure falls bellow the minimum level:
- 1. Squirt a few drops of oil into the affected cylinder.
- 2. Measure the compression again.

#### FUEL LINE INSPECTION/ CARBURETOR JOINT INSPECTION



Compression Pressure (with oil introduced into cylinder)					
Reading	Diagnosis				
Higher than without oil	Worn or damaged pistons				
Same as without oil	Defective ring(s), valves, cylinder head gasket or piston is possible.				
Above maximum level	Inspect cylinder head, valve surfaces, or piston crown for carbon deposits.				

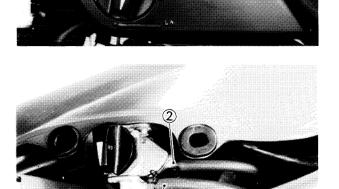
NOTE: \_

The difference between the highest and lowest cylinder compression readings must not vary more than the specified value.

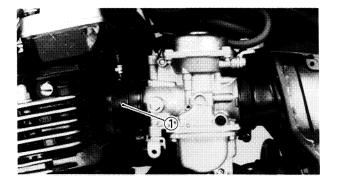
Difference Between Each Cylinder: Less than 98 kPa (1 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 14 psi)



- 1. Remove:
  - •Cover (1)



- 2. Inspect:
  - •Fuel pipe (1)
  - •Vacuum pipe ② Cracks/Damage→Replace.

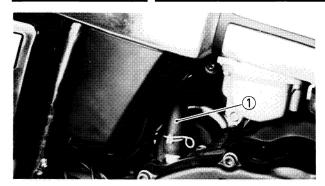


#### **CARBURETOR JOINT INSPECTION**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Carburetor joint ①
    Cracks/Damage→Replace.

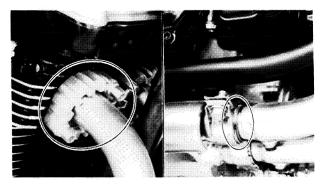


#### CRANKCASE VENTILATION PIPE INSPECTION/ EXHAUST SYSTEM INSPECTION/ AIR FILTER CLEANING



# CRANKCASE VENTILATION PIPE INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
  - Crankcase ventilation pipe ①
    Cracks/Damage→Replace.

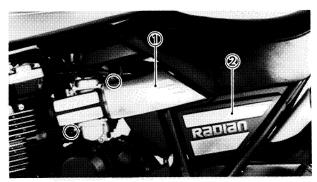


#### **EXHAUST SYSTEM INSPECTION**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Exhaust pipe
  - Muffler

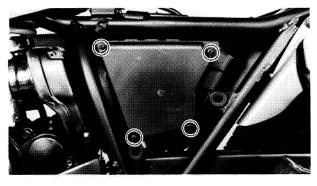
Cracks/Damage→Replace.

Gaskets
 Exhaust gas leaks→Replace.

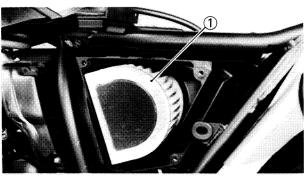


#### AIR FILTER CLEANING

- 1. Remove:
  - •Cover (Carburetor) (1)
  - •Side cover (Left) (2)



- 2. Remove:
  - •Air filter case cover (Left)



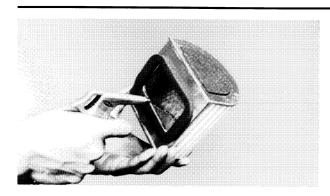
- 3. Remove:
  - Air filter element (1)

#### **CAUTION:**

The engine should never be run without the air filter element; excessive piston and cylinder wear may result.

# (9)

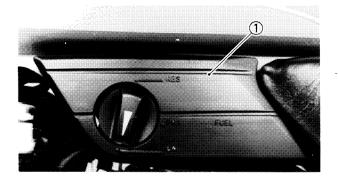
#### **FUEL COCK CLEANING**



- 4. Clean:
  - •Air filter element

    Blow out dust in the element from the inner surface using compressed air.
- 5. Inspect:
  - Air filter element
     Damage → Replace.
- 6. Install:
  - •Air filter element
  - •Air filter case cover (Left)
  - •Side cover (Left)
  - Cover (Carburetor)

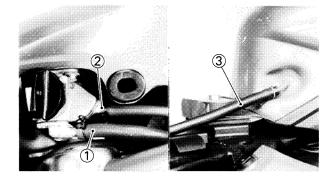






#### **FUEL COCK CLEANING**

- 1. Turn the fuel cock to "ON" position.
- 2. Remove:
  - •Cover (Fuel tank) (1)
  - Seat
- 3. Disconnect:
  - •Fuel pipe (1)
  - Vacuum pipe ②
  - Fuel tank breather pipe (3)



- 4. Remove:
  - Fuel tank
- 5. Drain
  - Fuel

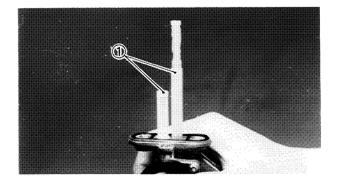


#### FRONT BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION

#### WARNING:

#### **FUEL IS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE:**

- Always turn off the engine when draining.
- Take care not to spill any fuel on the engine or exhaust pipe/muffler when draining.
- •Never drain fuel while smoking or in the vicinity an open flame.



#### 6. Remove:

- Fuel cock
- 7. Clean:
  - Filter screen ①
    Clean it with solvent.
- 8. Inspect:
  - Filter screen
  - •O-ring Damage→Replace.
- 9. Install:
  - •Fuel cock
  - Fuel tank
  - Seat
  - Cover (Fuel tank)

NOTE: \_

Be careful not to clamp the fuel cock too tightly as this may unseat the O-ring and lead to a fuel leak.



#### FRONT BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION

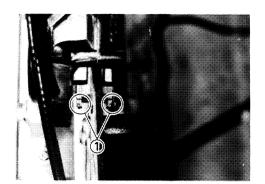
- 1. Inspect:
  - Brake fluid level
     Fluid at lower level→Replenish.
- (1) Front brake fluid lower level



Brake Fluid: DOT #3

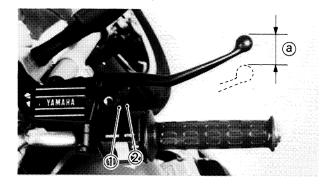
#### WARNING:

- •Use only designated qualty brake fluid to avoid poor brake performance.
- Refill with same type and brand of brake fluid; mixing fluids could result in poor brake performance.
- Be sure that water or other contaminants do not enter master cylinder when refilling.
- Clean up spilled fluid immediately to avoid erosion of painted surfaces or plastic parts.



#### FRONT BRAKE PAD INSPECTION

- 1. Depress the brake lever.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Wear indicator ①
     Indicator almost contacts disc→Replace pads.



### FRONT BRAKE LEVER FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen:
  - •Locknut (1)
- 2. Adjust:
  - Free play (a)

Turn the adjuster (2) in or out.

Turn in	Free play is decreased.
Turn out	Free play is increased.



Free Play:

2~5 mm (0.08~0.20 in)

#### **CAUTION:**

Proper lever free play is essential to avoid excessive brake drag.

2



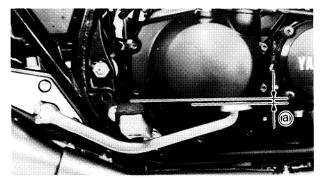
## REAR BRAKE PEDAL HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT/ BRAKE PEDAL FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT

- 3. Tighten:
  - Locknut



## REAR BRAKE PEDAL HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen:
  - •Locknut (1)
- 2 Adjuster



- 2. Adjust:
  - Brake pedal height (a)
     Turn the adjuster in or out.

Turn in	Pedal height is increased.
Turn out	Pedal height is decreased.



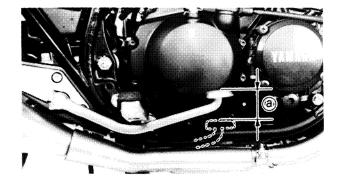
Pedal Height:

15 mm (0.6 in)

Below the top of the footrest.

## **WARNING:**

After adjusting the pedal height, adjust brake pedal free play.



# BRAKE PEDAL FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT

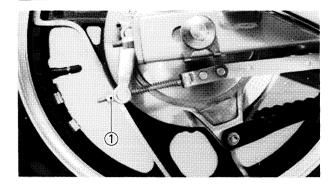
- 1. Adjust:
  - Free play (a)

Turn the adjuster (1) in or out.

Turn in	Free play is decreased.
Turn out	Free play is increased.

## REAR BRAKE LINING INSPECTION/ REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH ADJUSTMENT





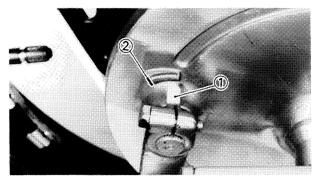


## Free Play:

 $20 \sim 30 \text{ mm} (0.8 \sim 1.2 \text{ in})$ 

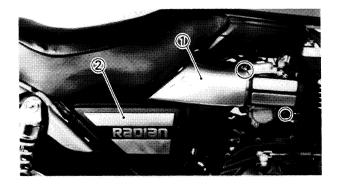
## **WARNING:**

Check the operation of the brake light after adjusting the rear brake.



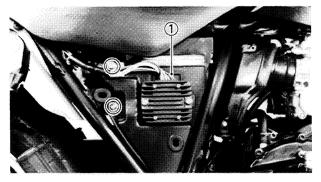
## REAR BRAKE LINING INSPECTION

- 1. Depress the brake pedal.
- 2. Inspect:
  - War indicator ①
     Indicator reaches the wear limit line ②→
     Replace shoes.

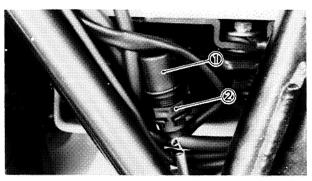


## REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Remove:
  - •Cover (Carburetor) (1)
  - •Side cover (Right) ②



- 2. Remove:
  - Battery case cover (1)



- 3. Adjust:
  - •Rear brake light switch Hold the switch body ① with your hand so it does not rotate and turn the adjuster ②.

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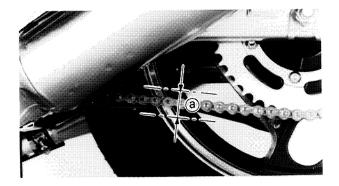
Proper adjustment is achieved when the brake light comes on just before the brake begins to take effect.



## DRIVE CHAIN SLACK CHECK DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: \_\_

Before checking and/or adjusting the chain slack, rotate the rear wheel through several revolutions. Check the chain slack several times to find the point where the chain is the tightest. Check and/or adjust the chain slack where the rear wheel is in this "tight chain" position.



1. Place the motorcycle on the centerstand.

2. Measure:

Drive chain slack (a)
 Out of specification→Adjust.



Drive Chain Slack: 20~30 mm (0.8~1.2 in)

## DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Remove:
  - •Cotter pin (1)
- 2. Loosen:
  - Nut (Rear axle) (2)
  - •Locknut (3)
- 3. Adjust:
  - Chain slack

Turn the adjuster (4) in or out.

Turn in	Chain slack is decreased.
Turn out	Chain slack is increased.



NOTE: \_\_

There are marks on each side of rear arm and on each chain puller; use them to check for proper alignment.

CA		

Too small chain slack will overload the engine and other vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

## DRIVE CHAIN LUBRICATION/ CABLE INSPECTION AND LUBRICATION

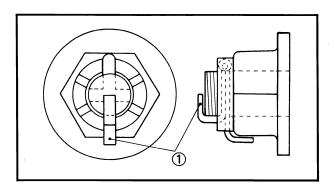


- 4. Tighten:
  - Locknut
  - •Nut (Rear axle)



Nut (Rear Axle):

105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb)



5. Install:

•Cotter pin (1) (New)

NOTE: \_

Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening. If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the wheel shaft cotter pin hole, align groove to hole by tightening up on the axle nut.

#### **DRIVE CHAIN LUBRICATION**

The chain consists of many parts which work against each other. If the chain is not maintained properly, it will wear out rapidly, therefore, form the habit of periodically servicing the chain. This service is especially necessary when riding in dusty conditions.



SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

#### CABLE INSPECTION AND LUBRICATION

## Cable inspection and lubrication steps:

- Hold cable end high and apply several drops of lubricant to cable.
- Coat metal surface of disassembled throttle twist grip with suitable all-purpose grease to minimize friction.
- Check for damage to cable insulation.
   Replace any corroded or obstructed cables.
- Lubricate any cables that do not operate smoothly.



Yamaha Chain and Cable Lube or SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

## LEVER AND PEDAL LUBRICATION/ CENTERSTAND AND SIDESTAND LUBRICATION/ FRONT FORK OIL CHANGE

### LEVER AND PEDAL LUBRICATION

Lubricate pivoting parts of each lever and pedal.



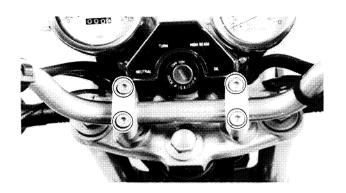
Yamaha Chain and Cable Lube or SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

## CENTERSTAND AND SIDESTAND LUBRICATION

Lubricate centerstand and sidestand at their pivot points.

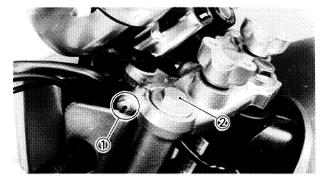


Yamaha Chain and Cable Lube or SAE 10W30 Motor Oil



## FRONT FORK OIL CHANGE

- 1. Place the motorcycle on the centerstand.
- 2. Remove:
  - Handlebar



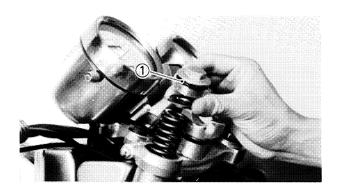
- 3. Loosen:
  - •Bolt (1) (Handle crown)
- 4. Remove:
  - •Cap bolt (2)



- 5. Place a receptacle under the drain hole.
- 6. Remove:
  - Drain screw ①
    Drain the fork oil

## **WARNING:**

Do not allow any oil to contact the disc brake components. If oil is discovered, be sure to remove it, otherwise diminished braking capacity and damage to the rubber components of the brake assembly will occur.



- 7. Inspect:
  - •O-ring (Cap bolt) (1)
  - Gasket (Drain screw)
     Wear/Damage→Replace.
- 8. Install:
  - Drain screw
  - Gasket
- 9. Fill:
  - Front fork



Recommended Oil:

Yamaha Fork Oil 10WT or Equivalent

For Oil Capacity (Each Fork): 320 cm<sup>3</sup> (11.3 lmp oz, 10.8 US oz)

- 10. After filling pump the forks slowly up and down to distribute the oil.
- 11. Tighten:
  - Cap bolt
  - •Bolt (Handle crown)



Cap Bolt:

23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)

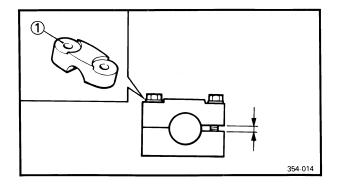
**Bolt (Handle Crown):** 

23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)

- 12. Install:
  - Handlebar

NOTE: \_

The upper handlebar holder should be installed with the punched mark (1) forward.





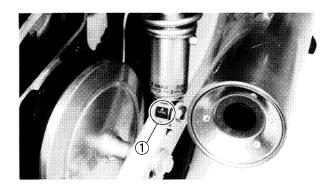
## REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ADJUSTMENT/ STEERING HEAD INSPECTION

First tighten the bolts on the front side of the handlebar holder, and then tighten the bolts on the rear side.



**Bolt (Handlebar):** 

20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)



## REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
  - Shock absorber preload

	←Stiffer			Std.	Softer
Adjusting position	5	4	3	2	1

1) Match mark

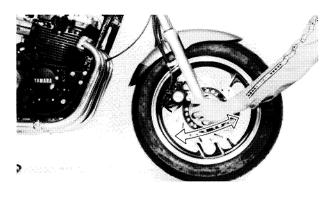
## **WARNING:**

Always adjust each shock absorber to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.

## **Recommended Rear Shock Absorber Settings**

Use this table as a guide for specific riding and motorcycle load conditions.

Rear shock absorber	Loading condition			
<pre></pre>	Solo rider With and eq		With accessories, equipment, and passenger	
Position	1~2	3~5	3~5	5

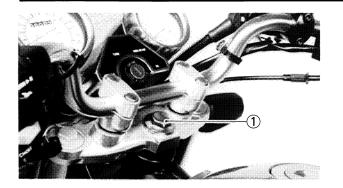


#### STEERING HEAD INSPECTION

- 1. Place the motorcycle on its centerstand, then elevate the front wheel.
- 2. Check:
  - Steering assembly bearings
     Grasp the bottom of the forks and gently rock the fork assembly back and forth.
     Looseness→Adjust steering head.

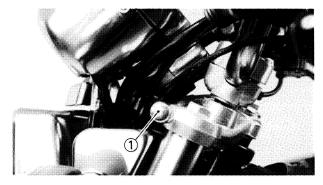
## STEERING HEAD ADJUSTMENT/ FRONT WHEEL BEARING INSPECTION



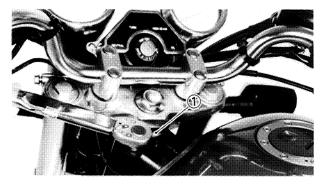


## STEERING HEAD ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen:
  - •Bolt (Steering stem) (1)



- 2. Loosen:
  - •Bolts (Handle crown) (1)
- 3. Lift the handle crown and handlebar assembly.



- 4. Tighten:
  - •Ring nut
    Use the Ring Nut Wrench (1) (YU-33975).



### Ring Nut:

38 Nm (3.8 m·kg, 27 ft·lb)

#### NOTE:

If steering is binded, loosen the ring nut so that there is no free play on bearing.

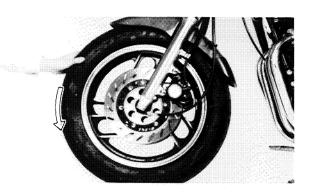
- 5. Install:
  - Handle crown



**Bolt (Steering Stem):** 

54 Nm (5.4 m·kg, 39 ft·lb) Bolt (Handle Crown):

20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)



## FRONT WHEEL BEARING INSPECTION

 Raise the front end of the motorcycle, and spin the wheel by hand. Touch the axle or front fender while spinning the wheel. Excessive vibration→Replace bearings.



# REAR WHEEL BEARING INSPECTION/TUBELESS TIRES AND ALUMINUM WHEELS INSPECTION



## **REAR WHEEL BEARING INSPECTION**

- 1. Remove:
  - •Cotter pin
  - •Rear wheel

- 2. Check:
  - Bearing movement
     With the fingers.
     Roughness/Wear→Replace.
- 3. Install:
  - Rear wheel
- 4. Adjust:
  - Drive chain slack
     Refer to "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUST-MENT" section.
- 5. Tighten:
  - •Nut (Rear axle)



Nut (Rear axle):

105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb)

- 6. Install:
  - Cotter pin (New)

# TUBELESS TIRES AND ALUMINUM WHEELS INSPECTION

## **WARNING:**

Do not attempt to use tubeless tires on a wheel designed for tube type tires only. Tire failure and personal injury may result from sudden deflation.

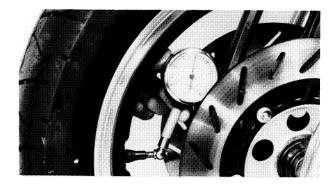
Wheel	Tire
Tube type	Tube type only
Tubeless	Tube type or tubeless

Be sure to install the correct tube when using tube type tires.

Always perform the following steps to ensure safe operation, maximum tire performance, and long service.

# TUBELESS TIRES AND ALUMINUM WHEELS INSPECTION



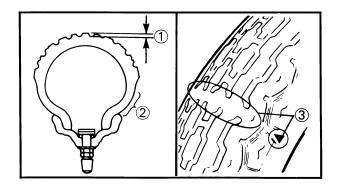


#### 1. Measure:

•Tire pressure
Out of specification→Adjust.

Basic weight: With oil and full fuel tank	197 kg (434 lb)	
Maximum load*	258 kg	(569 lb)
Cold tire pressure	Front	Rear
Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load*	177 kPa (1.8 kg/cm², 26 psi)	196 kPa (2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi)
90 kg (198 lb) ~ 160 kg (353 lb) load*	196 kPa (2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi)	226 kPa (2.3 kg/cm² 32 psi)
160 kg (353 lb) ~ Maximum load*	196 kPa (2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi)	245 kPa (2.5 kg/cm², 36 psi)
High speed riding	196 kPa (2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi)	226 kPa (2.3 kg/cm², 32 psi)

<sup>\*</sup> Load is the total weight of cargo, rider, passenger, and accessories.



## 2. Inspect:

•Tire surfaces
Wear/Damage→Replace.



Minimum Tire Tread Depth: (Front and Rear) 0.8 mm (0.03 in)

- 1 Tread depth
- 2 Side wall
- 3 Wear indicator
- 3. Inspect:
  - Aluminum wheels
     Damage/Bends→Replace.

     Never attempt even small repairs to the wheel.

NOTE: \_

Always balance the wheel when a tire or wheel has been changed or replaced.



## **IGNITION TIMING CHECK**

- 4. Tighten:
  - •Valve stem locknut



1.5 Nm (0.15 m·kg, 1.1 ft·lb)

## **WARNING:**

Ride conservatively after installing a tire to allow it to seat itself properly on the rim.

## THROTTLE CABLE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen:
  - •Lock nut (1)
- 2. Adjust:
  - •Throttle cable free play ⓐ

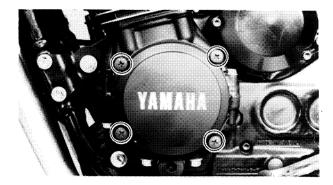
    Turn the adjuster ② in or out.

Turn in	Free play is increased.
Torn out	Free play is decreased.



## Free play:

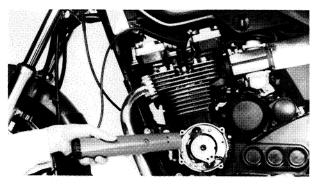
 $2 \sim 5 \text{ mm } (0.08 \sim 0.20 \text{ in})$ 



## **ELECTRICAL**

## **IGNITION TIMING CHECK**

- 1. Remove:
  - Crankcase cover (Left)



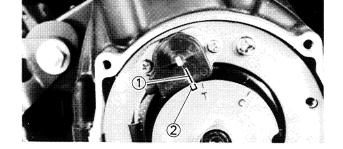
#### 2. Connect:

- •Timing light (YM-33277) (To the #1 spark plug lead)
- 3. Warm up the engine and allow it to idle at the specified speed.



**Engine Idle Speed:** 

1,250~1,350 r/min



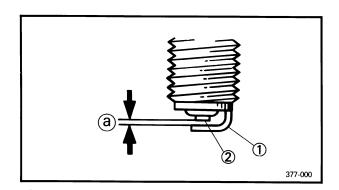
## 4. Check:

Ignition timing
Visually check the upper pickup coil mark
1 is within the firing range 2 indicated on timing plate.

Incorrect firing range→Check flywheel and/or pickup assembly (tightness damage) Refer to Chapter 6, "ELECTRICAL" for further information.

### 5. Install:

Crankcase cover



## SPARK PLUG INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
  - •Electrode ①
    Wear/Damage→Replace.
  - Insulator color ②
     Normal condition is a medium to light tan color.

Distinctly different color→Check the engine condition.

- (a) Spark plug gap
- 2. Clean:
  - Spark plug
     Clean the spark plug with a spark plug cleaner or wire brush.
- 3. Inspect:
  - Spark plug type
     Incorrect→Replace.

Standard Spark Plug: D8EA (NGK), X24ESU (N.D.)

- 4. Measure:
  - Spark plug gap
     Out of specification→Regap.
     Use a wire gauge.



Spark Plug Gap:

 $0.6 \sim 0.7 \text{ mm} (0.024 \sim 0.028 \text{ in})$ 

2



## **BATTERY INSPECTION**

Spark plug

## NOTE: \_

Before installing a spark plug, clean the gasket surface and plug surface.



## Spark Plug:

18 Nm (1.8 m·kg, 13 ft·lb)

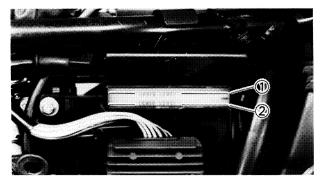
### NOTE: \_

If a torque wrench is not available when you are installing a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4 to 1/2 turns part finger tight. Have the spark plug torqued to the correct value as soon as possible with a torque wrench.



### **BATTERY INSPECTION**

- 1. Remove:
  - Side cover (Right) (1)



#### 2. Inspect:

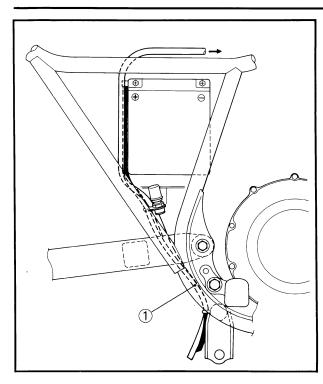
Fluid level should be between upper ① and lower ② level marks.
Incorrect→Refill.

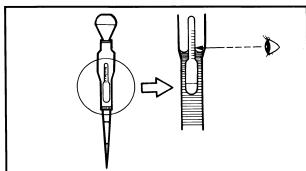
### **CAUTION:**

Refill with distilles water only; tap water contains minerals harmful to a battery.

## **BATTERY INSPECTION**









Breather pipe ①
 Be sure the hose is properly attached and routed.

## 4. Inspect:

Breather pipe
 Obstruction→Remove.
 Damage→Replace.

## **CAUTION:**

When inspecting the battery, be sure the breather pipe is routed correctly. If the breather pipe touches the frame or exits in such a way as to cause battery electrolyte or gas to exit onto the frame, structural and cosmetic damage to the motorcycle can occur.

#### 5. Check:

Specific gravity:
 Less than 1.280→Recharge battery.

## **Charging Current:**

1.2 amps/10 hrs

**Specific Gravity:** 

1.280 at 20°C (68°F)

### Replace the battery if:

- Battery voltage will not rise to a specific value or bubbles fail to rise even after many hours of charging.
- Sulfation of one or more cells occurs, as indicated by the plates turning white, or an accumulation of material exists in the bottom of the cell.
- Specific gravity readings after a long, slow charge indicate one cell to be lower than the rest.
- Warpage or buckling of plates or insulators is evident.

		N:

Always charge a new battery before using it to ensure maximum performance.

## **FUSE INSPECTION**



## **WARNING:**

Battery electrolyte is dangerous; it contains sulfuric acid and therefore is poisonous and highly caustic.

Always follow these preventive measures:

- Avoid bodily contact with electrolyte as it can cause servere burns or permanent eye injury.
- Wear protective eye gear when handling or working near batteries.

## Antidote (EXTERNAL):

- •SKIN-Flush with water.
- EYES Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

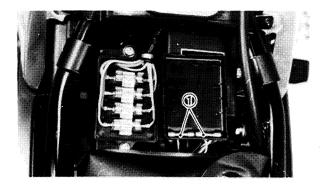
## Antidote (INTERNAL):

 Drink large quantities of water or milk follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Get immediate medical attention.

Batteries also generate explosive hydrogen gas, therefore you should always follow these preventive measures:

- Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- Keep batteries away from fire, sparks, or open flames (e.g., welding equipment, lighted cigarettes, etc.)
- •DO NOT SMOKE when charging or handling batteries.

KEEP BATTERIES AND ELECTROLYTE OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.



### **FUSE INSPECTION**

The fuse panel is located under the seat.

- 1. Inspect:
  - Fuses

Defective → Replace.

Blown fuse (New)→Inspect circuit.

NOTE: \_

Install new fuses of proper amperage.

(1) Spare fuses

## **HEADLIGHT BEAM ADJUSTMENT**



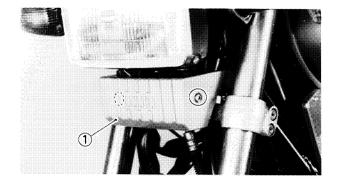
Description	Amperage	Quantilty
Main	20A	1
Headlight	10A	1
Signal	10A	1
Ignition	10A	1
Reserve	10A	1
neserve	20A	1

## Blown fuse replacement steps:

- •Turn off ignition and the circuit.
- •Install a new fuse of proper amperage.
- Turn on switches to verify operation of electrical device.
- If fuse blows immediately again, check circuit in question.

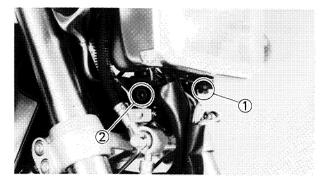
## **WARNING:**

Do not use fuses of higher amperage rating than recommended. Extensive electrical system damage and fire could result from substitution of a fuse of improper amperage.



## **HEADLIGHT BEAM ADJUSTMENT**

- 1. Remove:
  - •Cover (1)



### 2. Adjust:

Horizontal beam direction
 Loosen the adjusting screw ① and move
 the headlight body right or left.
 When proper adjustment is achieved, re tighten the adjusting screw.



## **HEADLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT**

- 3. Adjust:
  - Vertical beam direction
     Loosen the adjusting screw ② and move
     the headlight body up or down.

     When proper adjustment is achieved,
     retighten the adjusting screw.
- 4. Install:
  - Cover



- 1. Remove:
  - •Screw (1)
- 2. Disconnect:
  - •Headlight leads



#### 3. Remove:

Bulb

Turn the bulb holder counterclockwise to release bulb.

## **WARNING:**

Keep flammable products or your hands away from the bulb while it is on, it will be hot. Do not touch the bulb until it cools down.



• Bulb (New)

Secure the new bulb with the bulb holder.



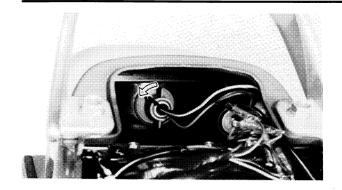
#### **CAUTION:**

Avoid touching glass part of bulb. Also keep it free from oil otherwise, transparency of glass, bulb life and illuminous flux will be adversely affected. If oil gets on bulb, clean it with a cloth moistened thoroughly with alcohol or lacquer thinner.

- 5. Install:
  - Headlight lens unit

## TAILLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT





## TAILLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove:
  - Seat
- 2. Remove:
  - •Bulb socket

    Turn the bulb socket approximately 30° counterclockwise.
- 3. Replace:
  - Defective bulb
- 4. Install:
  - •Bulb socket
  - Seat

2

# CARBURETOR AIR VENT SYSTEM INSPECTION (CALIFORNIA ONLY)

- 1. Inspect:
  - Hoses
  - •Air vent control valve
    Refer to "CHAPTER 6-CARBURETOR AIR
    VENT SYSTEM" section.



## MEMO-



# CHAPTER 3 ENGINE OVERHAUL

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# ENGINE OVERHAUL ENGINE REMOVAL

NOTE: \_\_

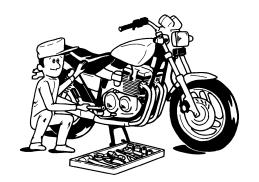
It is not necessary to remove the engine in order to remove the following components:

- Cylinder head
- Cylinder
- Piston
- Clutch
- AC magneto



#### PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL

1. Remove all dirt, mud, dust and foreign material before removal and disassembly.

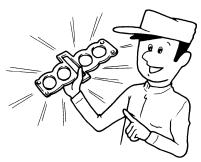


2. Use proper tools and cleaning equipment.
Refer to "CHAPTER 1. GENERAL INFOR-MATION-SPECIAL TOOLS" section.



NOTE:

When disassembling the engine, keep mated parts together. This includes gears, cylinder, piston and other parts that have been "mated" through normal wear. Mated parts must be reused as an assembly or replaced.

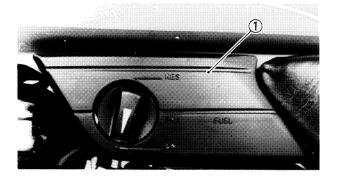


During engine disassembly, clean all parts and place them in trays in the order of disassembly. This will speed up assembly time and help assure that all parts are correctly reinstalled in the engine.

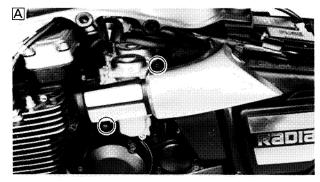
- 4. Start the engine and allow it to warm up.
- 5. Drain the transmission oil completely. Refer to "CHAPTER 2. PERODIC INSPECTIONS AND ADJUSTMENTS-ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT" section.

#### **SEAT AND FUEL TANK**

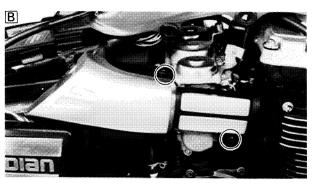
- 1. Place the motorcycle on its centerstand.
- 2. Turn the fuel cock to "ON" position.



- 3. Remove:
  - Seat
  - •Cover (Fuel cock) ①



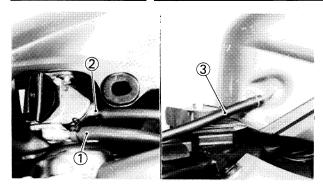
- 4. Remove:
  - Cover (Carburetor)
- A Left side
- B Right side



## **ENG**



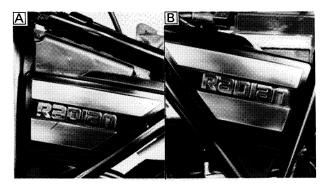
## **ENGINE REMOVAL**



- 5. Disconnect:
  - •Fuel pipe ①
  - •Vacuum pipe (2)
  - Fuel tank breather pipe ③



- 6. Remove:
  - •Fuel tank



## **CARBURETOR**

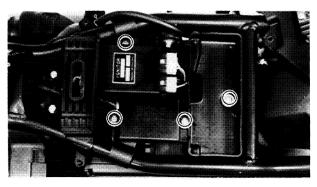
- 1. Remove:
  - •Side cover
- A Left side
- B Right side



- 2. Remove:
  - •Battery case cover (1)
  - Battery

**CAUTION:** 

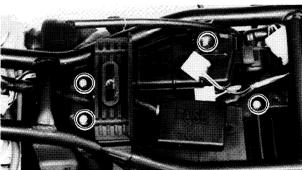
Disconnect the negative lead first, and then disconnect the positive lead.



- 3. Remove:
  - Screws (Fuse box)
  - •Ignitor unit









- 4. Remove:
  - •Bolts (Air cleaner case)
  - •Bolts (Battery case)



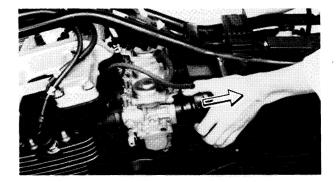




•Screws (Carburetor joints)

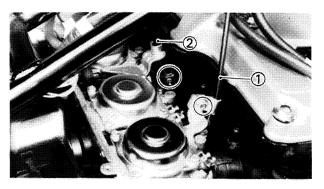


6. Slide the air cleaner case and the battery case backward.



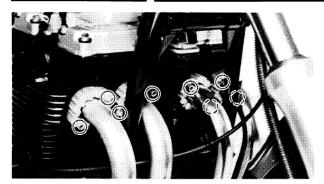


- •Starter cable ①
- •Throttle cable (2)
- •Air vent hoses
- Carburetor assembly



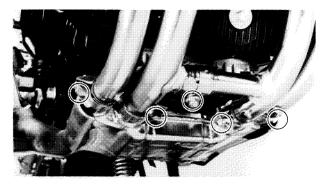


## **ENGINE REMOVAL**

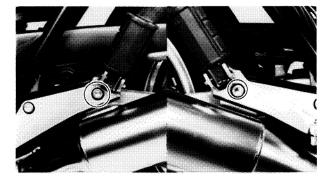


## **EXHAUST PIPES AND MUFFLERS**

- 1. Remove:
  - •Nuts (Exhaust pipes)

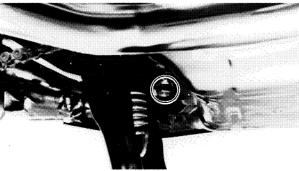


- 2. Loosen:
  - Bolts (Exhaust pipes)
- 3. Remove:
  - •Exhaust pipes



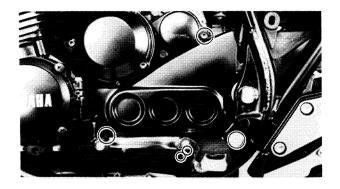
- 4. Remove:
  - Mufflers





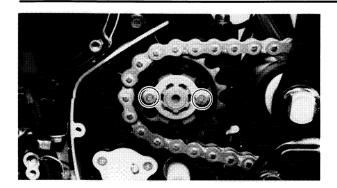
## **DRIVE CHAIN**

- 1. Remove:
  - •Footrest (Left)
  - •Change pedal
  - Drive sprocket cover

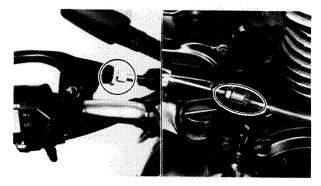


**ENG** 



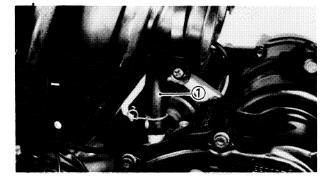


- 2. Remove:
  - Drive sprocket
  - Drive chain

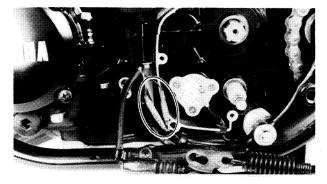


## **CABLE AND PIPE**

- 1. Loosen:
  - •Adjusters (clutch cable)
- 2. Remove:
  - •Clutch cable

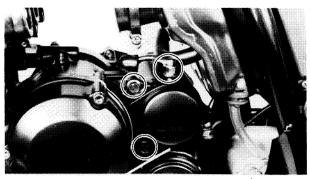


- 3. Disconnect:
  - •Crankcase ventilation hose (1)



## **LEADS**

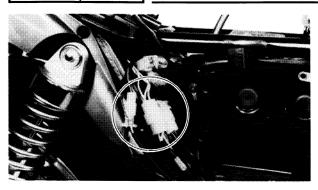
- 1. Disconnect:
  - •Sidestand switch leads



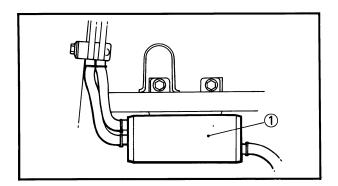
- 2. Remove:
  - •Starter motor lead
  - •Starter motor



## **ENGINE REMOVAL**

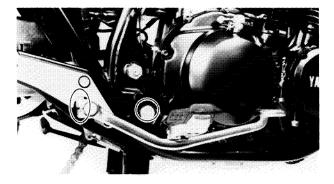


- 3. Disconnect:
  - Pickup coil leads
  - •Oil level switch leads
  - Neutral switch leads
  - •AC magneto leads
- 4. Remove:
  - •Spark plug leads



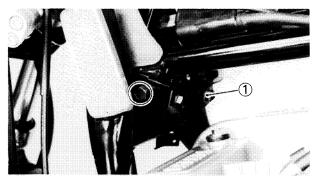
## **CANISTER (CALIFORNIA ONLY)**

- 1. Remove:
  - Canister ①
    (at front of the engine)



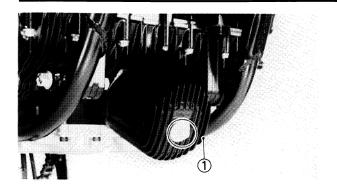
## **ENGINE REMOVAL**

- 1. Remove:
  - •Footrest (Right)
  - •Brake pedal

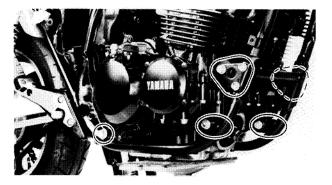


- 2. Remove:
  - •Horn ①

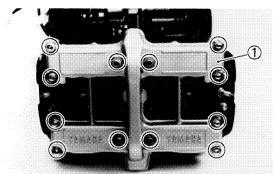




- 3. Remove:
  - •Oil filter (1)



- 4. Place a suitable stand under the engine.
- 5. Remove:
  - Mounting bolts
  - Engine assembly (from right chassis)

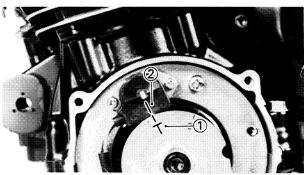


# ENGINE DISASSEMBLY CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT

- 1. Remove:
  - •Cylinder head cover (1)
  - Spark plugs



- 2. Remove:
  - Crankcase cover (Left)



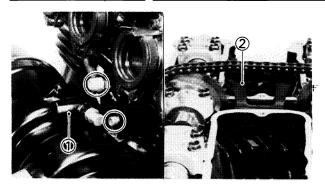
- 3. Turn:
  - Crankshaft (Counterclockwise)
- 4. Align:
  - •Timing plate "T" mark ① (with the upper pickup coil mark ②)

3

## **ENG**

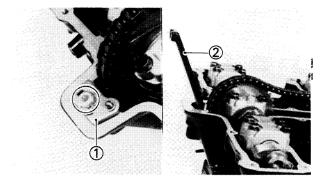


## **ENGINE DISASSEMBLY**

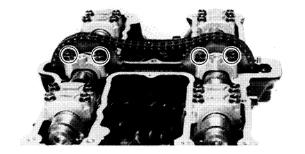


### 5. Remove:

- •Tensioner assembly 1
- •Upper chain guide 2

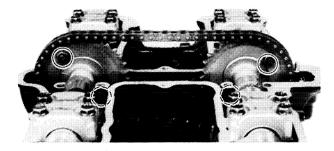


- 6. Remove:
  - Chain guide stopper (1)
  - •Chain guide (Exhaust side) (2)

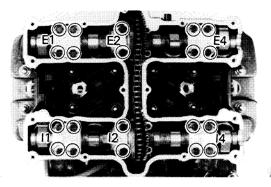


## 7. Remove:

- •Intake cam cap (#3)
- •Exhaust cam cap (#3)



- 8. Remove:
  - Bolts (Camshaft sprocket)
- 9. Dismount the sprockets from camshaft sprocket seats.



## 10. Remove:

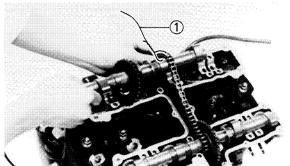
- Cam caps
- Dowel pins

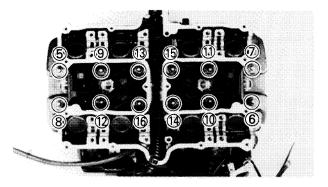
	١.٧			

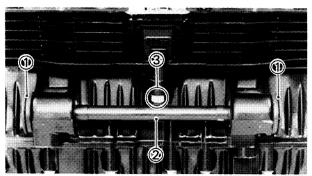
Do not rotate the camshaft or valve damage may occur.

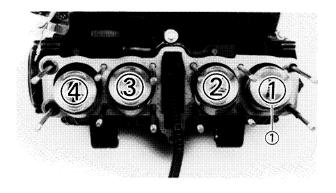












## 11. Remove:

Camshafts

NOTE: \_\_\_

Fasten safety wire ① to the cam chain to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.

### 12. Remove:

•Cylinder head

NOTE: -

Loosen the nuts in their proper loosening sequence.

### 13. Remove:

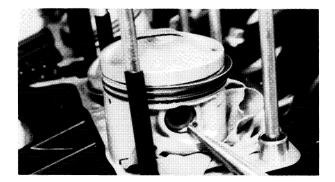
- Damper (1)
- •Front engine mount spacer 2
- Nut (3)
- Cylinder

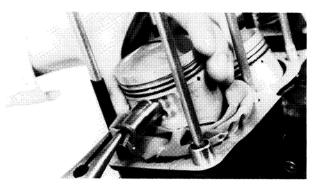
## PISTON AND INTAKE SIDE CAM **CHAIN GUIDE**

- 1. Mark:
  - Pistons (with piston number (1) designations as shown.)



## **ENGINE DISASSEMBLY**





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Piston pin circlips

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IV	•	

Before removing piston pin circlip, cover crankcase with a clean rag to prevent circlip from falling into crankcase cavity.

### 3. Remove:

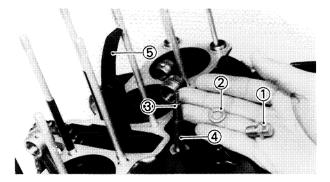
- •Piston pins
- Pistons

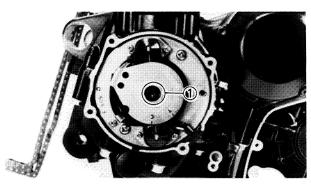
Ν	J.	<u></u>	П	П	E	

Before removing the piston pin, deburr the clip grooved and pin hole area. If the piston pin groove is deburred and piston pin is still difficult to remove, use Piston Pin Puller (YU-01304).

88 60	305 S	

Do not use a hammer to drive the piston pin out.





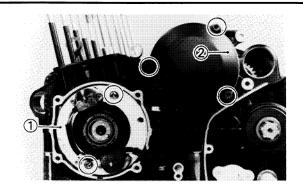
#### 4. Remove:

- •Bolt (1)
- Plate washer 2
- •Spring (3)
- Stopper shaft 4
- •Intake side cam chain guide (5)

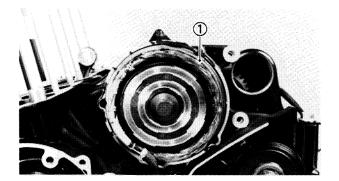
## PICKUP COIL AND GENERATOR

- 1. Remove:
  - •Bolt (1) (Timing plate)

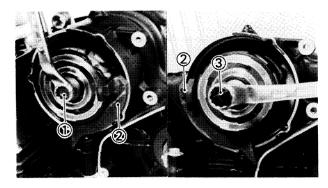




- 2. Remove:
  - Pickup coil assembly 1
  - Generator cover (2)

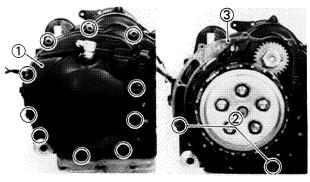


- 3. Remove:
  - •Stator coil (1)



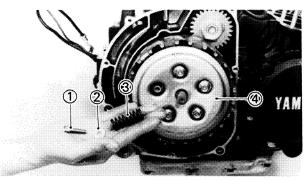
- 4. Remove:
  - •Rotor securing bolt (1)
  - Rotor

Use Rotor Holding Tool ② (YM-04043), Rotor Puller ③ (YM-01080) and Pin (YM-04052).



## **CLUTCH**

- 1. Remove:
  - Right crankcase cover 1
  - Dowel pins (2)
  - Gasket (3)

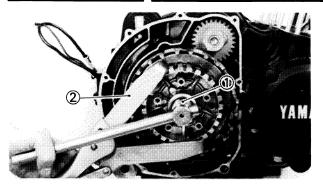


- 2. Remove:
  - •Bolts ①
  - Plate washers (2)
  - •Springs ③
  - Pressure plate (4)
  - Friction plates
  - Clutch plates

## **ENG**



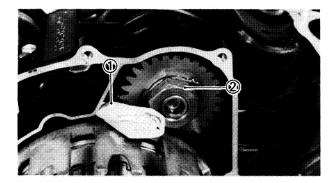
## **ENGINE DISASSEMBLY**



## 3. Loosen:

•Nut (1)

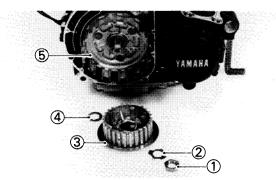
Use Universal Clutch Holder (2) (YM-91042).



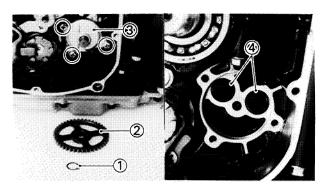
NOTE: \_

If you need to remove the primary drive gear at this stage, place a piece of rolled rag ① or lead between the primary drive gears.

Then loosen the drive gear nut (2).

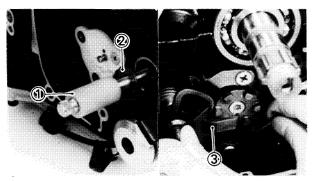


- 4. Remove:
  - •Nut (1)
  - •Lock washer ②
  - •Clutch boss (3)
  - •Thrust washer (4)
  - •Clutch housing (5)



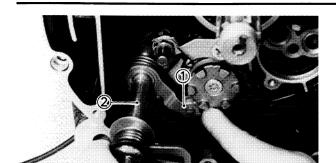
## **OIL PUMP AND SHIFT SHAFT**

- 1. Remove:
  - Circlip (1)
  - •Oil pump driven gear (2)
  - •Oil pump assembly ③
  - 0-rings (4)

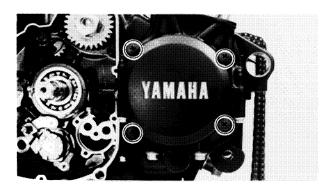


- 2. Remove:
  - •Collar 1
  - •Plate washer ② (from left side shift shaft.)
- 3. Unhook the shift lever 2 ③ and pull the shift shaft.



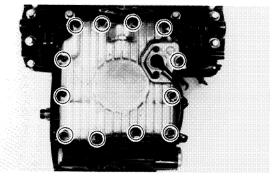


- 4. Unhook the stopper lever 1
- 5. Remove:
  - •Shift shaft assembly (2)

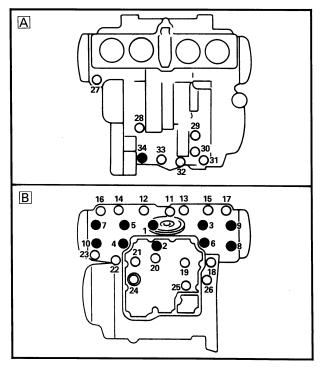


## **CRANKCASE DISASSEMBLY**

- 1. Remove:
  - Right-front crankcase cover



- 2. Remove:
  - •Oil pan



- 3. Remove:
  - •Upper crankcase bolts A
  - •Lower crankcase bolts B

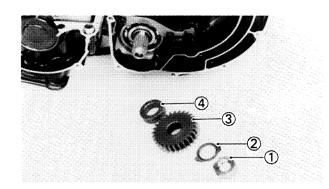
### NOTE: \_

- Remove the bolts starting with the highest numbered one.
- •The embossed numbers in the crankcase designate the crankcase tightening sequence.
- 8 mm (0.32 in) Bolt
- O 6 mm (0.24 in) Bolt



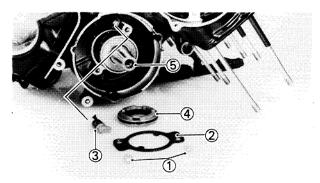
## **ENGINE DISASSEMBLY**

- 4. Remove:
  - Lower crankcase
     Use a rubber hammer.

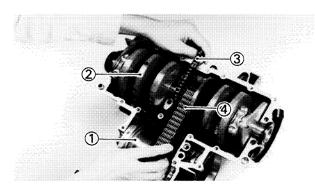


## **UPPER CRANKCASE**

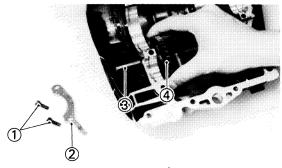
- 1. Remove:
  - •Nut 1
  - •Lock washer ②
  - Primary drive gear (3)
  - •Collar (4)



- 2. Remove:
  - •Screw (1)
  - •Cover plate (2)
  - •Oil spray nozzle ③
  - •Bearing housing (4)
  - •A.C.G. shaft (5)

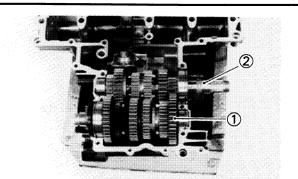


- 3. Remove:
  - •Starter clutch damper assembly (1)
  - Crankshaft assembly (2)
  - •Cam chain (3)
  - •HY-VO chain (4)



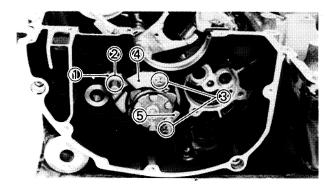
- 4. Remove:
  - •Screws ①
  - Bearing stopper (2)
  - •Shaft ③
  - •Starter idler gear (4)



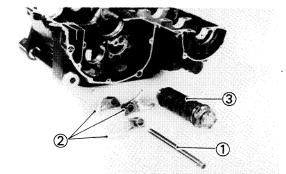


## **LOWER CRANKCASE**

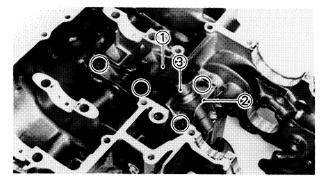
- 1. Remove:
  - Drive axle assembly (1)
  - Main axle assembly (2)



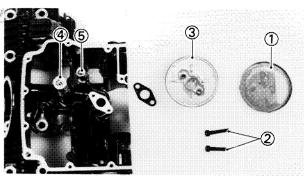
- 2. Remove:
  - •Lock washer (1)
  - •Stopper screw (2)
  - •Screws ③
  - Guide bar stopper (4)
  - •Bearing stopper (5)



- 3. Remove:
  - Guide bar (1)
  - •Shift forks (2)
  - •Shift cam assembly ③



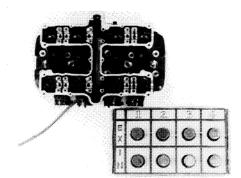
- 4. Remove:
  - •HY-VO chain guide (1)
  - •HY-VO chain tensioner (2)
  - •Tensioner plunger ③
  - Spring

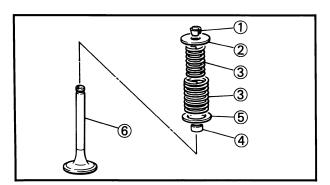


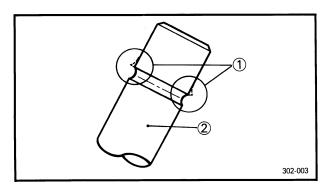
- 5. Remove:
  - •Oil strainer (1)
  - •Screw (2)
  - •Strainer housing ③
  - Relief valve (4)
  - •Tensioner side relief valve (5)

3









# INSPECTION AND REPAIR CYLINDER HEAD

- 1. Remove:
  - Valve pads
  - Lifters
  - Spark plugs

NOTE: \_\_\_

Identify each lifter and pad position very carefully so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.

- 2. Attach:
  - •Valve Spring Compressor (YM-04019) (1)

- 3. Remove:
  - Valve retainers (1)
  - •Valve spring seat (2)
  - Valve springs (3)
  - •Oil seal (4)
  - •Valve spring seat (5)
  - •Valve (6)

NOTE: \_

Deburr any deformed valve stem end. Use an oil stone to smooth the stem end.

- 1 Deburr
- 2 Valve stem
  - 4. Eliminate:
    - Carbon deposit (from combustion chamber)
       Use rounded scraper.

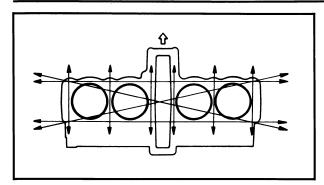
NOTE: \_\_\_

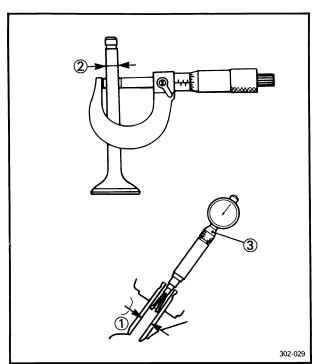
Do not use a sharp instrument and avoid damaging or scratching:

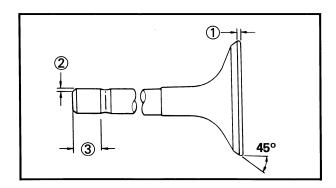
- Spark plug threads
- Valve seat
- Aluminum











## 5. Measure:

Warpage
 Exceeds allowable limit→Resurface.



Cylinder Head Warpage: Less than 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) Allowable Limit: 0.25 mm (0.010 in)

## VALVE, VALVE GUIDE, VALVE SEATS AND VALVE SPRING

#### 1. Measure:

•Valve stem clearance

Valve Stem Clearance =
Valve Guide Inside Diameter (1)

— Valve Stem Diameter (2)

Out of specification→Replace valve or guide.

Va	alve Stem Clearance	Maximum				
Intake	0.010 ~ 0.037 mm (0.0004 ~ 0.0015 in)	0.10 mm (0.004 in)				
Exhaust	0.025 ~ 0.052 mm (0.0010 ~ 0.0020 in)	0.12 mm (0.005 in)				

3 Bore gauge

## 2. Measure:

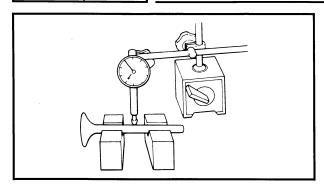
Valve face
 Pitting/Wear→Regrind.
 Out of specification→Replace.

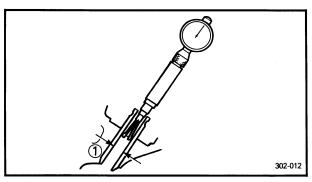


Minimum Thickness
(Service Limit) ①:
0.7 mm (0.0276 in)
Beveled ②: 0.5 mm (0.020 in)
Minimum Length
(Service Limit) ③:
4.0 mm (0.157 in)



## **INSPECTION AND REPAIR**





#### 3. Check:

- Valve stem end Mushroom shape or diameter larger than rest of stem→Replace.
- Runout
   Out of specification→Replace.



## Valve Stem Runout Limit: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

#### 4. Measure:

•Valve guide (inside diameter) ①
Out of specification→Replace.



## **Guide Inside Diameter Limit:**

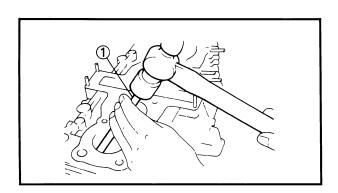
IN. 6.045 mm (0.238 in) EX. 6.020 mm (0.237 in)

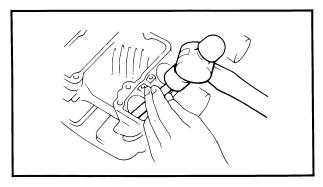
## 5. Inspect:

Valve guide
 Wear/Oil leakage→Replace.

#### NOTE: \_\_\_\_

Heat the cylinder head in an oven to 100°C (212°F) to ease valve guide removal and reinstallation and to maintain correct interference fit.





## Valve Guide Replacement

- 1. Remove:
  - •Valve guide
    Use Valve Guide Remover (YM-04064) (1).

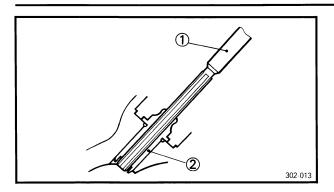
#### NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_

- Always replace valve guide if valve is replaced.
- Always replace oil seal if valve is removed.

## 2. Install:

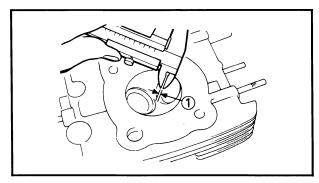
Valve guide (new)
 Use Valve Guide Installer (YM-04065) and Valve Guide Remover (YM-04064).





3. Bore valve guide ② to obtain proper valve stem clearance.

Use 6 mm (0.24 in) Reamer (YM-04066) (1).

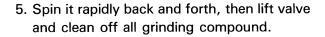


## **Valve Seat**

- 1. Inspect:
  - •Valve seat Pitting/Wear→Cut.
- 2. Measure:
  - Valve seat width ①
     Out of specification→Follow next steps.

<b>E</b>	Standard width	Wear limit
Valve seat width	1.0±0.1 mm (0.039±0.0039 in)	2.0 mm (0.078 in)

- 3. Apply:
  - Mechanic's bluing dye (Dykem) (to valve and seat)
- 4. Position:
  - •Valve (into cylinder head)



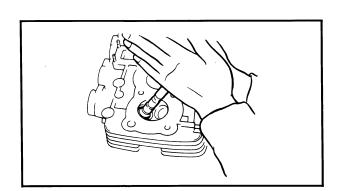
- 6. Inspect:
  - Valve seat surface
     Wherever valve seat and valve face made contact, bluing will have been removed.



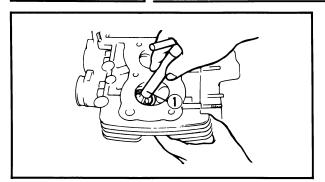
Valve seat width

Valve seat width must be uniform in contact area.

Out of specification → Cut.







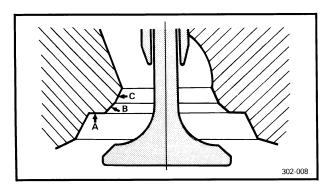
8. Cut valve seat.

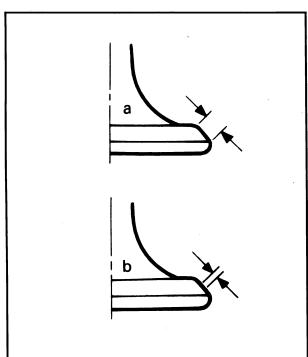
NOTE:		•
NOIE:	 	

Cut valve seat using valve seat cutter ① if valve seat width exceeds limit or if valve seat is pitted or worn.

à	м	х	×	٠.	×	х		æ	ж	ж	и	æ	×	ø	ĸ	×	к	æ										
	×	89	z	ж	×	и	1	æ	88	ж	в	88	в		ž.	٩	ь.	×										
ŀ	ч	W		м	×	٠	v	ĸ	œ	×		1	7	31	M	м	и	21										
						×						8																

When twisting cutter, keep an even downward pressure to prevent cutter marks.





## Valve seat recutting steps are necessary if:

• Valve seat is uniform around perimeter of valve face but too wide or too narrow or not centered on valve face.

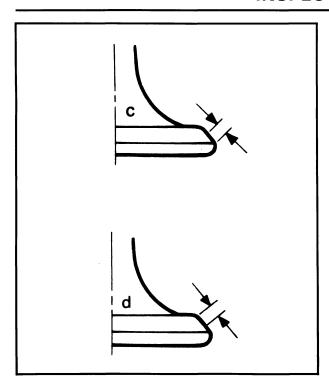
Cut Valve Se	Cut Valve Seat As Follows:						
Section A	0° Cutter						
Section B	45° Cutter						
Section C	60° Cutter						

• Valve face indicates that valve seat is centered on valve face but is wide (See "a" diagram).

Valve	Seat Cutter Set	Desired Result				
11	0° Cutter	to reduce valve				
Use	60° Cutter	seat width.				

•Valve seat is in the middle of the valve face but too narrow (See "b" diagram).

Valve	Seat Cutter Set	Desired Result				
Use	45° Cutter	to achieve a uniform valve seat width (Standard specification).				

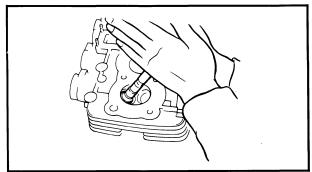


•Valve seat is too narrow and right up near valve margin (See "c" diagram).

Valve	Seat Cutter Set	Desired Result
Haa	0° Cutter, first	to obtain correct seat
Use	45° Cutter	width.

• Valve seat is too narrow and is located down near the bottom edge of the valve face (See "d" diagram).

Valve	Seat Cutter Set	Desired Result				
1100	60° Cutter, first	to obtain correct seat				
Use	45° Cutter	width.				



M	<b>^</b>	т	

Lap valve/valve seat assembly if:

- Valve face/valve seat are used or severely worn.
- •Valve and valve guide has been replaced.
- •Valve seat has been cut.

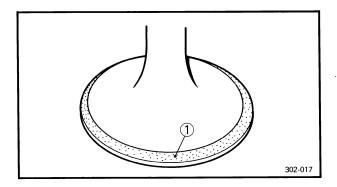
## Valve/Valve Seat Assembly Lapping

- 1. Apply:
  - Coarse lapping compound (Small amount) (to valve face)
- 2. Position:
  - Valve (in cylinder head)
- 3. Rotate:
  - Valve

Turn until valve and valve seat are evenly polished, then clean off compound.



4. Repeat above steps with fine compound and continue lapping until valve face shows a completely smooth surface uniformly.



- 5. Eliminate:
  - •Compound (from valve face)
- 6. Apply:
  - Mechanic's bluing dye (Dykem) (1)
     (to valve face and seat)
- 7. Rotate:
  - Valve

Valve must make full seat contact indicated by grey surface all around valve face where bluing was removed.

- 8. Apply:
  - Solvent

(into each intake and exhaust port) Leakage past valve seat→Replace valve until seal is complete.

NOTE: _						
Pour solv	ent into i	intake	and	exhaust	ports	only

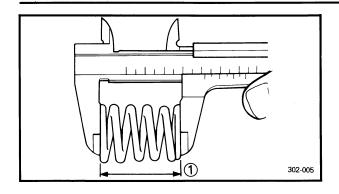
Pour solvent into intake and exhaust ports only after completion of all valve work and assembly of head parts.

## Relapping steps:

- Disassemble head parts.
- Repeat lapping steps using fine lapping compound.
- •Clean all parts throughly.
- Reassemble and check for leakage again using solvent.
- Repeat steps as often as necessary to effect a satisfactory seal.



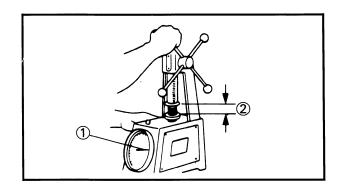




## Valve Spring Measurement

- 1. Measure:
  - •Valve spring free length ①
    Out of specification→Replace.

ZK \	Valve Spring Free Length								
Inner	spring	Outer spring							
Standard	Wear limit	Standard	Wear limit						
35.5 mm (1.398 in)	33.5 mm (1.319 in)	37.2 mm (1.465 in)	35.2 mm (1.386 in)						



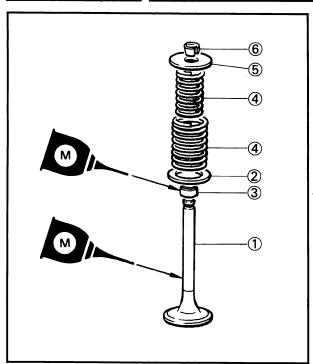
## 2. Measure:

•Valve spring installed force ①
Out of specification→Replace.

Valve Spring Installed Force			
Inner	spring	Outer	spring
2	1	2	1
30.5 mm (1.20 in)	9.3 kg (20.5 lb)	32.0 mm (1.26 in)	18.5 kg (40.8 lb)

2 Installed length





## Valve Installation

- 1. Lubricate:
  - Valve stem
  - •Oil seal

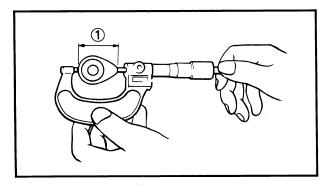


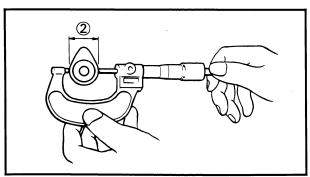
High-Quality Molybdenum Disulfide Motor Oil or Molybdenum Disulfide Grease

- 2. Install:
  - •Valve (1)
  - Valve spring seat ②
  - •Oil seal (3)
  - Valve springs (4)
  - Valve spring seat (5)
  - Valve retainers (6)

NOTE: \_

Install all springs with wider-gapped coils facing upwards as shown.





## CAMSHAFT, CAM CHAIN AND CAM SPROCKET

#### Camshaft

- 1. Measure:
  - Large cam lobe length (1)
  - •Small cam lobe length ②

Use a micrometer.

Out of specification→Replace.

2	Intake	Exhaust
1	36.25 ~ 36.35 mm (1.427 ~ 1.431 in)	35.75 ~ 35.85 mm (1.408 ~ 1.411 in)
2	28.10 ~ 28.20 mm (1.106 ~ 1.110 in)	28.05 ~ 28.15 mm (1.104 ~ 1.108 in)



## Camshaft/Cap Clearance Measurement

- 1. Install:
  - Camshaft
- 2. Position:
  - Strip of Plastigage® (YU-33210) (onto camshaft.)
- 3. Install:
  - Dowel pins
  - Camshaft caps



10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

NOTE: \_

Do not turn the camshaft when measuring clearance with  $Plastigage^{@}$ .

- 4. Remove:
  - Camshaft caps
- 5. Measure:
  - Width of Plastigage<sup>®</sup> ①
     Out of specification→Follow step 6.



Camshaft-to cap Clearance:

Standard: 0.020~0.054 mm

 $(0.0008 \sim 0.0021 \text{ in})$ 

Maximum: 0.160 mm (0.006 in)



 Camshaft bearing surface diameter Use micrometer.

Out of specification→Replace camshaft. Within specification→Replace cylinder head.



**Bearing Surface Diameter:** 

Standard: 24.967~24.980 mm

 $(0.9830 \sim 0.9835 in)$ 

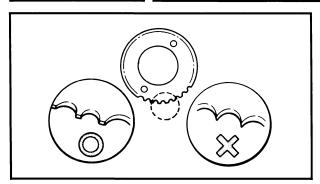
## Cam Chain

- 1. Inspect:
  - Cam chain

Chain stretch/Cracks→Replace.

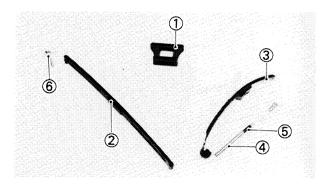


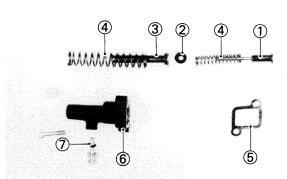
## **INSPECTION AND REPAIR**



## **Cam Sprockets**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Cam sprockets
     Wear/Damage→Replace.





## **Cam Chain Dampers**

- 1. Inspect:
  - •Upper damper (1)
  - •Exhaust side chain guide (2)
  - •Intake side chain guide (3)
  - Chain guide stopper (4)
  - •Spring (5)
  - Guide stopper plate ⑥
    Wear/Damage→Replace.

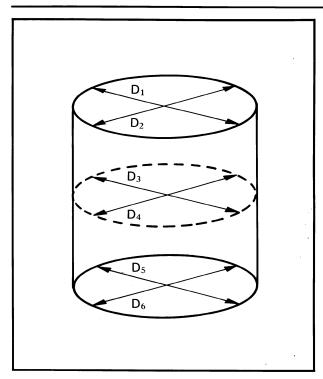
## Cam Chain Tensioner

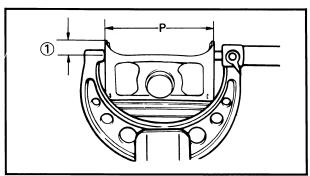
- 1. Inspect:
  - •All parts
    Damage/Wear→Replace.
- 1 Tensioner rod (Small)
- Damper
- 3 Tensioner rod (Large)
- Spring
- 5 Gasket
- 6 Tensioner body
- (7) O-ring

## **CYLINDER**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Cylinder walls
     Vertical scratches→Rebore or Replace cylinder.







2. Measure:

• Cylinder inside diameter

NOTE: \_

Obtain measurements at three depths by placing measuring instrument paralle to and at right angles to crankshaft.

Out of specification → Rebore cylinder, and replace piston and piston rings.

	Standard	Wear limit
Cylinder bore: C	58.5 mm (2.303 in)	58.6 mm (2.307 in)
Cylinder taper: T	_	0.05 mm (0.002 in)

C = Maximum D

 $T = Maximum D_1, D_2 - Minimum D_5, D_6$ 

## **PISTON, PISTON RING AND PISTON PIN**

### **Piston**

- 1. Measure:
  - •Piston skirt diameter "P"

NOTE: \_

Measure the piston skirt diameter where the distance 7.0 mm (0.276 in) ① from the piston bottom edge.

Piston size	
58.50 mm	
(2.303 in)	
59.00 mm	
(2.323 in)	
60.00 mm	
(2.362 in)	

- 2. Measure:
  - Piston clearance

Out of specification→Rebore cylinder or replace piston.



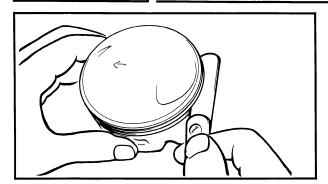
Piston Clearance = C — P: 0.025 ~ 0.045 mm (0.0010 ~ 0.0019 in)

C: Cylinder bore P: Piston outside diameter

3



## **INSPECTION AND REPAIR**



## **Piston Ring**

- 1. Measure:
  - Ring side clearance

Use a feeler gauge.

Out of specification→Replace piston.

NOTE: \_\_

Clean carbon from piston ring grooves and rings before measuring side clearance.

Z.	Piston Ring Side Clearance:
Тор	0.03~0.07 mm (0.0012~0.0028 in)
2nd	0.02~0.06 mm (0.0008~0.0024 in)

## 2. Position:

Piston ring (in cylinder)

NOTE: \_

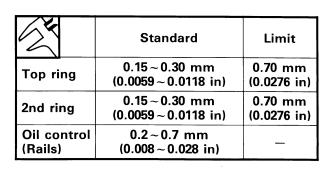
Insert a ring into cylinder, and push it approximately 20 mm (0.8 in) into cylinder. Push ring with piston crown so that ring will be at a right angle to cylinder bore.

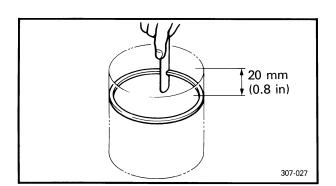
## 3. Measure:

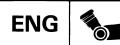
•Ring end gap
Out of specification→Replace.

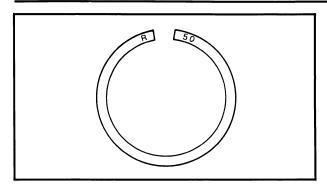
NOTE: \_

You cannot measure end gap on expander spacer of oil control ring. If oil control ring rails show excessive gap, replace all three rings.





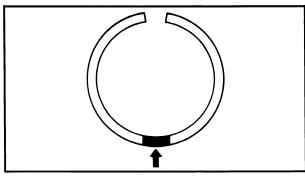




## **Piston Ring Oversize**

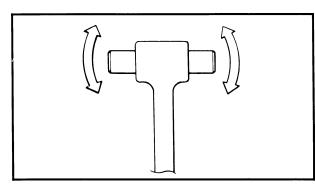
 Top and 2nd piston ring
 Oversize top and middle ring sizes are stamped on top of ring.

Oversize 2	50
Oversize 4	100



•Oil control ring
Expander spacer of bottom ring (oil control ring) is color-coded to identify sizes.

Size	Color
Oversize 2	Blue
Oversize 4	Yellow



## Piston Pin

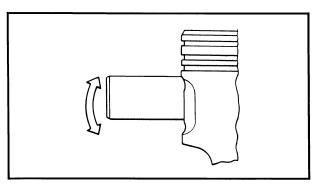
- 1. Lubricate:
  - •Piston pin (Lightly)
- 2. Install:
  - Piston pin (into small end of connecting rod)
- 3. Check:
  - Free play
     Free play→Inspect connecting rod for wear.
     Wear→Replace connecting rod and piston pin.



- Piston pin (into piston)
- 5. Check:
  - Free play

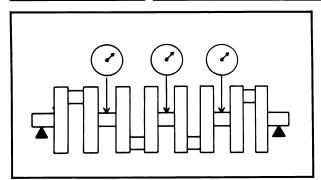
     (into piston)

     Free play→Replace piston pin and/or piston.





## **INSPECTION AND REPAIR**



## CRANKSHAFT AND CONNECTING ROD Crankshaft Runout

- 1. Place both ends of crankshaft on V-blocks.
- 2. Rotate:
  - Crankshaft
- 3. Measure:
  - Crankshaft runout

     (at main journal bearings)

     Use a Dial Gauge.



Crankshaft Runout Limit: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

## **Connecting Rod Bearings**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Bearings
     Burns/Flaking/Roughness/Scratches→
     Replace.

## **Connecting Rod Bearing Clearance**

- 1. Clean all parts throughly.
- 2. Install:
  - Connecting rod bearings (into connecting rod and cap)
- 3. Attach:
  - Plastigage®
     (onto crankpin)
- 4. Position:
  - Connecting rod (onto crankshaft)
  - Connecting rod cap
- 5. Apply:
  - Molybdenum disulfide grease (to bolt threads)
     Torque both ends of rod cap evenly.

NOTE:	
-------	--

Do not move connecting rod until a clearance measurement has been completed.

## **CAUTION:**

Tighten to full torque specification without pausing. Apply continuous torque between 2.0 and 2.5 m·kg. Once you reach 2.0 m·kg DO NOT STOP TIGHTENING until final torque is reached. If tightening is interrupted between 2.0 and 2.5 m·kg, loosen nut to less than 2.0 m·kg and start again.



25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)



 Connecting rod cap Remove carefully.

#### 7. Measure:

Plastigage® width ①
 Out of specification→Replace connecting rod bearing.



Connecting Rod Bearing Clearance:

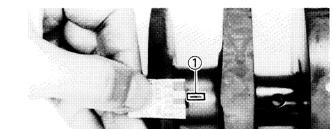
0.016~0.040 mm (0.0006~0.0016 in)

## Crankshaft Main Bearing Clearance Measurement

- 1. Clean all parts.
- 2. Position:
  - Upper crankcase half
     Place on a bench in an upside down position.
- 3. Install:
  - Bearings (into the upper crankcase)
- 4. Attach:
  - Plastigage<sup>®</sup> (YU-33210)
     (onto the crankshaft journal surface)

N	$\mathbf{O}$	т	╒	•
	v		ᆫ	•

Do not move crankshaft until clearance measurement has been completed)





## **INSPECTION AND REPAIR**

- 5. Install:
  - Bearings (into lower crankcase)
  - •Lower crankcase

- 6. Tighten:
  - Bolts

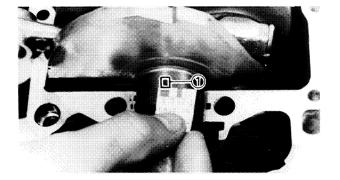
## **CAUTION:**

Tighten to full torque in torque sequence cast on the crankcase.



8 mm (0.3 in) Bolt: 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)

- 7. Remove:
  - Bolts
     Reverse assembly order
  - •Lower crankcase
    Use care in removing.

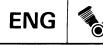


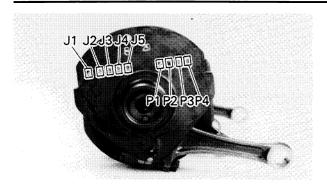
#### 8. Measure:

Plastigage® width ① (YU-33210)
 Out of specification→Replace bearings;
 replace crankshaft if necessary.

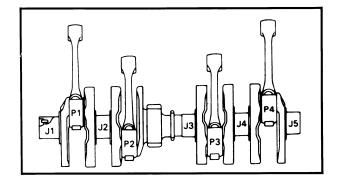


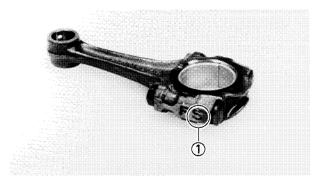
Main Bearing Oil Clearance: 0.021~0.044 mm (0.0008~0.0017 in)





# 11 15 15 12





# **Crankshaft Main and Connecting Rod Bearing Selection**

- •Numbers used to indicate crankshaft journal sizes are stamped on the LH crankweb. The first five (5) are main bearing journal numbers, starting with the left journal. The four (4) rod bearing journal numbers follow in the same sequence.
- •The upper crankcase half is numbered J1, J2, J3, J4, and J5 on the rear right bosse as shown.

•The connecting rods are numbered 4 or 5. The numbers are stamped in ink on the rod cap ①.

Bearing color code		
No. 1	Blue	
No. 2	Black	
No. 3	Brown	
No. 4	Green	
* No. 5	Yellow	

<sup>\*</sup> No. 5 applies only to the crankshaft main bearing selection.



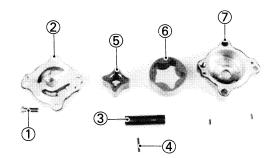
## **INSPECTION AND REPAIR**

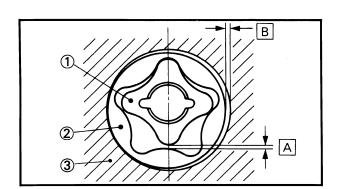
Example 1: Selection of the crankshaft main bearing; If the crankcase J1 and crankshaft J1 sizes are No. 4 and No. 1, respectively, the bearing size No. is:

Bearing size No. = Crankcase No. - Crankshaft No. = 4-1=3 (Brown)

Example 2: Selection of the connecting rod bearing; If the connecting rod P1 and crankshaft P1 sizes are No. 4 and No. 1, repectively, the bearing size No. is:

Bearing size No. = Connecting rod No. – crankshaft No. = 4-1=3 (Brown)





## **OIL PUMP**

- 1. Remove:
  - •Screw (1)
  - Pump cover (2)
  - •Shaft (3)
  - Pin (4)
  - •Inner rotor (5)
  - •Outer rotor (6)
  - Pump housing (7)
- 2. Measure:
  - Clearance "A"

(between inner rotor (1) and outer rotor (2))

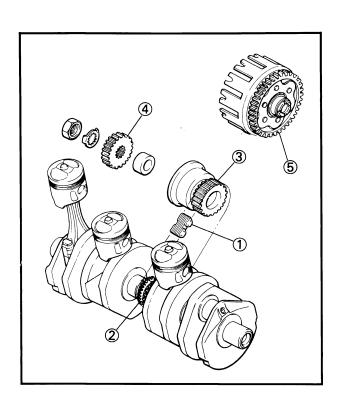
Clearance "B"
(between outer rotor ② and pump housing ③)

Oil Pump Clearance:		
Clearance "A" 0.09 ~ 0.15 mm (0.0035 ~ 0.0059 in)		
Clearance "B"	0.03~0.08 mm (0.0012~0.0031 in)	

- 3. Install:
  - Oil pump parts
- 4. Tighten:
  - Screw



7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)



## **PRIMARY DRIVE**

- 1. Inspect:
  - •HY-VO chain (1)
  - Crankshaft drive sprocket (2)
  - •Clutch damper driven sprocket (3)
  - Primary drive gear (4)
  - Primary driven gear (5) Wear/Damage→Replace both gears. Excessive noises during operation→Replace both gears.

Primary reduction ratio			
No. of teeth		Dotio	
3/2	<b>⑤</b> / <b>④</b>	Ratio	
22/21	65/28	2.431	

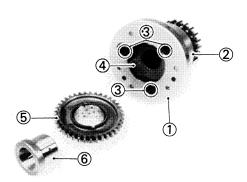


## **STARTER DRIVES Electric Starter Clutch**

- 1. Check:
  - Ball operation
  - Spring operation
  - •Spring cap operation Unsmooth operation→Replace one-way clutch.
- 2. Inspect:
  - •Surface of the idle gear Pitting/Wear/Damage→Replace.



## **INSPECTION AND REPAIR**



- 3. Installation:
- a. Install:
  - •Cover (1)
  - •Outer starter clutch (2)
- b. Tighten:
  - •Bolts ③



24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb) LOCTITE®

Stake Over the End of the Bolt

- c. Install:
  - Spring
  - Spring cap
  - Ball (4)
  - •Idle gear (5)
  - •Collar (6)

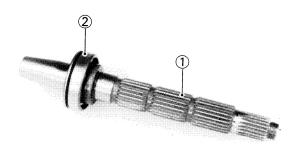


- 1. Check:
  - •Shaft (1)

Wear/Damage→Replace.

• Bearing (2)

Unsmooth operation→Replace.



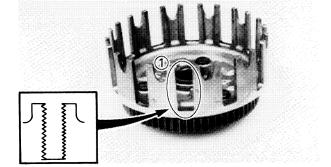
## **CLUTCH**

- 1. Inspect:
  - •Clutch housing dogs 1

Cracks/Pitting (edges):

Moderate → Deburr.

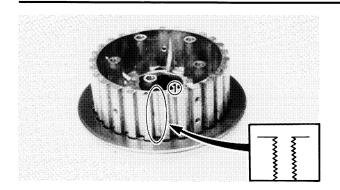
Severe→Replace clutch housing.

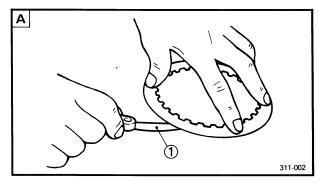


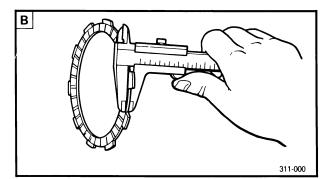
#### NOTE: \_\_

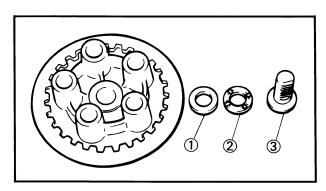
Pitting on friction plate dogs of clutch housing will cause erratic operation.

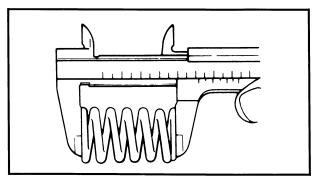
- 2. Inspect:
  - Clutch housing bearing Damage → Replace.











## 3. Inspect:

**INSPECTION AND REPAIR** 

•Clutch boss spline 1

Pitting:

 $Moderate \! \to \! Deburr.$ 

Severe → Replace.

## NOTE: \_

Pitting on clutch plate splines of clutch boss will cause erratic operation.

## 4. Measure:

•Clutch plate warpage A

• Friction plate thickness B Out of specification→Replace. Clutch or friction plate as a set.

<b>E</b>	Standard	Wear limit
Friction plate thickness	2.9~3.1 mm (0.114~ 0.122 in)	2.7 mm (0.106 in)
Clutch plate		0.15 mm (0.006 in)

## 5. Inspect:

- •Washer (1)
- •Thrust bearing (2)
- Pull rod ③

Damage → Replace.

## 6. Measure:

 Clutch spring free play Out of specification -> Replace spring as a set.

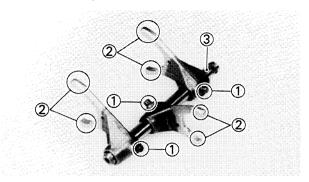


**Clutch Spring Minimum Free** Length:

41.8 m (1.64 in)



## **INSPECTION AND REPAIR**





## **TRANSMISSION**

- 1. Inspect:
  - •Shift fork cam follower (1)
  - •Shift fork pawl ②
    Scoring/Bends/Wear→Replace.
- 2. Check:
  - Guide bar ③
     Roll across a surface plate.
     Bends→Replace.
- 3. Inspect:
  - •Shift cam groove ①
  - •Shift cam dowel 2 and side plate
  - •Shift cam stopper plate 3 circlip and stopper.
  - Wear/Damage→Replace.

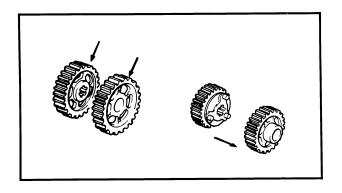
## 4. Measure:

Transmission shaft runout.
 Use centering device and dial gauge.
 Out of specification→Replace bent shaft.



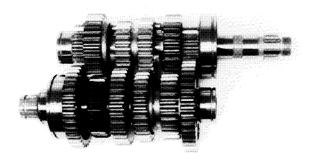
## Runout Limit:

0.08 mm (0.0031 in)



#### 5. Inspect:

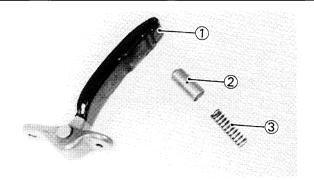
- •Gear teeth
- Blue discoloration/Pitting/Wear→Replace.
- Mated dogs
   Rounded edges/Cracks/Missing portions→
   Replace.



## 6. Check:

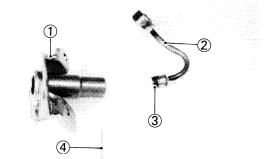
- Proper gear engagement (Each gear) (to its counter part)
   Incorrect→Reassemble.
- Gear movement Roughness→Replace.





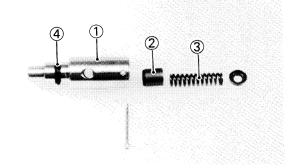
## **HY-VO CHAIN GUIDE AND TENSIONER**

- 1. Check:
  - •HY-VO chain guide (1)
  - •Tensioner plunger 2
  - •Spring ③
    Damage/Wear→Replace.



2. Check:

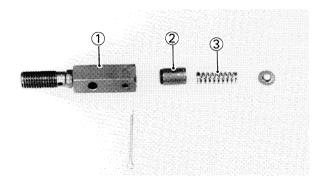
- •HY-VO chain tensioner (1)
- •Oil delivery pipe (2)
- •0-ring **③**
- •Cotter pin ④
  Damage→Replace.



## **RELIEF VALVES**

- 1. Check:
  - •Relief valve body (1)
  - Plunger (2)
  - •Spring ③
  - 0-ring **4**

Damage/Wear→Replace.



- 2. Check:
  - •Tensioner side relief valve body (1)
  - •Plunger ②
  - •Spring ③

Damage/Wear→Replace.

## **CRANKCASE**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Case halves
  - Bearing seat
  - Fitting

Damage→Replace.

3



## **INSPECTION AND REPAIR**

## **BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Bearing

Clean and lubricate, then rotate inner race with finger.

Roughness→Replace bearing (see Removal).

- 2. Inspect:
  - •Oil seals

Damage/Wear→Replace (see Removal).

## **CIRCLIPS AND WASHERS**

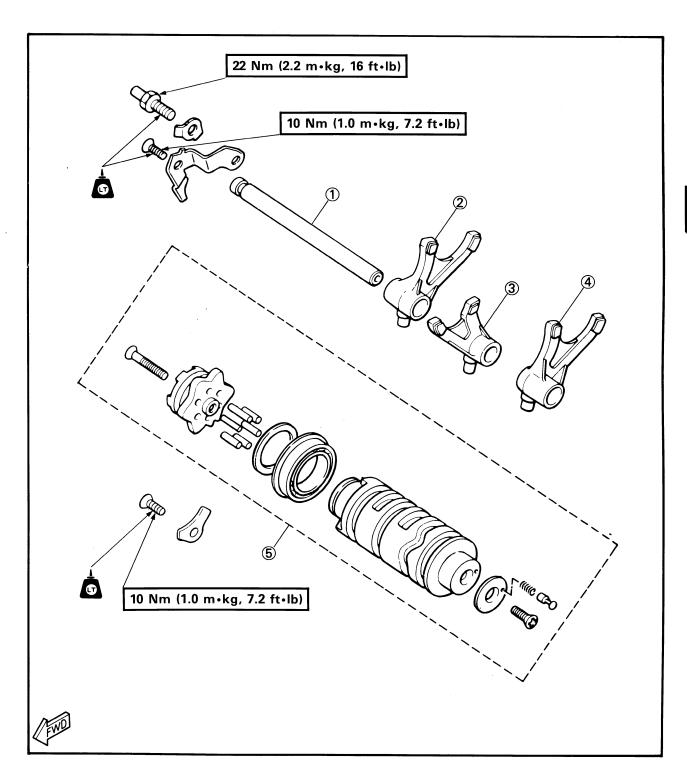
- 1. Inspect:
  - Circlips
  - Washers

Damage/Looseness/Bends→Replace.

## **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**

## SHIFTER

- ① Guide bar ② Shift fork (#3) ③ Shift fork (#2) ④ Shift fork (#1) ⑤ Shift cam assembly





## **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**

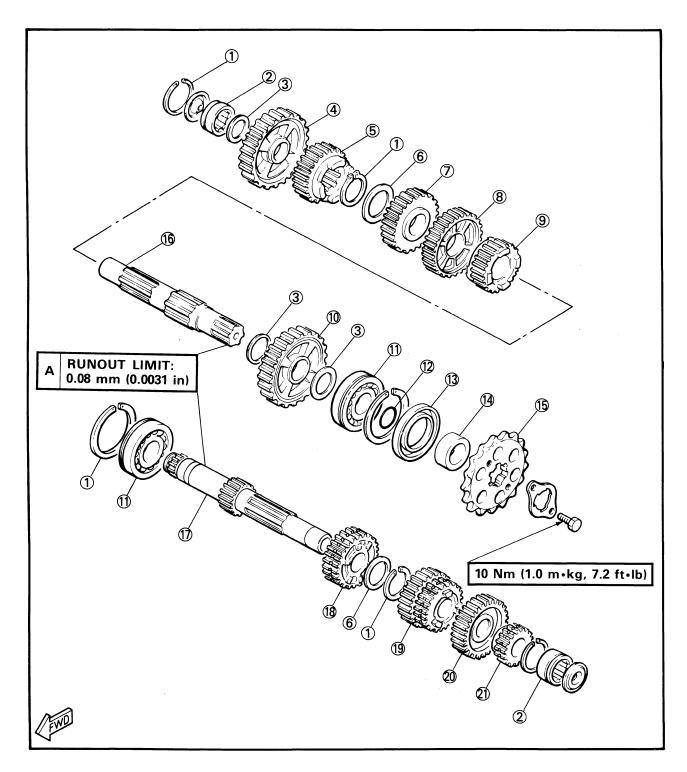
## **TRANSMISSION**

- 1 Circlip
- 2 Cylindrical bearing
  3 Plate washer
  4 1st wheel gear
  5 5th wheel gear
  6 Washer

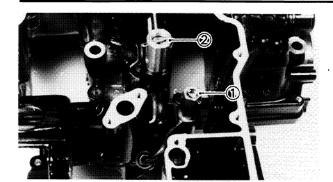
- 7 4th wheel gear

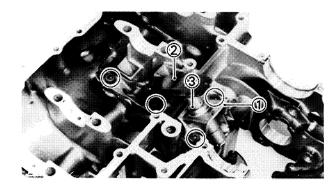
- 8 3rd wheel gear9 6th wheel gear2nd wheel gear
- 1 Bearing
- ① O-ring
- (13) Oil seal
- (14) Collar

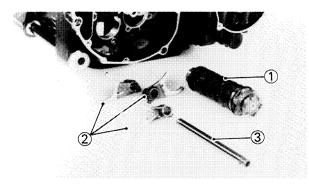
- 15 Drive sprocket
- 16 Drive axle
- Main axle
- (18) 5th pinion gear (19) 3rd/4th pinion gear (20) 6th pinion gear (21) 2nd pinion gear











# ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT

## **LOWER CRANKCASE**

- 1. Install:
  - •Tensioner side relief valve (1)
  - Copper washers



20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)

- •Relief valve (2)
- •Strainer housing (3)
- •Screws (4)



10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

- •Oil strainer (5)
- 2. Install:
  - •HY-VO chain tensioner (1)



## Screw:

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Apply LOCTITE®

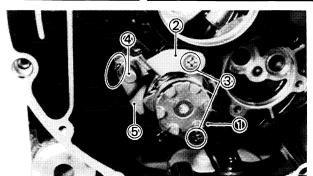
- •HV-VO chain guide ②
- Spring
- •Tensioner plunger (3)
- 3. Install:
  - •Shift cam assembly (1)
  - •Shift forks (2)
  - Guide bar (3)

NOTE: \_

All shift fork numbers should face the right side and be in sequence (1,2,3) beginning from the right. 3



## **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**



- 4. Install:
  - •Bearing stopper (1)
  - Guide bar stopper 2
  - •Screws ③



10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Apply LOCTITE®.

•Stopper screw (4)

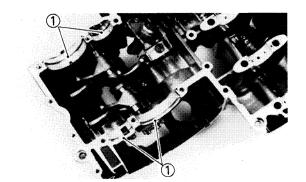


22 Nm (2.2 m·kg, 16 ft·lb) Apply LOCTITE®.

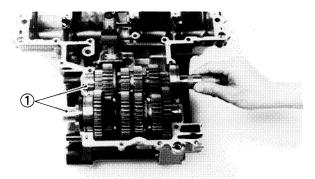
•Lock washer (5)

NOTE: \_\_\_\_

Bend lockwasher tab along nut flat.



- 5. Install:
  - Circlips (1)
  - •Oil seal



- 6. Install:
  - •Transmission assembly (1)

NOTE: \_

Be sure axle circlips are fitted to bearings and circlips have been positioned in circlip grooves.

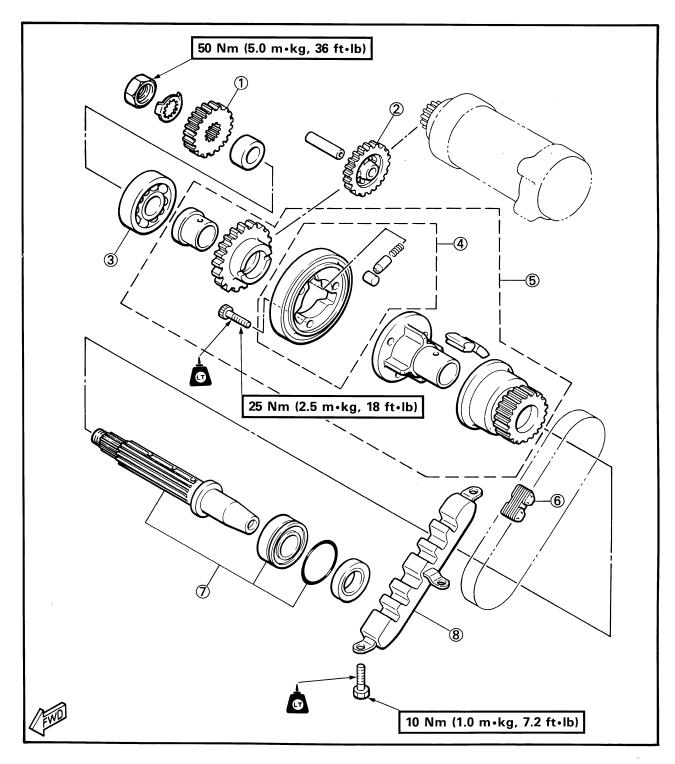
- 7. Check:
  - Shifter operation.
     Unsmooth operation→Repair.
  - •Transmission operation
    Unsmooth operation→Repair.

## **STARTER**

- Primary drive gear
   Starter idle gear
   Bearing
   Starter clutch

- Starter clutch damper assembly
   HY-VO chain

- 7 A.C.G. shaft
  8 HY-VO chain guide



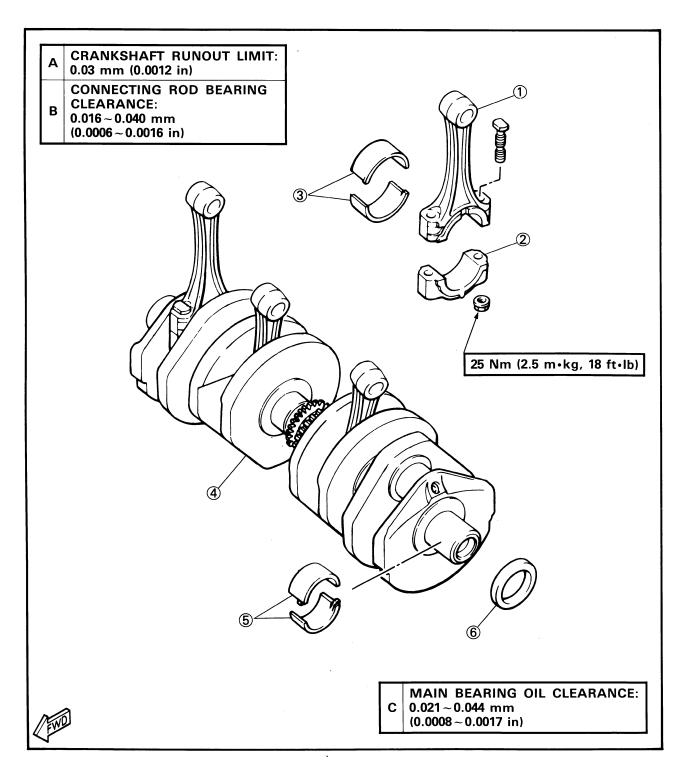


## **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**

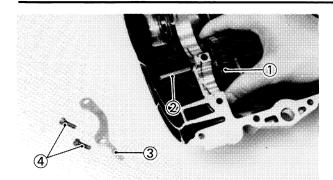
## **CRANKSHAFT**

- 1 Connecting rod

- 2 Big end cap
  3 Bearing
  4 Crankshaft assembly
  5 Bearing
  6 Oil seal





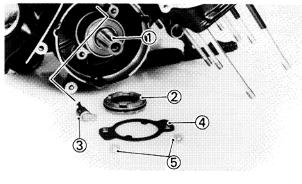


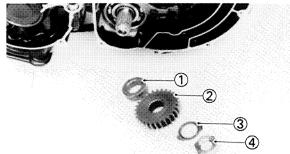
## **UPPER CRANKCASE**

- 1. Install:
  - •Starter idle gear (1)
  - •Shaft (2)
  - Bearing stopper ③
  - •Screws (4)
- 2. Install:
  - •HY-VO chain (1)
  - •Cam chain 2
  - •Oil seal (3)
  - Plug 4(onto crankshaft)
  - Crankshaft assembly (5)
  - •Starter clutch damper assembly (6)

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_

- •The crankshaft pin (timing plate stopper pin) should face to the left.
- Pass the cam chain through the cam chain cavity. Be sure to attach a retaining wire 7 to the cam chain.





- 3. Install:
  - •A.C.G shaft (1)
  - •Bearing housing ②
  - •Oil spray nozzle (3)
  - •Cover plate (4)
  - •Screw (5)

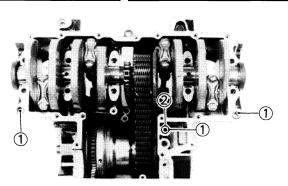


10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Apply LOCTITE®.

- 4. Install:
  - •Collar (1)
  - Primary drive gear (2)
  - •Lock washer (3)
  - •Nut (4)

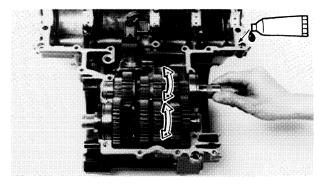


## **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**



## 5. Install:

- Dowel pins (1)
- •0-ring **2**

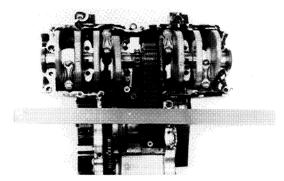


## **CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY**

1. Apply Quick Gasket® (ACC-11001-05-01) to crankcase matching surfaces.

NOTE: \_

DO NOT ALLOW any sealant to come in contact with the oil gallery O-ring, or crankshaft bearings. Do not apply sealant to within  $2 \sim 3$  mm  $(0.08 \sim 0.12$  in) of the bearings.

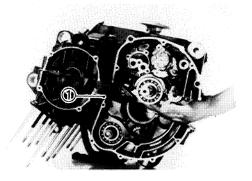


- 2. Set shift cam and transmission gears in NEUTRAL position.
- 3. Place suitable bar on the upper crankcase.

4. Place lower crankcase assembly on the upper crankcase assembly.

NOTE: \_\_\_\_

Push HY-VO chain damper to prevent tensioner plunger from falling into crankcase cavity.

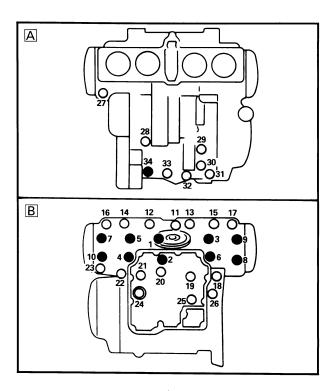


- 5. Install:
  - •Lower crankcase

## **CAUTION:**

Before tightening the crankcase bolts, check the following points:

- •Remove bar (1).
- Be sure the gear shifts correctly while handturning the shift cam.



- 6. Tighten:
  - •Lower crankcase bolt B
  - Upper crankcase bolt A
     (Follow proper tightening sequence.)

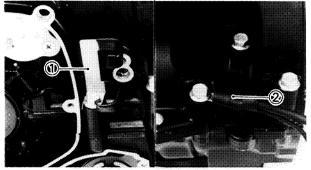


○|6 mm (0.24 in):

12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb)

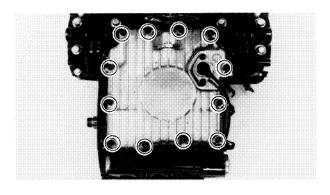
•8 mm (0.31 in):

24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)



## NOTE: \_

- •Install the clamp (1) on Bolt No. 26.
- •Install the ground lead (2) on Bolt No. 32.



- 7. Install:
  - •Oil pan



10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)





## **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**



- 8. Install:
  - •Right-front crankcase cover



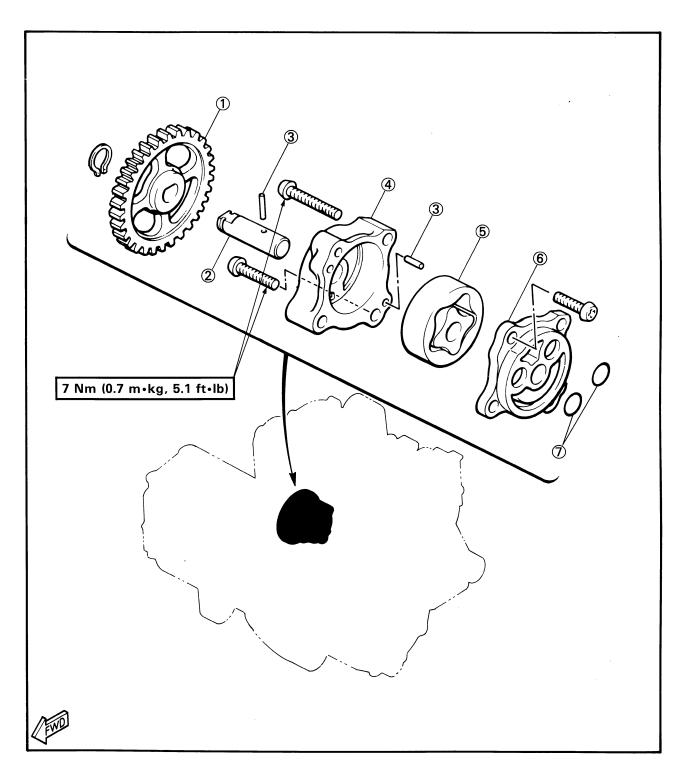
10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)





#### **OIL PUMP**

- 1 Oil pump drive gear
  2 Shaft
  3 Pin
  4 Oil pump housing
  5 Rotor
  6 Pump cover
  7 O-ring





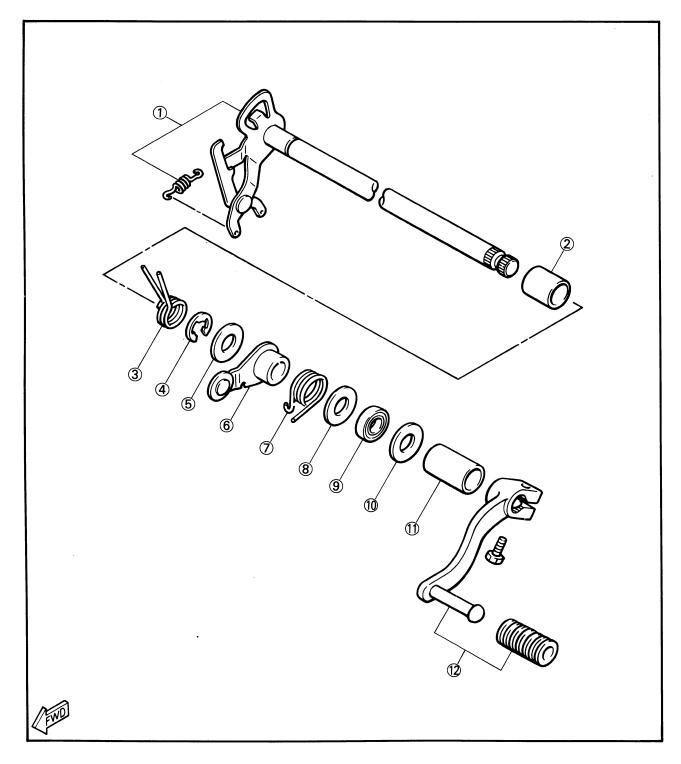
### **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**

#### **SHIFT SHAFT**

- Shift shaft
   Collar
   Spring
   Circlip
   Plain washer
   Stopper lever
   Spring

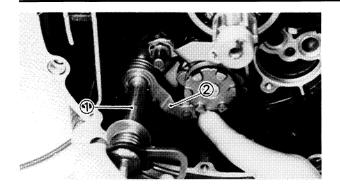
- 8 Plain washer9 Oil seal10 Plain washer

- 1 Collar
- ① Change pedal



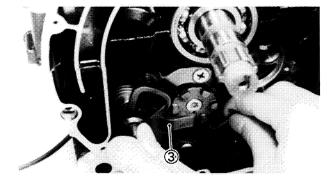




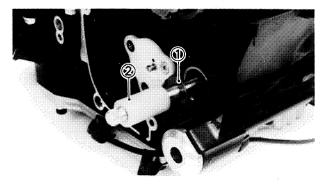


#### OIL PUMP AND SHIFT SHAFT

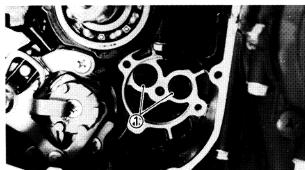
- 1. Install:
  - •Shift shaft assembly (1)
- 2. Mesh the stopper lever (2) with shift cam stopper.



3. Pull the shift lever 2 (3) and push shift shaft assembly.



- 4. Install:
  - Plate washer (1)
  - Collar (2) (on left side shift shaft)



- 5. Install:
  - •0-rings (1)
  - •Oil pump assembly 2



7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)

- •Oil pump driven gear ③
- Circlip (4)



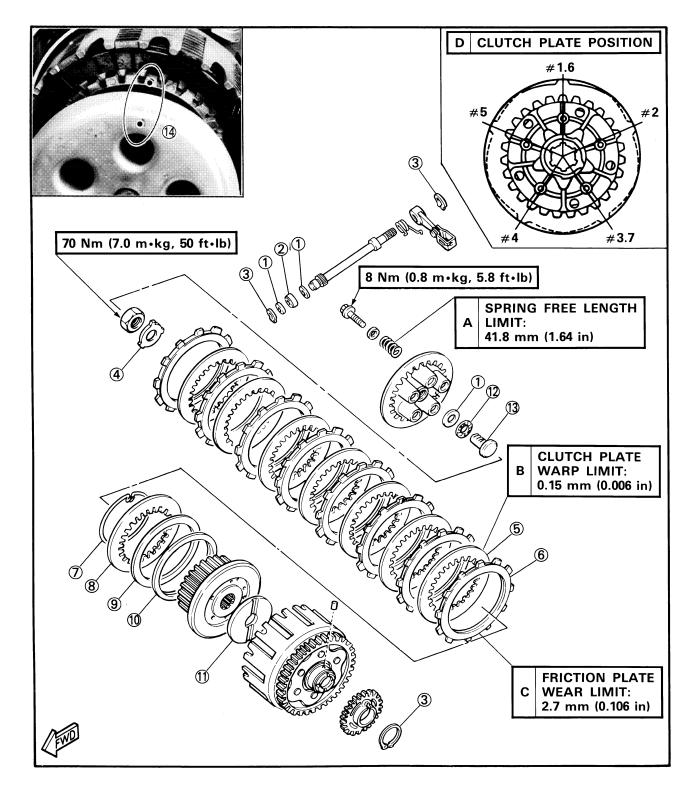
### **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**

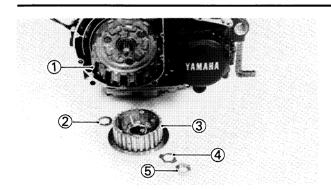
#### **CLUTCH**

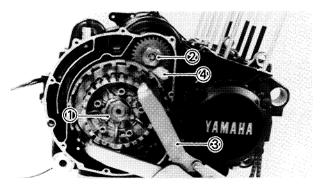
- 1 Plate washer

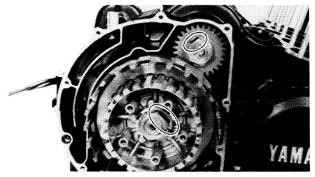
- 2 Oil seal
  3 Circlip
  4 Lock washer
- (5) Clutch plate (#1) (6) Friction plate (#1)
- (7) Wire clip
- 8 Clutch plate
- 9 Clutch boss spring
- ① Seat
- (1) Thrust plate

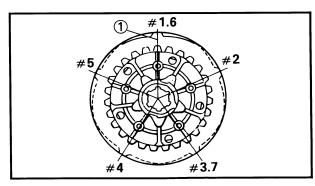
- 12 Bearing 13 Pull rod 14 Match mark

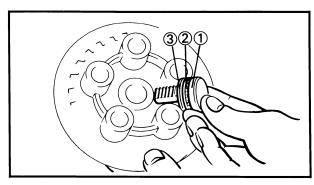












#### **CLUTCH**

- 1. Install:
  - Clutch housing 1
  - •Thrust washer ②
  - •Clutch boss ③
  - •Lock washer (4)
  - •Nut (5)
- 2. Tighten:
  - •Nut ① (clutch boss)
    Use Universal Clutch Holder
    (YM-91042) ③.
  - Nut ② (Primary drive gear)
     Place the folded rag ④ between the teeth of the drive gear and driven gear to lock them.



Nut (Clutch Boss): 70 Nm (7.0 m·kg, 50 ft·lb) Nut (Primary Drive Gear):

50 Nm (5.0 m·kg, 36 ft·lb)

NOTE:

Bend the lock washer tab along the nut flat.

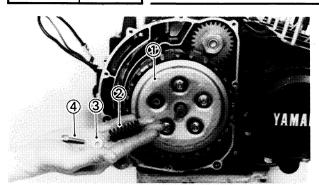
- 3. Install:
  - Friction plates
  - Clutch plates

NOTE: \_

- Mount friction and clutch plates alternately.
- •Align the clutch plate mark (1) as shown.
- 4. Install:
  - •Thrust bearing ②
  - Plate washer ③ (on the pull rod)
  - •Pull rod ①
    (into the pressure plate)



### **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**

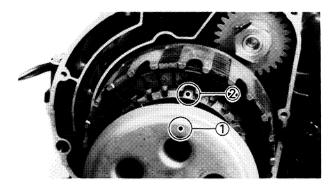


#### 5. Install:

- Pressure plate (1)
- •Spring ②
- Plate washer ③
- •Bolt ④

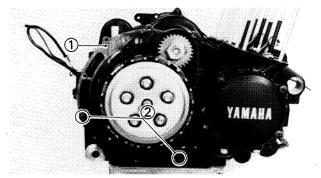


8 Nm (0.8 m·kg, 5.8 ft·lb)



NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_

Align the pressure plate mark 1 with the clutch boss mark 2.



#### 6. Install:

- •Gasket (1)
- Dowel pins ②
- •Right crankcase cover ③

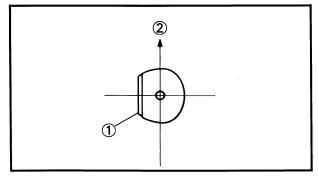


10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)



NOTE: \_

Be sure the pull rod gear (1) face to rear of engine.

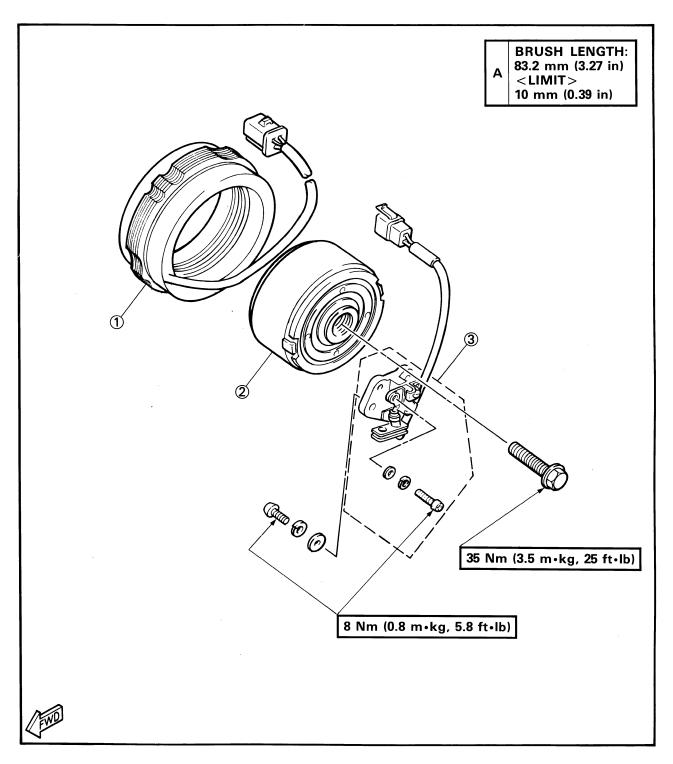


2 Upper



#### **GENERATOR**

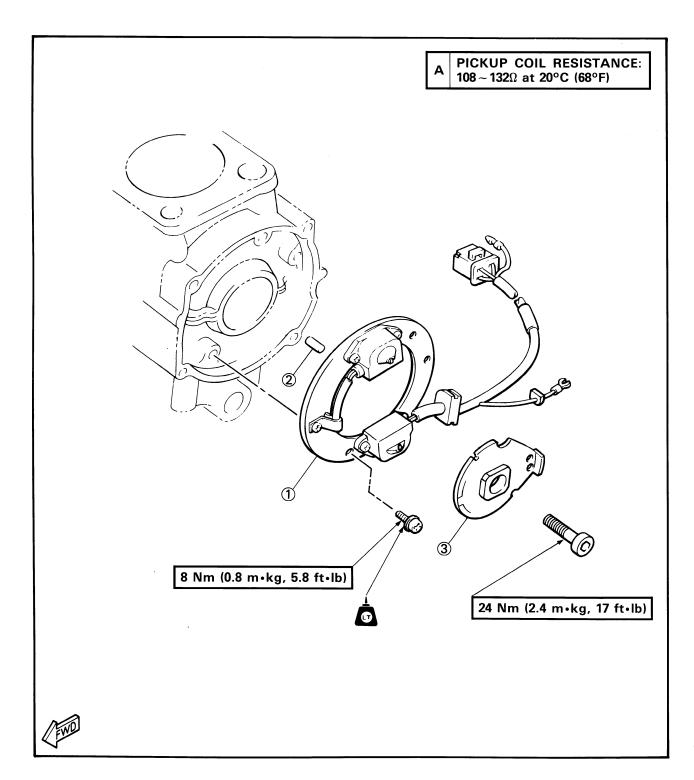
- Startor coil
   Rotor
   Brush assembly





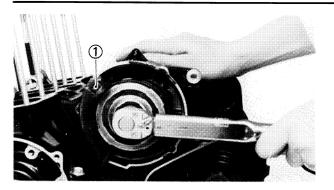
#### PICKUP COIL

- Pickup coil assembly
   Pin
   Timing plate



PICKUP COIL AND GENERATOR

### **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**



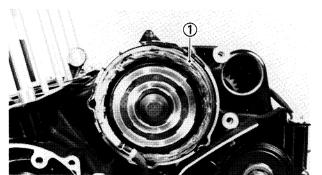
### 1. Install: Rotor

Bolt

Use Rotor Holding Tool (YM-04043) (1).



35 Nm (3.5 m·kg, 25 ft·lb)

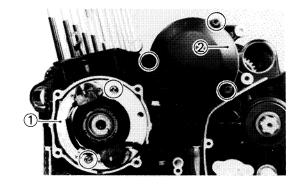


2. Install:

•Stator coil (1)

NOTE: \_

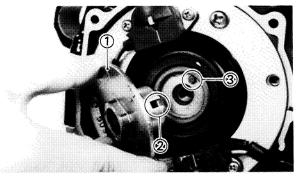
Align the stator core grooves with the bolt holes.



- 3. Install:
  - Generator cover (2)
  - Pickup coil assembly (1)



Screw (Pickup Coil Assembly): 8 Nm (0.8 m·kg, 5.8 ft·lb) Apply LOCTITE®.



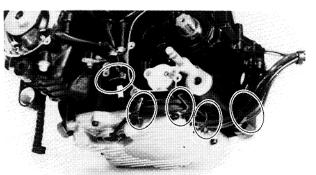
- 4. Install:
  - •Timing plate (1)
  - Screw



24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)

Mesh the timing plate groove 2 with the crankshaft pin (3).

5. Clamp the A.C.G leads and pickup leads.

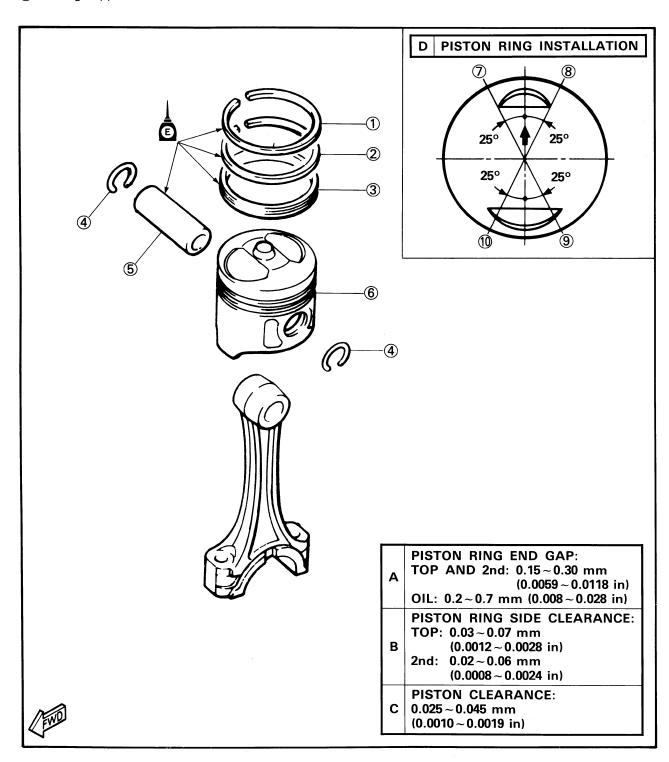




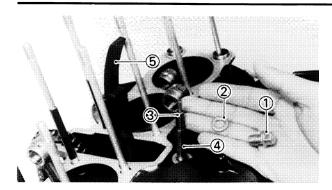
#### **PISTON**

- 1 Top ring
- 2 Second ring
  3 Oil ring
  4 Circlip

- 5 Piston pin6 Piston
- 7 Top ring
- 8 Oil ring (Lower rail)
- 9 Second ring
- (10) Oil ring (Upper rail)



### **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**

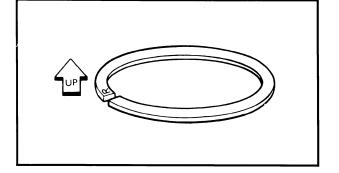


#### PISTON AND INTAKE SIDE CAM CHAIN GUIDE

- 1. Install:
  - •Intake side cam chain guide (1)
  - •Stopper shaft (2)
  - •Spring (3)
  - Plate washer
  - Bolt (4)

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The lower and of chain guide must rest in the cam chain guide slot in the crankcase.



#### 2. Install:

3. Install:

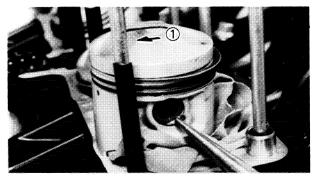
Piston pin Piston

• Piston pin circlip (New)

Piston rings

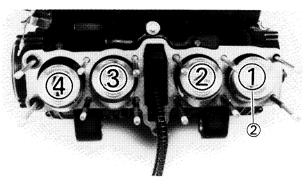
#### NOTE: \_

Be sure to install rings so that Manufacturer's marks or numbers are located on the top side of the rings. Oil the pistons and rings liberally.



# NOTE: \_\_\_

- •Be sure the piston arrow mark (1) face to exhaust side.
- Before installing piston pin circlip, cover crankcase with a clean rag to prevent circlip from falling into crankcase cavity.
- Be sure the marked piston numbers (2) should be in sequence (1,2,3,4) beginning from the left.

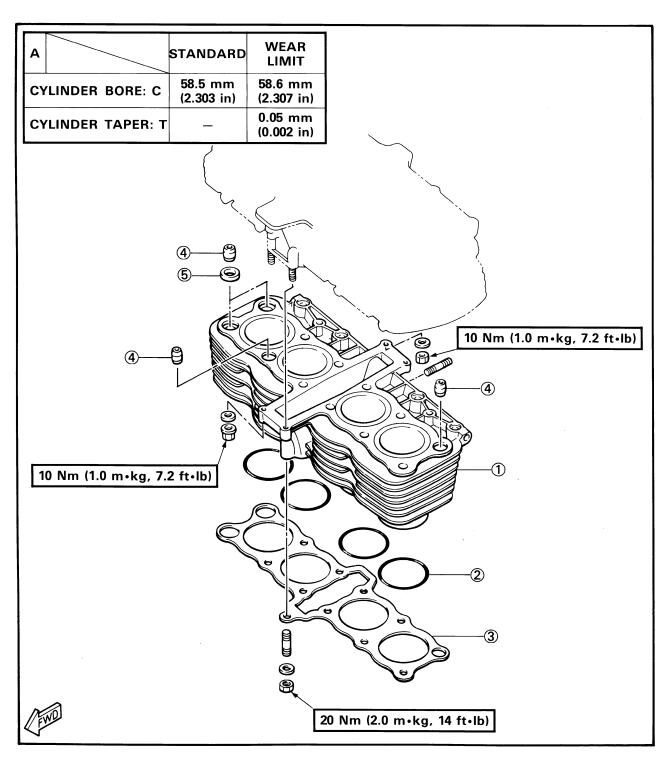




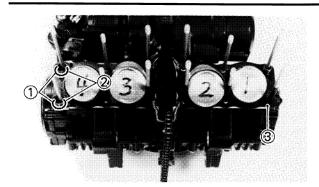
#### **CYLINDER**

- Cylinder
   O-ring
   Gasket

- 4 Dowel pin
- (5) O-ring

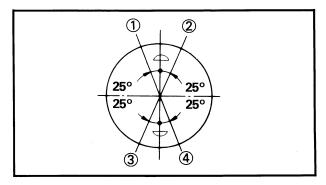




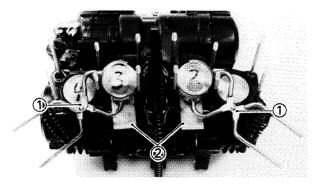


#### **CYLINDER**

- 1. Install:
  - Dowel pins ①
  - 0-rings **(2)**
  - Cylinder gasket 3



- 2. Oil liberally:
  - Piston
  - Rings
  - Cylinders
- 3. Set:
  - •Top ring end (1)
  - •Oil ring end (Lower) (2)
  - •Oil ring end (Upper) 3
  - •2nd ring end (4)



#### 4. Install:

Cylinder

Use Piston Ring Compressor (YM-04047) and Piston Base

(YM-01067).

Pass the cam chain and exhaust side cam chain guide through cam chain cavity.



- 5. Tighten:
  - •Cylinder nut (1)



20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)

- 6. Install:
  - Front engine mount spacer (2)
  - Damper (3)

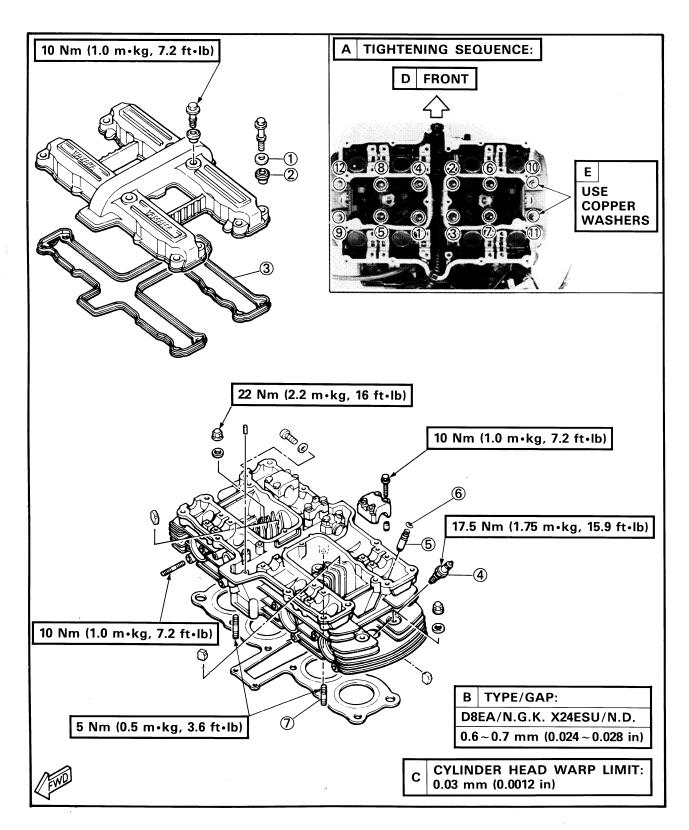
3

**(2**)

### **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**

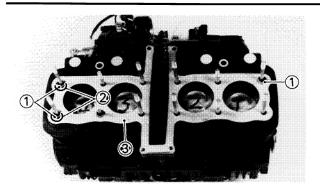
#### CYLINDER HEAD

- 1 Washer
- Rubber washerGasket
- 4 Spark plug
- ⑤ Valve guide
- ⑥ Circlip
- (7) Stud bolt



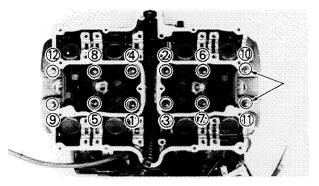




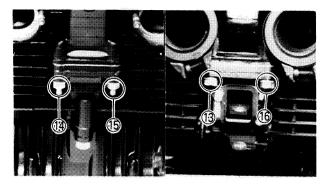


#### **CYLINDER HEAD**

- 1. Install:
  - Dowel pins (1)
  - •0-rings **②**
  - Head gasket (3) (New)
  - •Cylinder head

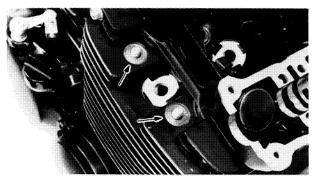


- 2. Tighten:
  - Cylinder head nuts In sequence as shown and torque nuts in two stages.





Nut No. (1)~(12): 22 Nm (2.2 m·kg, 16 ft·lb) Nut No. 13~16: 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)



NOTE: \_

Use copper washers.



### **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**

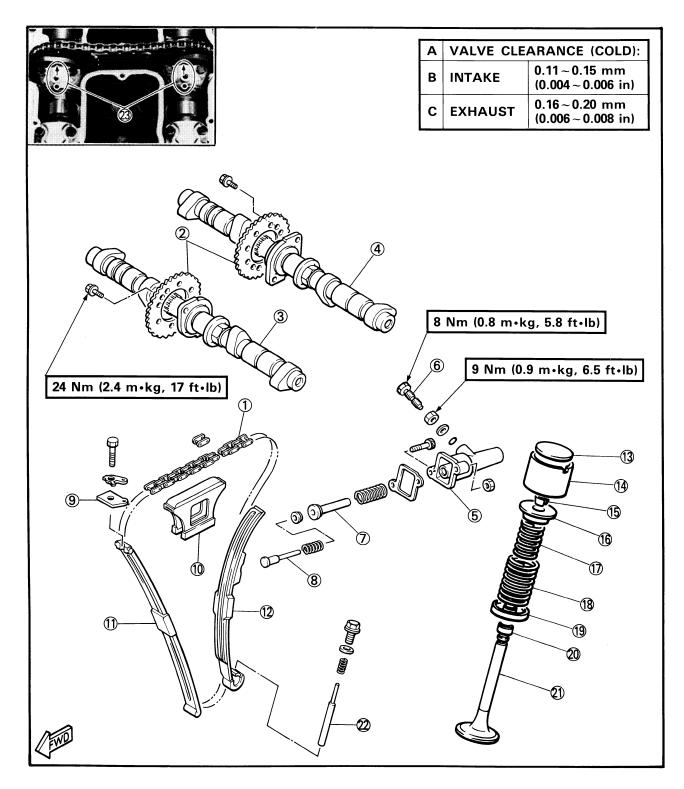
#### **CAMSHAFT**

- 1) Cam chain

- 2 Cam sprocket
  3 Camshaft (Exhaust)
  4 Camshaft (Intake)
  5 Chain tensioner body
  6 Tensioner lock bolt
- (7) Tensioner rod (Large)
- (8) Tensioner rod (Small)
- 9 Guide stopper plate
- 10 Upper chain guide
- 1 Exhaust side chain guide
- 12 Intake side chain guide
- (13) Adjusting pad
- (14) Valve lifter
- (15) Valve retainer
- (16) Spring seat

- (17) Inner spring
- 18 Outer spring
- 19 Spring seat 20 Oil seal 21 Valve

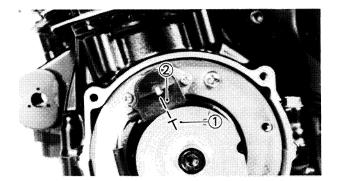
- Chain guide stopper
- 23 Match mark





#### **CAMSHAFT**

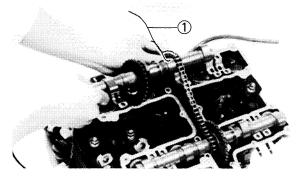
- 1. Rotate:
  - CrankshaftCounterclockwise



2. Align:

•"T" mark (1)

On the timing plate with the upper pickup coil mark ② when No. 1 piston is at TDC on compression stroke.



- 3. Install:
  - Cam chain sprockets (on the camshafts)
  - $\bullet \ensuremath{^{\prime\prime}}\ensurem$

Apply engine oil to camshaft bearing surfaces before installing camshafts.

- 4. Remove:
  - •Retaining wire (1)

2
0

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_

- •"I" mark (1) for intake camshaft
- •"E" mark (2) for exhaust camshaft

- 5. Install:
  - Dowel pins
  - •Cam caps



10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

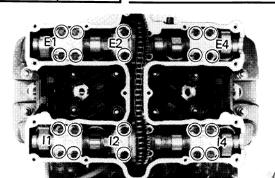
NOTE

Do not install No. 3 intake (I-3) and No. 3 exhaust (E-3) cam caps at in this stage.

3



### **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**



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The cam caps must be tightened evenly or damage to the cylinder head, cam caps and cam will result. The spaces between the caps and cylinder head should be equal.

#### Cam Chain

- 1. Rotate:
  - Exhaust camshaft
- 2. Align:
  - Exhaust camshaft timing mark
     (with the "E-2" cam cap arrow mark)

CAUTION:			
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Do not rotate the camshaft over 1/2 turn or damage to the piston and valve will result.

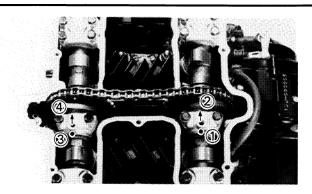
- 3. Position:
  - Cam chain (onto sprockets)
- 4. Install:
  - •Sprockets (onto camshafts)
- Force the exhaust sprocket clockwise (viewing from left side engine) to remove all cam chain slack.
- 6. Align:
  - Sprocket, hole
     (with the exhaust camshaft thread hole)

NOTE:	

If the sprocket hole do not align with the camshaft hole, adjust chain links between crankshaft and exhaust camshaft.

- 7. Install:
  - Exhaust sprocket bolt (temporarily tighten)





- 8. Rotate:
  - •Intake camshaft
- 9. Align:
  - •Intake camshaft timing mark (1) (with the "I-2" cam cap arrow mark 2)
- ③ Exhaust camshaft timing mark
- 4 "E-2" cam cap arrow mark

Do not rotate the camshaft over 1/2 turn or damage to the piston and valve will result.

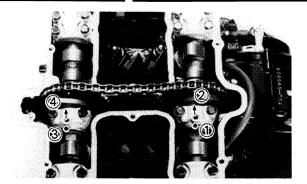
- 10. Force the intake sprocket clockwise (viewing from left side engine) to remove all cam chain slack.
- 11. Align:
  - •Intake sprocket hole (with the intake camshaft thread hole)

#### NOTE: \_

If the sprocket hole do not align with the camshaft thread hole, adjust chain links between exhaust and intake camshafts.

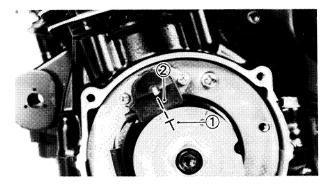
- 12. Install:
  - •Intake sprocket bolt (temporarily tighten)





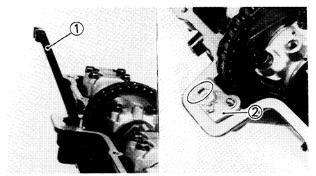
#### NOTE: \_\_

- Be sure the camshaft timing marks (1) or 3) align with the cam cap arrow mark (2) or 4).
- •Be sure the "T" mark on the timing plate align with the upper pickup coil mark.



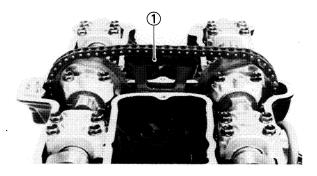
#### 13. Rotate:

- CrankshaftCounterclockwise
- 14. Align:
  - •Timing plate "T" mark ①
    (with the upper pickup coil mark ②)



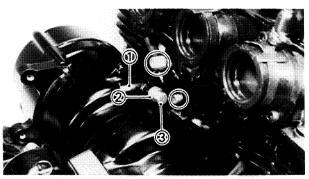
#### 15. Install:

- •Exhaust side chain guide ①
- Chain guide stopper (2)
- Bolt
- Lock washer
- 16. Bend the lock washer tab against bolt flat.



#### 17. Install:

•Upper chain guide ①



#### 18. Install:

•Cam chain tensioner (1)



10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

#### 19. Loosen:

- •Locknut (2)
- •Tensioner lock bolt ③



- 20. Tighten:
  - •Tensioner lock bolt
  - Locknut

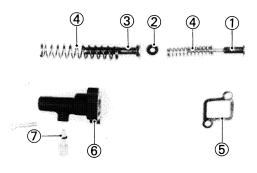


**Bolt:** 

8 Nm (0.8 m•kg, 5.8 ft•lb)

Locknut:

9 Nm (0.9 m·kg, 6.5 ft·lb)



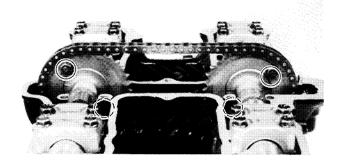
#### Cam chain tensioner installation steps:

- •Install the spring 4, large tensioner rod 3, damper 2, small spring 4, and small tensioner rod 1 into the tensioner body 6.
- Push the tensioner rod assembly into the body.

NOTE: \_

Face the large rod surface to the lock bolt  $\bigcirc$ .

- •Tighten lock bolt.
- •Lock the locknut.
- (5) Gasket



- 21. Rotate:
  - CrankshaftCounterclockwise
- 22. Install:
  - Sprocket bolts (all)



24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)

3



### **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**

- 23. Install:
  - •No. 3 intake cam cap
  - •No. 3 exhaust cam cap



Bolts (Cam Cap):

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

- 24. Install:
  - •Left crankcase cover



Screw:

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

- 25. Install:
  - •Spark plug (1)



17.5 Nm (1.75 m•kg, 12.7 ft•lb)

- Head cover gasket
- Head cover (2)



**Bolt:** 

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

#### **REMOUNTING ENGINE**

Reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Tighten:
  - Engine mounting bolts



Front Upper Bolts 1:

42 Nm (4.2 m·kg, 30 ft·lb)

Front Bracket Bolt (2):

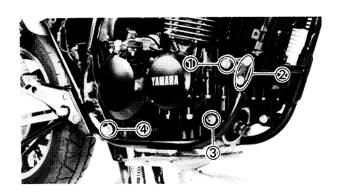
32 Nm (3.2 m·kg, 23 ft·lb)

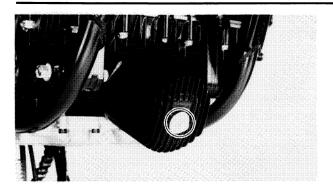
Front Lower Bolts (3):

42 Nm (4.2 m·kg, 30 ft·lb)

Rear Bolts (4):

90 Nm (9.0 m·kg, 65 ft·lb)

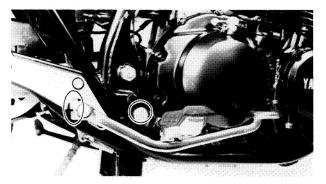




- 2. Tighten:
  - •Oil filter bolt



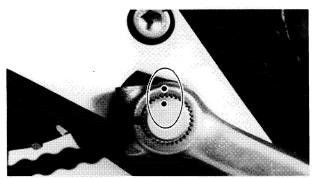
15 Nm (1.5 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)



- 3. Tighten:
  - Bolt (Footrest)



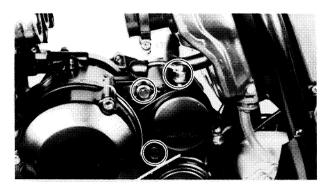
70 Nm (7.0 m·kg, 50 ft·lb)



- 4. Install:
  - Brake pedal

NOTE: .

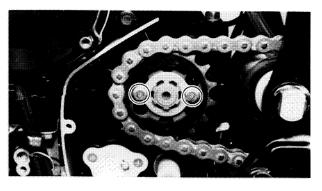
Align the punch marks on the brake shaft and the pedal.



- 5. Install:
  - •Starter motor



**Bolt (Starter Motor):** 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)



- 6. Install:
  - Drive chain
  - Drive sprocket

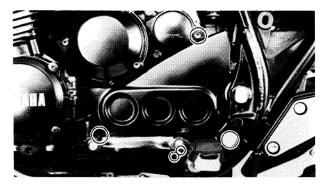


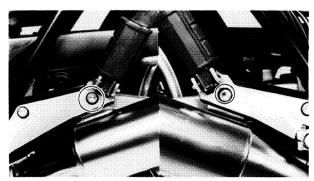
**Bolts (Drive Sprocket):** 

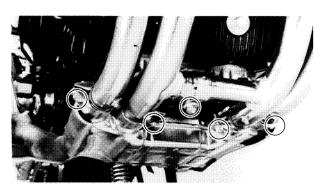
10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

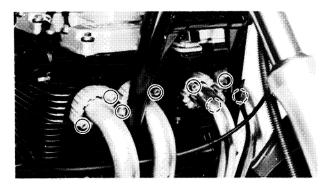


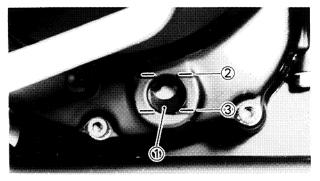
### **ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT**











- 7. Install:
  - Drive sprocket cover
  - Change pedal
  - Footrest



**Bolt (Change Pedal):** 

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) **Bolt (Footrest):** 

70 Nm (7.0 m·kg, 50 ft·lb)

- 8. Install:
  - Mufflers



**Bolt**:

25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)

**Bolt:** 

25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)

- 9. Install:
  - Exhaust pipes



Nuts (Exhaust Pipe):

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) **Bolts (Exhaust Pipe Joint):** 

20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)

- 10. Fill:
  - Crankcase



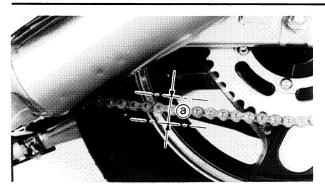
Recommended Oil:

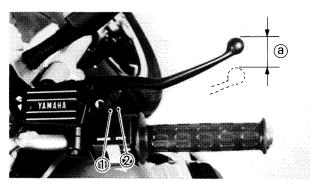
Yamalube 4, SAE 20W40 Type SE Motor oil or SAE 10W30 Type SE Motor oil

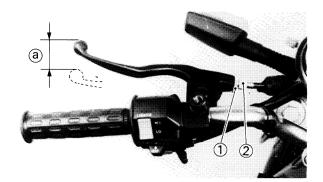
Refer to "CHAPTER 2-ENGINE OIL LEV-EL INSPECTION" section.

- 1 Level window
- (2) Maximum mark(3) Minimum mark Maximum mark









- 11. Adjust:
  - Drive chain slack (a)



**Drive Chain Slack:** 

 $20 \sim 30 \text{ mm} (0.8 \sim 1.2 \text{ in})$ 

Refer to "CHAPTER 2-DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section.

- 12. Adjust:
  - •Brake lever free play (a)



Free Play:

 $2\sim5$  mm  $(0.08\sim0.20$  in)

Refer to "CHAPTER 2-BRAKE LEVER FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT" section.

- Locknut
   Adjuster
- 13. Adjust:
  - Clutch lever free play (a)



Free Play:

 $10 \sim 15 \text{ mm} (0.4 \sim 0.6 \text{ in})$ 

Refer to "CHAPTER 2-CLUTCH LEVER FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT" section.

- 1 Locknut
- 2 Adjuster
- 14. Adjust:
  - •Cam chain Refer to "CHAPTER 2-CAM CHAIN AD-JUSTMENT" section.

- 15. Adjust:
  - •Idle speed



1,250~1,350 r/min

Refer to "CHAPTER 2-IDLE SPEED ADJUST-MENT" section.



## MEMO-



# CHAPTER 4 CARBURETION

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AIR CLEANER AND CRANKCASE VENTUATION SYSTEM	М 1−13

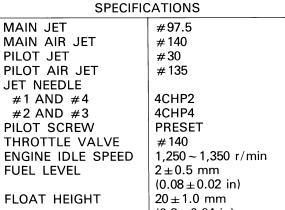


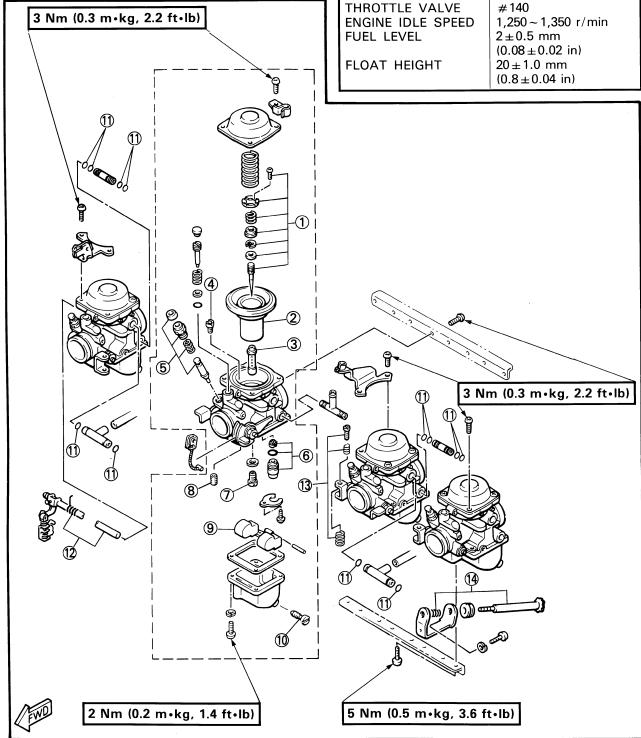
### **CARBURETION**

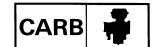
#### **CARBURETOR**

- Jet needle set
   Throttle valve
   Main nozzle
   Pilot air jet

- 6 Valve seat set
- Main jet
- 8 Pilot jet9 Float (10) Drain screw
- ① O-ring
- 5 Starter plunger set 12 Starter lever
  - 3 Synchronizing screw
  - (14) Throttle stop screw







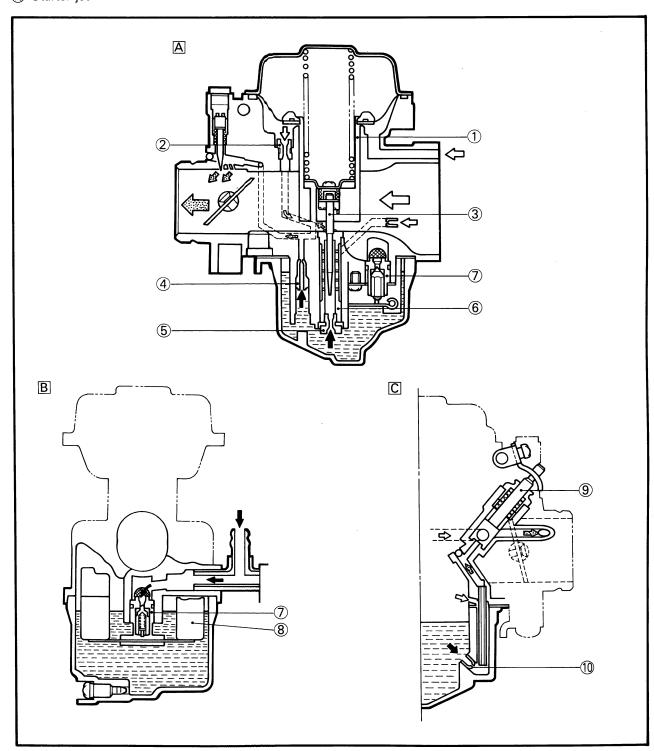
#### **SECTION VIEW**

- 1 Throttle valve
  2 Pilot air jet
  3 Jet needle
  4 Pilot jet
  5 Main jet
  6 Main nozzle
  7 Valve seat
  8 Float
  9 Starter plunger
  10 Starter jet

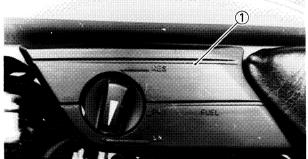
- A Main metering systemB Float systemC Starter system

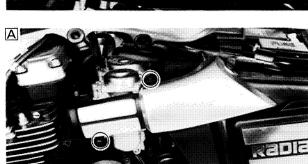


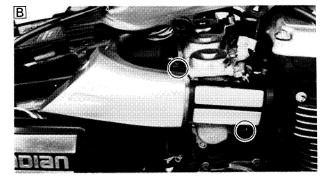
Mixture

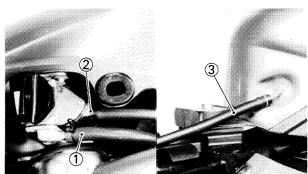


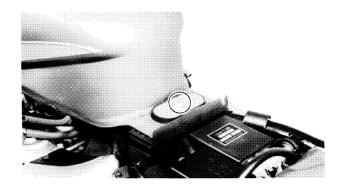












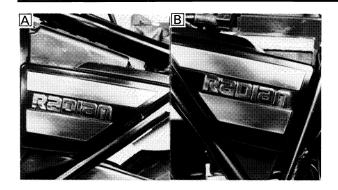
#### **REMOVAL**

- 1. Turn the fuel cock to "ON" position.
- 2. Remove:
  - Seat
  - •Cover (Fuel cock) ①
- 3. Remove:
  - Cover (Carburetor)
- A Left side
  B Right side

- 4. Disconnect:
  - •Fuel pipe ①
  - •Vacuum pipe ②
  - •Fuel tank breather pipe ③

- 5. Remove:
  - Fuel tank





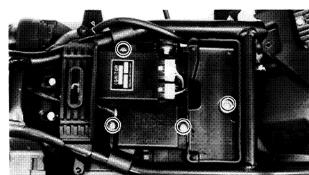
- 6. Remove:
  - •Side cover
- A Left side
  B Right side



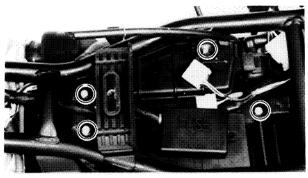
- 7. Remove:
  - •Battery case cover ①
  - Battery



Disconnect the negative lead first, and then disconnect the positive lead.



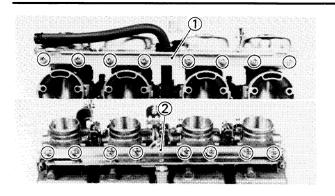
- 8. Remove:
  - •Screws (Fuse box)
  - •Ignitor unit



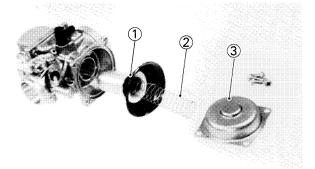
- 9. Remove:
  - •Bolts (Battery case)
  - Bolts (Air cleaner case)



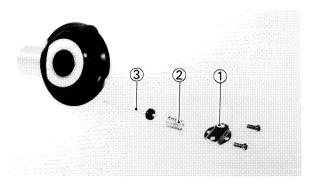




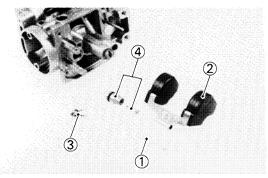
- 2. Remove:
  - •Upper bracket (1)
  - •Lower bracket (2)



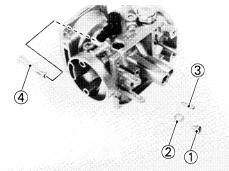
- 3. Remove:
  - •Vacuum chamber cover (1)
  - •Spring ②
  - •Throttle valve assembly ③



- 4. Remove:
  - •Jet needle cover ①
  - •Spring ②
  - •Jet needle ③



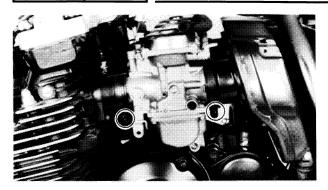
- 5. Remove:
  - Float chamber cover
  - Gasket
  - •Float pin ①
  - •Float ②
  - •Valve seat plate (3)
  - Valve seat assembly (4)



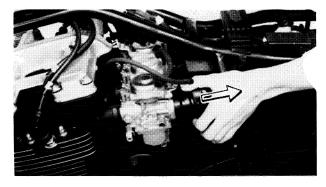
- 6. Remove:
  - •Main jet ①
  - •Washer (2)
  - •Pilot jet ③
  - •Main nozzle (4)

4

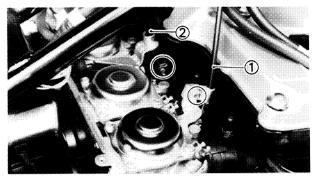




- 10. Loosen:
  - •Screws (Carburetor joints)



11. Slide the air cleaner case and the battery case backward.



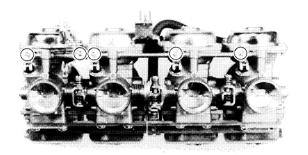
- 12. Remove:
  - •Starter cable (1)
  - •Throttle cable (2)
  - •Air bent hoses
  - Carburetor assembly

#### **DISASSEMBLY**

NOTE: \_

The following parts can be cleaned and inspected without carburetor separation.

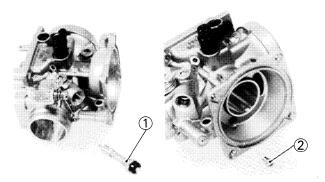
- Throttle valve
- Starter plunger
- Float chamber components



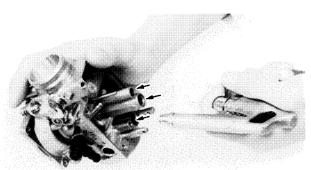
- 1. Remove:
  - •Starter lever shaft

# CARB 🕌

### **CARBURETOR**



- 7. Remove:
  - •Starter plunger (1)
  - Pilot air jet ②



#### **INSPECTION**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Carburetor body
  - Fuel passage Contamination → Clean as indicated.

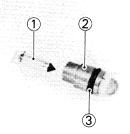
#### Carburetor cleaning steps:

- Wash carburetor in petroleum based solvent.
   (Do not use any caustic carburetor cleaning solution.)
- •Blow out all passages and jets with compressed air.



#### 2. Inspect:

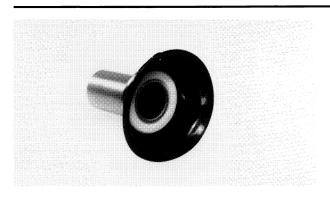
- $\bullet \, Floats$
- Damage → Replace.



- 3. Inspect:
  - Float needle valve ①
  - Seat (2)
  - 0-ring (3)

Damage/Wear/Contamination→Replace as a set.



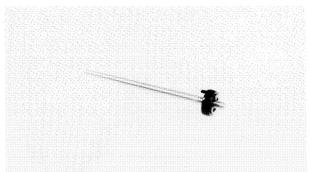




•Throttle valve Scratches→Replace.

**CARBURETOR** 

• Rubber diaphragm Tears→Replace.



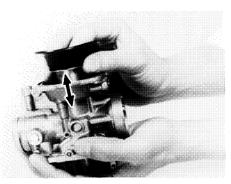
#### 5. Inspect:

•Jet needle Bends/Wear→Replace.



#### 6. Inspect:

•Starter plunger Wear/Damage→Replace.



#### 7. Check:

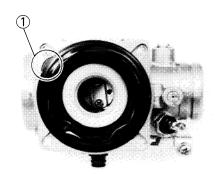
• Free movement Insert the throttle valve into the carburetor body, and check for free movement. Stick→Replace.

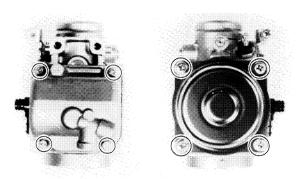
#### **ASSEMBLY**

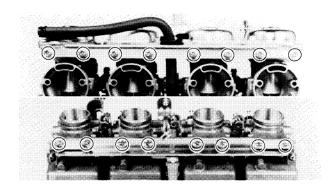
To assemble the carburetor, reverse the disassembly procedures. Note the following points.

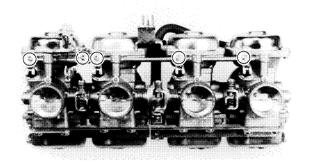
#### **CAUTION:**

- Before reassembling, wash all parts in clean gasoline.
- •Always use a new gasket.









- 1. Install:
  - •Throttle valve

#### NOTE: \_

Note position of tab ① on diaphragm. This tab must be placed in the cavity of the carburetor body during reassembly.

- 2. Install:
  - Float chamber cover
  - Vacuum chamber cover



Screw (Float Chamber Cover):
2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb)
Screw (Vacuum Chamber Cover):
3 Nm (0.3 m•kg, 2.2 ft•lb)

- 3. Install:
  - Upper bracket
  - Lower bracket



Screw (Upper Bracket): 3 Nm (0.3 m·kg, 2.2 ft·lb) Screw (Lower Bracket): 5 Nm (0.5 m·kg, 3.6 ft·lb)

- 4. Install:
  - •Starter lever shaft



Screw (Starter Lever Shaft): 3 Nm (0.3 m·kg, 2.2 ft·lb) Apply LOCTITE<sup>®</sup>.

#### **INSTALLATION**

- 1. Install:
  - Carburetor assembly Reserve the removal procedure.

# **CARBURETOR**

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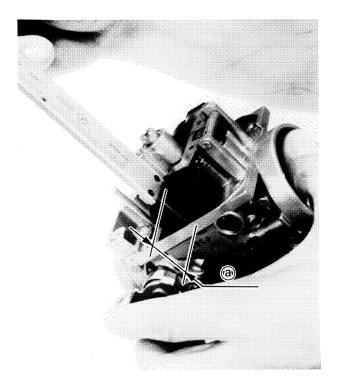
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NOTE: .

Before adjusting the fuel level, the float height should be adjusted.

# **CAUTION:**

The pilot screw settings are adjusted for maximum performance at the factory. Any attempt to change these settings will decrease engine performance.



# Float Height Adjustment

- 1. Measure:
  - Float height (a)
     Out of specification → Adjust it by the following adjustment steps.



# Float Height:

 $20.0 \pm 1.0 \text{ mm } (0.8 \pm 0.04 \text{ in})$ 

# Float height measurement steps:

- Hold the carburetor in an upside down position.
- •Incline the carburetor at  $60 \sim 70^{\circ}$  (so that the end of the float valve does not hang down as a result of float weight).
- Measure the distance from the mating surface of the float chamber (gasket removed) to the top of the float.

NOTE: -

The float should be just resting on, but not depressing, the spring loaded inlet needle.



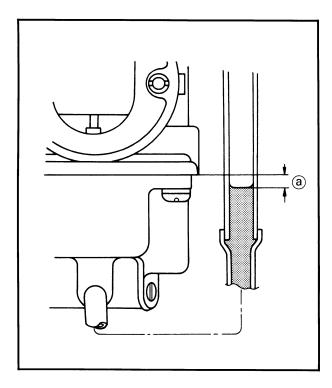


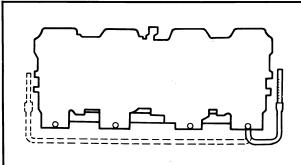
# 2. Adjust:

Float height

# Float height adjustment steps:

- Remove the float, valve seat and the needle valve.
- •Inspect the valve seat and the needle valve. If either is worn, replace as a set.
- •If both are fine, adjust the float height by bending the float tang (1).
- Recheck the float height.





# Fuel Level Adjustment

- 1. Measure:
  - Fuel level (a)

Out of specification -> Adjust it by the following adjustment steps.



#### Fuel Level (a):

 $2.0 \pm 0.5$  mm  $(0.08 \pm 0.02$  in) **Below the Carburetor Body** Edge.

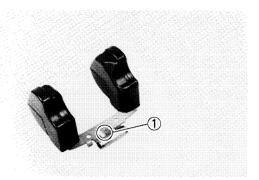
#### Fuel level measurement steps:

- Place the motorcycle on the level place.
- •Install the Fuel Level Gauge Adapter (YM-01329) to the drain hole of the carburetor.
- Connect the Fuel Level Gauge (YM-01312) to the Adapter.
- Place the Gauge vertically next to the center of the mating line of the mixing body and float chamber cover.
- •Loosen the drain screw.
- •Warm up the engine, then shut it off after a few minutes.
- Measure the fuel level. It should be within the specified range.

#### NOTE: .

Fuel level readings of both side of carburetor line should be equal.





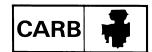
# 2. Adjust:

•Fuel level

**CARBURETOR** 

# Fuel level adjustment steps:

- Remove the carburetor assembly. Refer to "REMOVAL" section.
- •Remove the float, valve seat and the needle valve.
- •Inspect the valve seat and the needle valve. If either is worn, replace as a set.
- •If both are fine, adjust the float height by bending the float tang (1).
- Recheck the fuel level.



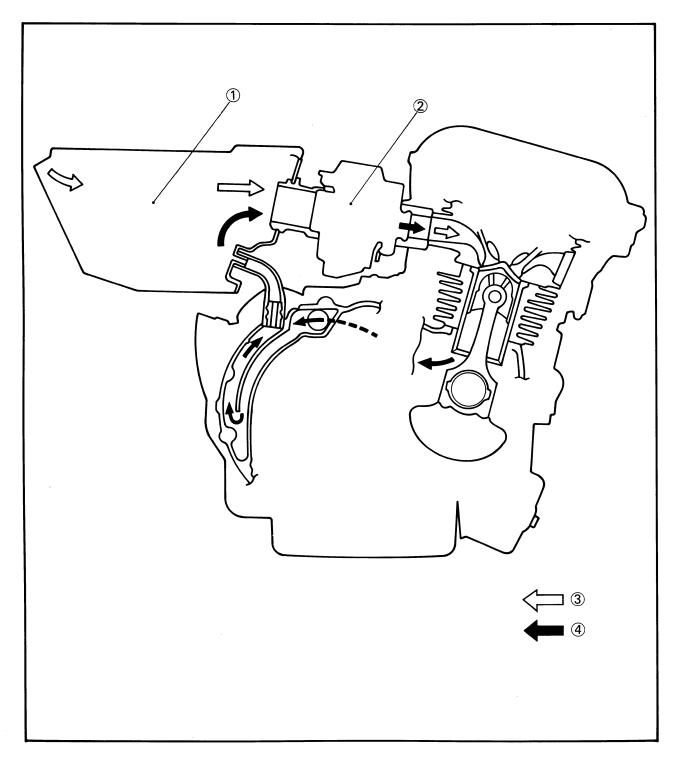
# AIR CLEANER AND CRANKCACE VENTILATION **SYSTEM**

# **AIR CLEANER AND CRANKCASE VENTILATION SYSTEM**

Refer to "CHAPTER2-AIR CLEANER CLEAN-ING" for air cleaner maintenance.

- Air cleaner
   Carburetor
   Fresh air

- (4) Blow by gas





# CHAPTER 5 CHASSIS

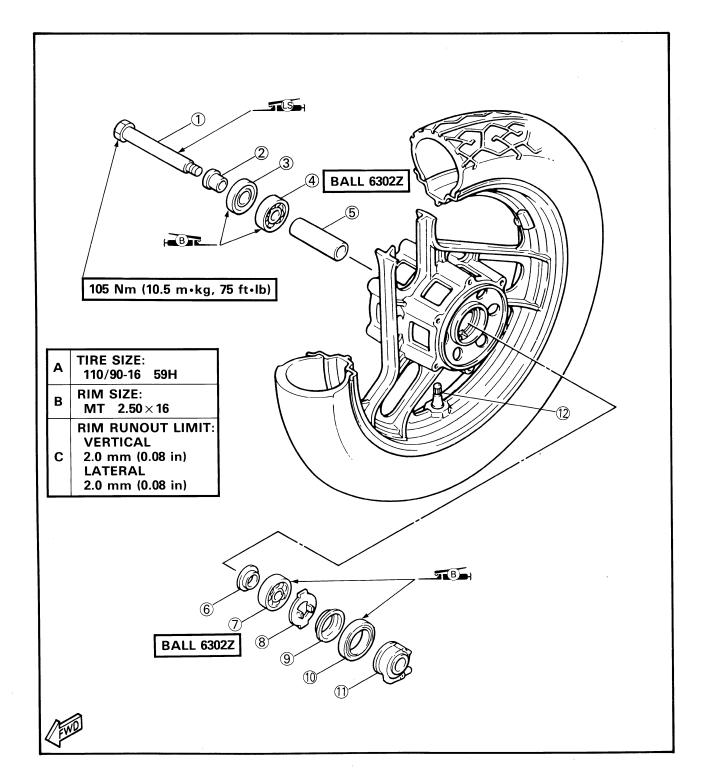
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# **CHASSIS**

# **FRONT WHEEL**

- Front axle
   Collar
   Oil seal
   Bearing
- 7 Bearing
- 8 Meter clutch
- 9 Clutch retainer10 Oil seal

- 5 Spacer
- (1) Gear unit assembly
- 6 Flange spacer
- 12 Front wheel



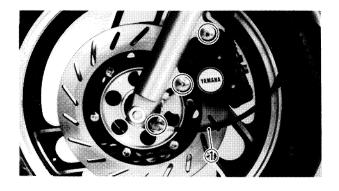


#### **REMOVAL**

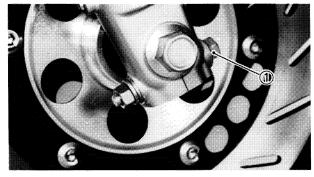
1. Place the motorcycle on its centerstand.

# **WARNING:**

Support the motorcycle securely so there is no danger of it falling over.



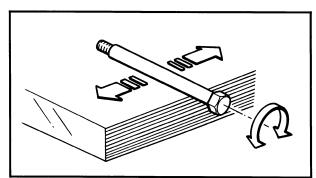
- 2. Remove:
  - •Speedometer cable (1)
  - Brake caliper (Left and right)



- 3. Loosen:
  - •Pinch bolt (1)
- 4. Remove:
  - Axle
  - Front wheel

NOTE: \_

Do not depress the brake lever when the wheel is off the motorcycle otherwise the brake pads will be forced shut.



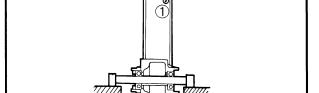
#### **INSPECTION**

- 1. Eliminate any corrosion from parts.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Front axle Roll the axle on a flat surface. Bends→Replace.



Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.

- 3. Measure:
  - •Wheel runout Out of specification -> Check the wheel and the bearing play.





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Rim Runout Limits:

Radial (1): 2.0 mm (0.08 in) Lateral (2): 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

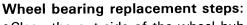
# FRONT WHEEL

- 4. Inspect:
  - Wheel

Cracks/Bends/Warpage→Replace.



Wheel bearings
 Bearings allow play in the wheel hub or wheel turns roughly→Replace.



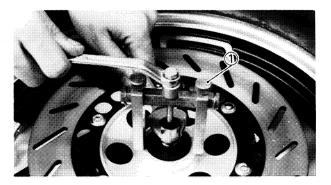
- •Clean the out side of the wheel hub.
- •Remove the bearing using a general bearing puller 1.
- •Install the new bearing.

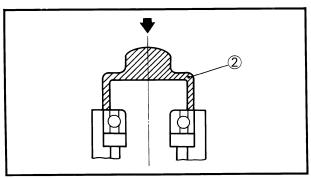
NOTE: \_

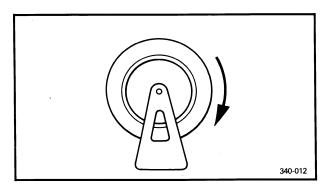
Use a socket ② that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not strike the inner race of balls of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.







- 6. Check:
  - •Wheel balance

Wheel is not statically balanced if it comes to rest at the same point after several light rotations.

Out of balance → Install appropriate balance weight at lightest point (on top).



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• Balance wheel with brake disc installed.

# **WARNING:**

- After mounting a tire, ride conservatively to allow proper tire to rim seating. Failure to do so may cause an accident resulting in motorcycle damage and possible operator injury.
- After a tire repair or replacement, be sure to torque tighten the valve stem locknut (1) to specification.



Valve-Stem Locknut:

1.5 Nm (0.15 m·kg, 1.1 ft·lb)

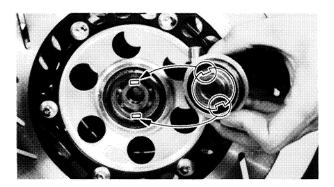


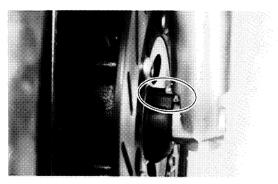
341-009

#### INSTALLATION

When installing the front wheel, reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Apply:
  - Lithium base grease Lightly grease to the oil seal and gear unit.





- 2. Install:
  - Gear unit assembly

NOTE:

Make sure the projections inside the gear unit are meshed with the flats in the wheel hub.

- 3. Install:
  - Front wheel assembly

Be sure the boss on the outer fork tube correctly engages with the locating slot on the gear unit assembly.



# FRONT WHEEL

- 4. Tighten:
  - Axle nut



105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb)

Bolts (Brake caliper)



35 Nm (3.5 m·kg, 25 ft·lb)

•Pinch bolt



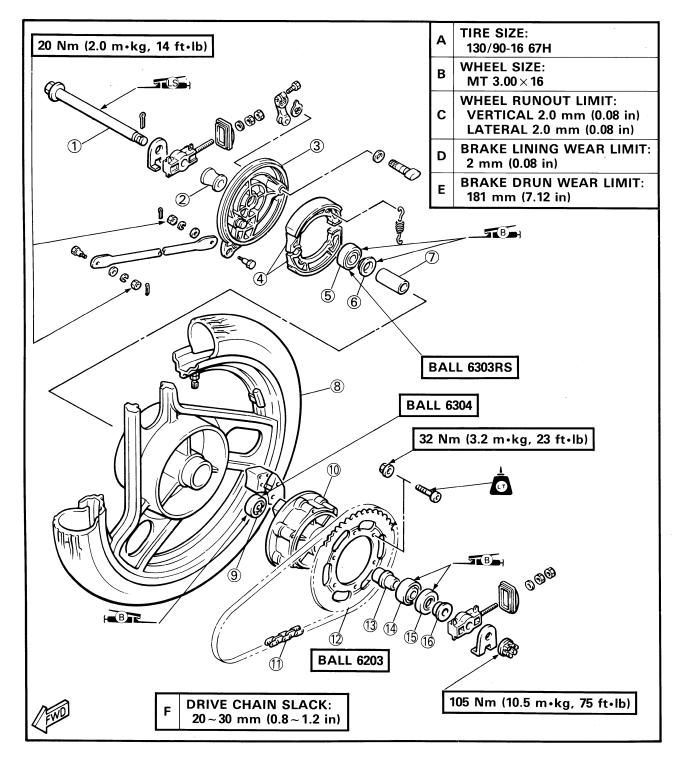
20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)



MEMO



- 1) Rear axle
- CollarBrake shoe plate
- 4 Brake shoes
- **5** Bearing
- 6 Flange spacer
- 7 Collar8 Rear wheel
- 9 Bearing
- (10) Hub
- ① Drive chain
- Driven sprocket
- ① Collar
- (14) Bearing
- (15) Oil seal
- (16) Collar

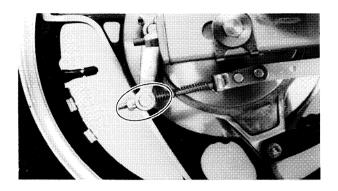


# **REMOVAL**

1. Place the motorcycle on its centerstand.

# **WARNING:**

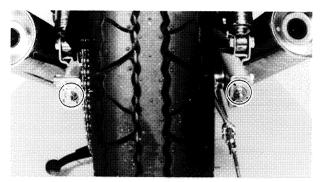
Support the motorcycle securely so there is no danger of it falling over.



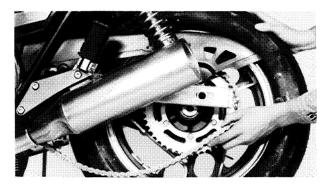
- 2. Remove:
  - Adjuster
  - Spring
  - Pin



- 3. Remove:
  - •Cotter pin
  - Nut
  - Spring washer
  - Plain washer
  - Bolt



- 4. Loosen:
  - •Lock nuts (Drive chain)
  - Adjuster (Drive chain)



- 5. Remove:
  - •Cotter pin
  - Nut
  - •Rear axle
  - •Rear wheel

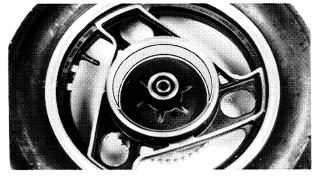


#### **INSPECTION**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Rear axle
     Refer to "FRONT WHEEL-INSPECTION" section.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Wheel runout
     Refer to "FRONT WHEEL-INSPECTION" section.
- 3. Inspect:
  - Wheel

Refer to "FRONT WHEEL-INSPECTION" section.

- 4. Check:
  - Wheel bearings
     Refer to "FRONT WHEEL-INSPECTION" section.
- 5. Check:
  - Wheel balance
     Refer to "FRONT WHEEL-INSPECTION" section.



# 346-006

- 6. Inspect:
  - Brake lining surface
     Glazed areas → Remove.
     Use a coarse sand paper.

NOTE: \_\_\_

After using the sand paper, clean of the polished particles with cloth.

- 7. Measure:
  - Brake lining thickness
     Out of specification→Replace.
- 1 Measuring points



Brake Lining Thickness: 4 mm (0.16 in) Wear Limit: 2 mm (0.08 in)

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Replace the brake shoes as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.

# 8. Inspect:

 Brake drum inner surface Oil/Scratches→Remove.

Oil	Use a rag soaked in lacquer thinner or solvent.
Scratches	Use a emery cloth (lightly and evenly polishing)



#### 9. Measure:

Brake drum inside diameter
 Out of specification→Replace rear wheel.



Brake Drum Inside Diameter: 180 mm (7.08 in) Wear Limit: 181 mm (7.12 in)

#### 10. Inspect:

•Camshaft face Wear→Replace.



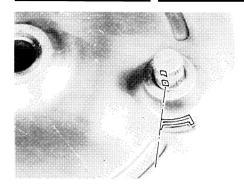
# **ASSEMBLY (BRAKE SHOE PLATE)**

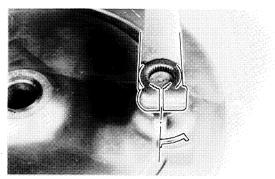
When assemblying the brake shoe plate, reverse the disassembly procedure. Note the following points.

#### 1. Apply:

•Lithium-soap base grease (to the brake cam shaft)







- 2. Install:
  - Brake cam shaft

- 3. Install:
  - •Cam shaft lever

#### **INSTALLATION**

When installing the rear wheel, reverse the removal procedure.

Note the following points.

- 1. Apply:
  - Lithuim base grease
     Lightly gerase to the oil seal lips.
- 2. Adjust:
  - Drive chain slack



**Drive Chain Slack:** 

 $20 \sim 30 \text{ mm} (0.8 \sim 1.2 \text{ in})$ 

Refer to "CHAPTER 2-DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section.

- 3. Tighten:
  - Axle nut



105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb)

Nut (Tension bar)



20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)





- 4. Install:
  - Cotter pin

# **WARNING:**

Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.

- 5. Adjust:
  - •Brake pedal free play



Free Play:

 $20 \sim 30 \text{ mm} (0.8 \sim 1.2 \text{ in})$ 

Refer to "CHAPTER 2-BRAKE PEDAL FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT" section.

# WARNING:

Check the operation of the brake light after adjusting the rear brake.

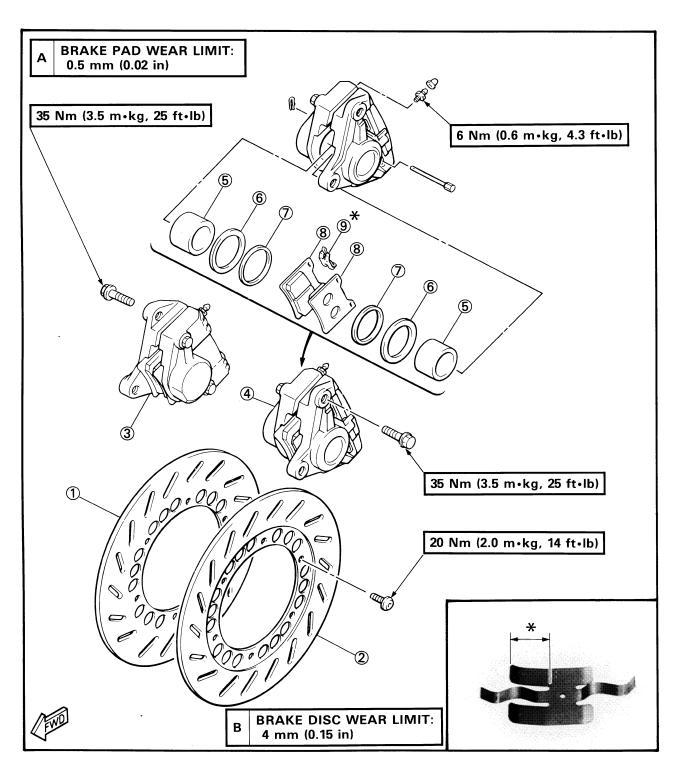


# FRONT BRAKE

# FRONT BRAKE **BRAKE CALIPER**

- ① Brake disc (Right) ② Brake disc (Left) ③ Brake caliper (Right)
- 4 Brake caliper (Left)5 Piston

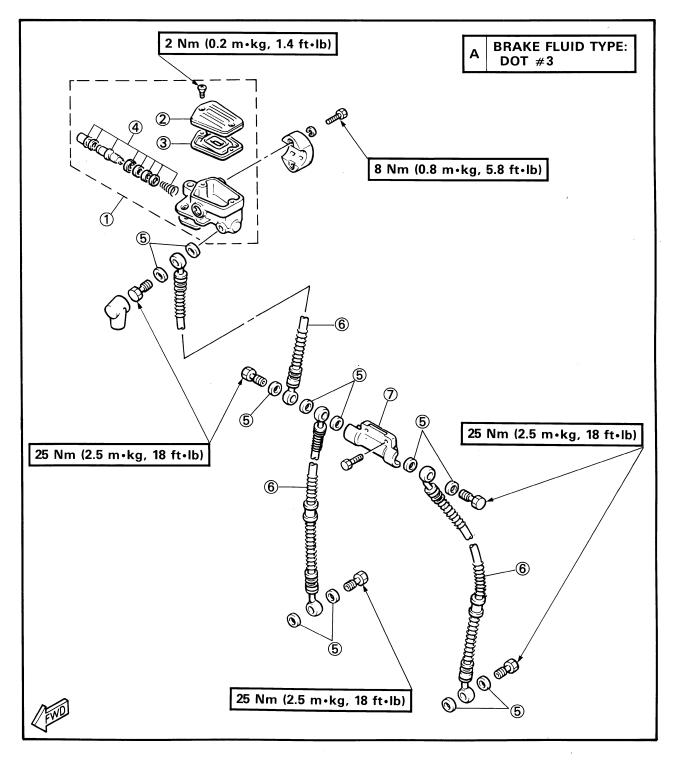
- 6 Piston seal
- 7 Dust seal
- 8 Brake pad
- 9 Pad spring
- \* Install the pad spring with its longer tangs facing towards the disc rotation direction.



#### **BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER**

- 1 Master cylinder assembly
- 2 Master cylinder cap
  3 Rubber seal
  4 Master cylinder kit

- **5** Copper washer
- 6 Brake hose
  7 Joint



# FRONT BRAKE

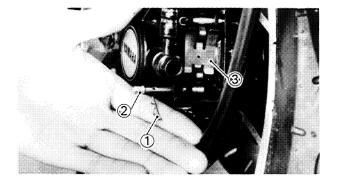
# **CAUTION:**

Disc brake components rarely require disassembly. Do not disassemble components unless absolutely necessary. If any hydraulic connection in the system is opened, the entire system should be disassembled, drained, cleaned and then properly filled and bled upon reassembly. Do not use solvents on brake internal components. Solvents will cause seals to swell and distort. Use only clean brake fluid for cleaning. Use care with brake fluid. Brake fluid is injurious to eyes and will damage painted surfaces and plastic parts.

CALIP	ER	PAD	REPL.	ACEMENT

NOTE: \_

It is not necessary to disassemble the brake caliper and brake hose to replace the brake pads.



- 1. Remove:
  - Cover
  - •Clips (1)
  - Pins (2)
  - Pad spring ③



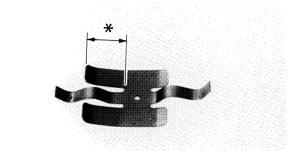
- 2. Replace:
  - •Brake pads (1)

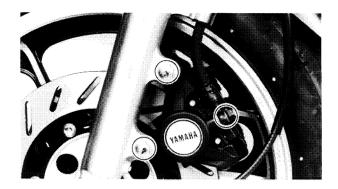
NOTE: \_

Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.









3. Install:

- Pad spring
- Pins
- Clips
- Cover

NOTE: \_

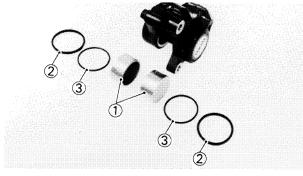
Install the pad spring with its longer tangs facing towards the disc rotation direction.

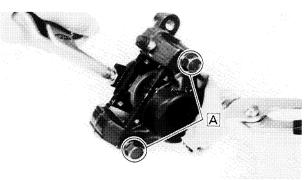
# **CALIPER DISASSEMBLY**

NOTE: \_

Before disassemblying the caliper, drain the brake fluid.

- 1. Remove:
  - Brake caliper
- 2. Remove:
  - Brake pad Refer to "CALIPER PAD REPLACEMENT" section.





- 3. Remove:
  - Piston (1)
  - Piston seal (2)
  - Dust seal (3)

# Caliper piston removal steps:

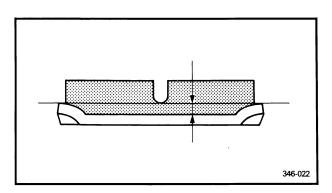
- •Using a rag, lock the right side piston.
- Blow compressed air into the hose joint opening to force out the left side piston from the caliper body.
- Remove the dust and piston seals and reinstall the piston.
- •Repeat previous step to force out the right side piston from the caliper body.

A DO NOT LOOSEN



# FRONT BRAKE





# **INSPECTION**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Caliper piston
     Rust/Wear→Replace.
  - Caliper cylinder body Wear/Scratches → Replace.

Brake pads
 Out of specification→Replace.



Pad Wear Limit: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

#### **INSTALLATION**

- 1. Assemble:
  - Brake caliper(s)
     Reverse disassembly steps.

# **WARNING:**

- •All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only.
- •Internal parts should be lubricated with brake fluid when installed.

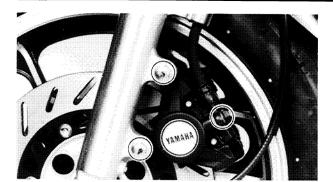


Brake Fluid: DOT #3

 Replace the dust and piston seals whenever a caliper is disassembled.

- 2. Install:
  - Brake caliper
  - Brake hose





- 3. Tighten:
  - •Bolt (Brake hose)
  - •Bolts (Caliper)



Bolt (Brake hose):

25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb) **Bolts (Caliper):** 

35 Nm (3.5 m·kg, 25 ft·lb)

- 4. Fill:
  - Brake system

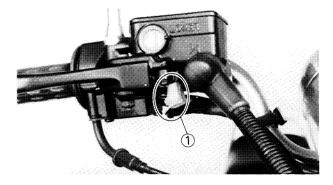


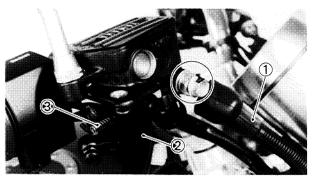
Recommended Brake Fluid: **DOT** #3

5. Bleed the air completely from the brake system.

Refer to "AIR BLEEDING" section.

- 6. Check:
  - Brake fluid level Refer to "CHAPTER 2-FRONT BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION' section.



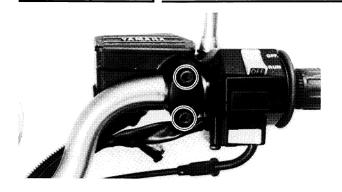


# MASTER CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY NOTE: .

Before disassemblying the master cylinder, drain the brake fluid.

- 1. Disconnect:
  - Brake switch leads (1)
- 2. Remove:
  - •Brake hose (1)
  - Brake lever (2)
  - •Spring ③

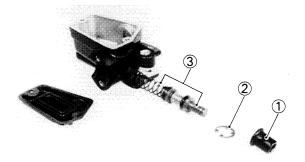
# FRONT BRAKE



- 3. Remove:
  - •Master cylinder assembly



- 4. Remove:
  - Master cylinder cap
  - •Rubber seal

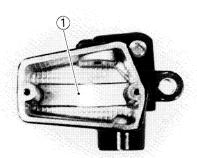


- 5. Remove:
  - Dust boot 1
  - Circlip (2)
  - Master cylinder kit ③

#### **INSPECTION**

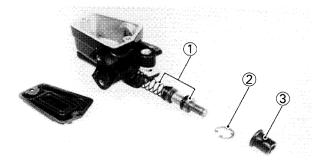
- 1. Inspect:
  - Master cylinder body
     Scratches/Wear→Replace.

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_\_Claen all passages with new brake fluid.



- Brake hoses
   Cracks/Wear/Damage→Replace.
- Master cylinder kit Scratches/Wear→Replace.
- 1 Oil baffle plate





#### **INSTALLATION**

- 1. Install:
  - Master cylinder kit (1)

# **WARNING:**

Internal parts should be lubricated with brake fluid when installed.

- •Circlip (2)
- Dust boot (3)
- 2. Install:
  - Master cylinder
  - Brake hose (With copper washers)
  - Brake lever

NOTE: \_\_ Grease the pivot point.

- 3. Tighten:
  - Bolts (Master cylinder bracket)
  - Bolt (Brake hose)



**Bolts (Master cylinder bracket):** 8 Nm (0.8 m•kg, 5.8 ft•lb) Bolt (Brake hose):

- 25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)
- 4. Connect:
  - Brake switch leads
- 5. Fill:
  - Brake system



# Recommended Brake Fluid: **DOT** #3

- 6. Bleed the air completely from the brake system.
  - Refer to "AIR BLEEDING" section.
- 7. Check:
  - Brake fluid level Refer to "CHAPTER 2-FRONT BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION" section.

#### FRONT BRAKE

#### AIR BLEEDING

#### **WARNING:**

Bleed the brake system if:

- •The system has been disassembled.
- A brake hose has been loosened or removed
- •The brake fluid is very low.
- The brake operation is faulty.

A dangerous loss of braking performance may occur if the brake system is not properly bled.

#### 1. Air bleeding

#### Air bleeding steps:

- a. Add proper brake fluid to the reservoir.
- b. Install diaphragm.
   Be careful not to spill any fluid or allow the reservoir to over flow.
- c. Connect the clear plastic tube (4.5 mm, 3/16 in inside dia.) tightly to the caliper bleed screw (1).
- d. Place the other end of the tube into a container.
- e. Slowly apply the brake lever several times.
- f. Pull the lever in. Hold the lever in position.
- g. Loosen the bleed screw and allow the lever to travel towards its limit.
- h. Tighten the bleed screw when the lever limit has been reached; then release the lever.
- i. Repeat steps (e) to (h) until of the air bubles have been removed from the system.

#### NOTE:

If bleeding is difficult, it may be necessary to let the brake fluid system stabilize for a few hours. Repeat the bleeding procedure when the tiny bubbles in system have disappeared.

- 2. Tighten:
  - Bleed screw
  - Screws (Master cylinder cap)



#### **Bleed Screw:**

6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb) Screws (Master cylinder cap): 2 Nm (0.2 m·kg, 1.4 ft·lb)





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# **FRONT FORK**

# FRONT FORK

Front fork assembly (Right)
 Front fork assembly (Left)
 Cap bolt
 O-ring
 Spring seat
 Fork spring

7 Damper rod

8 Inner fork tube

Oil lock piece

10 Dust seal

11 Retaining clip

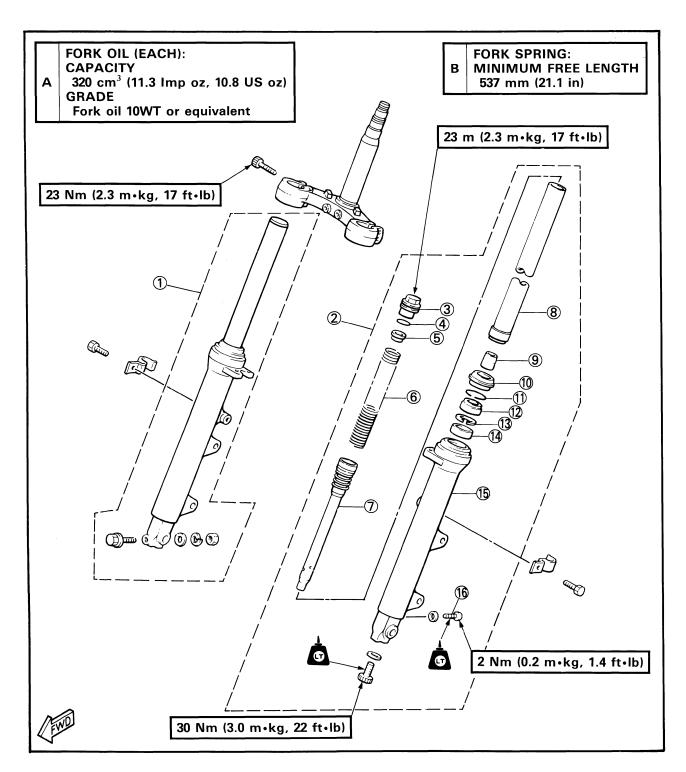
① Oil seal

(13) Plain washer

(14) Guide bush

(15) Outer fork tube

(19) Drain screw

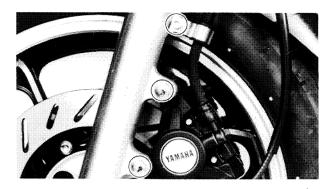


#### **REMOVAL**

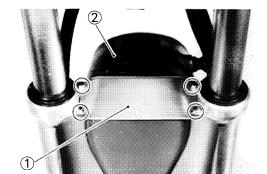
1. Place the motorcycle on its centerstand.

# **WARNING:**

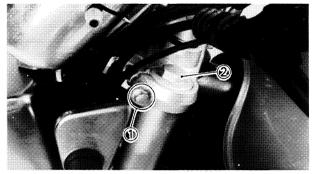
Support the motorcycle securely so there is no danger of it falling over.



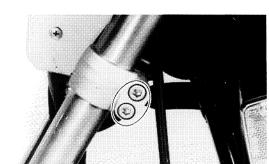
- 2. Remove:
  - Bolts (Brake caliper)
- 3. Remove:
  - Front wheel Refer to "FRONT WHEEL-REMOVAL" section.



- 4. Remove:
  - Front fork brace (1)
  - Front fender (2)



- 5. Loosen:
  - •Pinch bolt (Handle crown) 1
  - •Cap bolt (2)

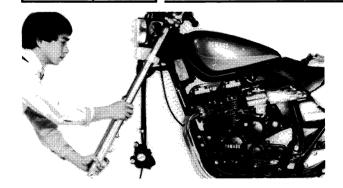


- 6. Loosen:
  - •Pinch bolts (Under bracket)

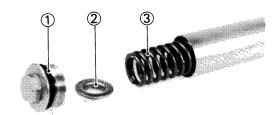
# **CAUTION:**

Support the fork before loosening the pinch bolts.

# FRONT FORK

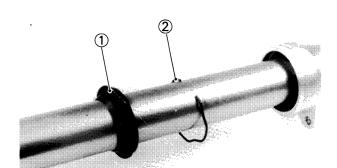


- 7. Remove:
  - Front fork

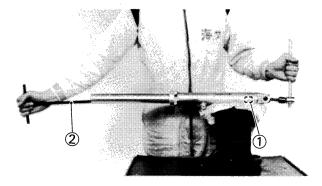


# **DISASSEMBLY**

- 1. Remove:
  - •Cap bolt (1)
  - •Spring seat ②
  - •Fork spring ③
- 2. Drain:
  - Fork oil



- 3. Remove:
  - Dust seal (1)
  - •Retaining clip (2)



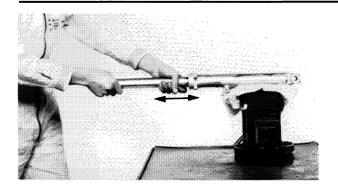
- 4. Remove:
  - ◆Cylinder securing bolt
    Use the Holder (YM-33298) ① and T-Handle (YM-01326) ② to lock the damper rod.



- 5. Remove:
  - Damper rod







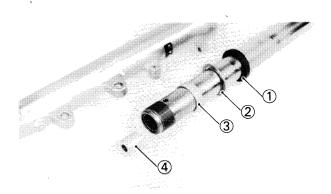
- 6. Remove:
  - •Inner fork tube

# Inner fork tube removal steps:

- Hold the fork leg horizontally.
- •Pull out the inner fork tube from the outer tube by forcefully, but carefully, withdrawing the inner fork tube.

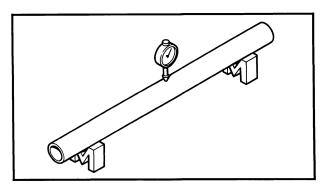
#### NOTE: .

- Excessive force will damage the oil seal, plain washer and/or bushings. The oil seal and bushings must be replaced.
- Avoid bottoming the inner tube in the outer tube during the above procedure, as the oil lock piece will be damaged.



#### 7. Remove:

- •Oil seal (1)
- Plain washer (2)
- Guide bush (3)
- •Oil lock piece (4)



#### **INSPECTION**

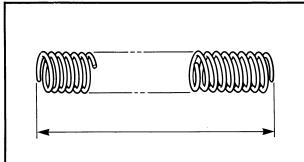
- 1. Inspect:
  - •Inner fork tube Scratches/Bends→Replace.

# **WARNING:**

Do not attempt to straighten a bent inner fork tube as this may dangerously weaken the tube.

- 2. Inspect:
  - Outer fork tube Scratches/Bends/Damage→Replace.

# FRONT FORK





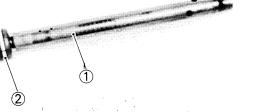
3. Measure:

Fork spring Out of specification→Repalce.

> Fork Spring Free Length: 542 mm (21.3 in) Minimum Free Length: 537 mm (21.1 in)



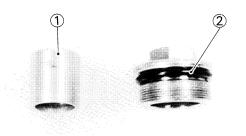
- Damper rod (1)
- •Ring **②** Wear/Damage→Replace.



Blow out all oil passages with compressed air.



- •Oil lock piece ①
- 0-ring (2) Damage → Replace.



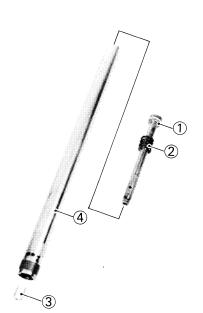
#### **REASSEMBLY**

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- •In front fork reassembly, be sure to use following new parts.
  - \*Guide bush
  - \*Slide bush
  - \*Oil seal
  - \* Dust seal
- •Make sure all components are clean before reassembly.



- Damper rod (1)
- Rebound spring (2)
- •Oil lock piece (3)
- •Inner fork tube (4)

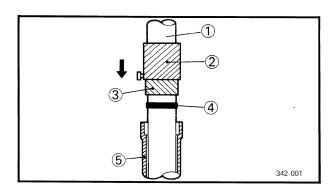




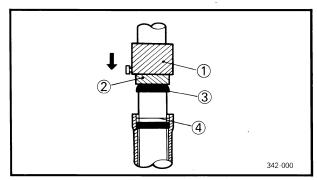
- 2. Install:
  - Cylinder securing bolt Use the Holder (YM-33298) and T-Handle (YM-01326) to lock the damper rod.



30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb) Apply LOCTITE®.



- 3. Install:
  - Guide bush (4) Use the Fork Seal Driver Weight (YM-33963) (2) and Adapter (YM-08010) (3).
- 1) Inner tube
- (5) Outer tube



- 4. Install:
  - Plain washer (4)
  - •Oil seal (3) (New) Use the Fork Seal Driver Weight (YM-33963) (1) and Adapter (YM-08010) (2).
  - Retaining clip
  - Dust seal
- 5. Fill:
  - Front fork



Each Fork:

320 cm<sup>3</sup> (11.3 lmp oz, 10.8 US oz)

Fork Oil 10 WT or equivalent After filling, slowly pump the fork up and down to distribute oil.

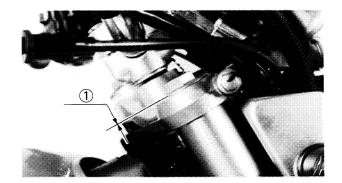
- 6. Install:
  - Fork spring (with smaller pitch side up)
  - Spring seat
  - Cap bolt (Temporarily)

# FRONT FORK

#### **INSTALLATION**

When installing the front fork, reverse the removal procedure.

Note the following points.



- 1. Install:
  - Front fork(s)Temporarily tighten the pinch bolts.

NOTE:

Level the top of the cap bolt with the top of the handle crown.

- 1 Flush
- 2. Tighten:
  - Pinch bolts (Under bracket)



Pinch Bolt (Under Bracket) 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_

Do not tighten the handle crown pinch bolt.

- 3. Tighten:
  - Cap bolt
  - Pinch bolt (Handle crown)



# Cap Bolt:

23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb) Pinch Bolt (Handle crown): 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)

- 4. Install:
  - Front fender
  - Front fork brace



#### **Bolts (Front Fender):**

8 Nm (0.8 m·kg, 5.8 ft·lb)

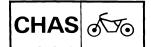
# FRONT FORK



- 5. Install:
  - Front wheel
  - Brake caliper
     Refer to "FRONT WHEEL-INSTALLATION" section.



Nut (Front Axle): 105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb) Bolts (Brake Caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m·kg, 25 ft·lb)

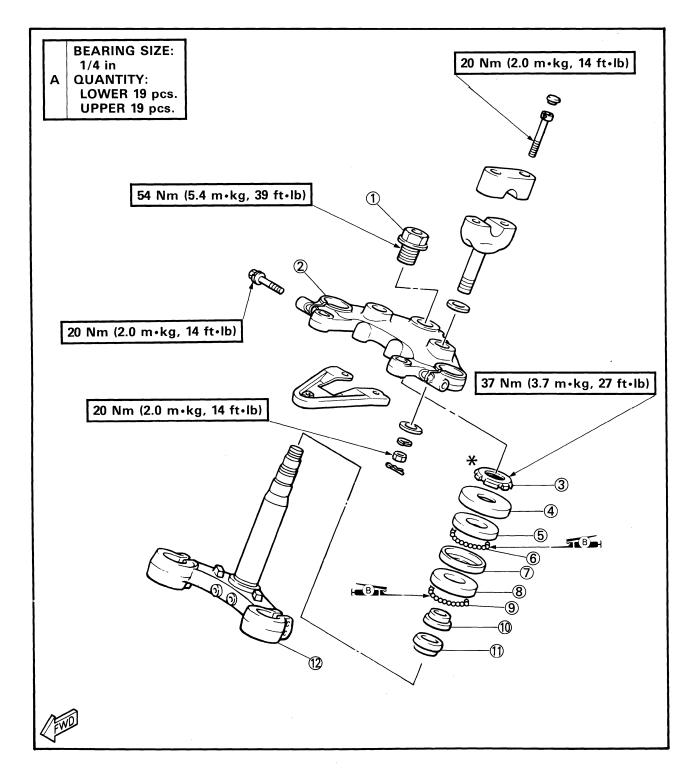


# STEERING HEAD

# STEERING HEAD

- Steering stem bolt
   Handle crown
   Ring nut
   Bearing race cover
   Bearing race
   Bearing

- 7 Bearing race
- 8 Bearing race
- Bearing
- 10 Bearing race
- ① Dust seal
- 12 Under bracket
- \* Tighten to specified torque. If steering is binded, loosen the ring nut so that there is no free play on bearing.



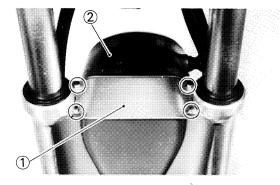


#### **REMOVAL**

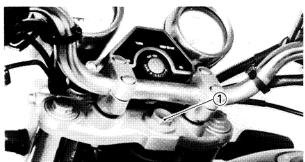
1. Place the motorcycle on the centerstand.

## WARNING:

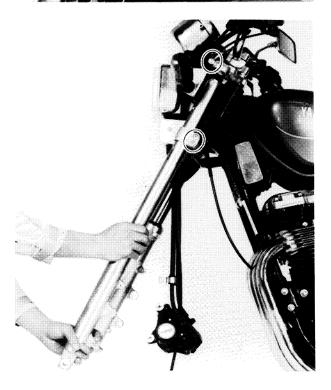
Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.



- 2. Remove:
  - Front wheel Refer to "FRONT WHEEL-REMOVAL" section.
- 3. Remove:
  - •Front fork brace (1)
  - Front fender ②



- 4. Loosen:
  - •Steering stem bolt 1

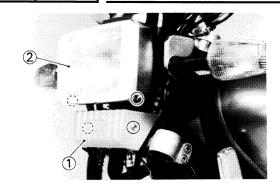


- 5. Remove:
  - Front forks

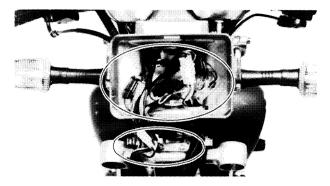




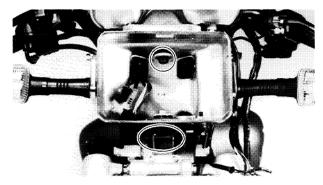
## STEERING HEAD



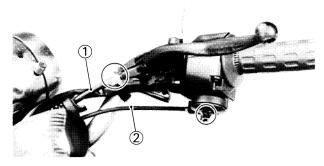
- 6. Remove:
  - •Front cover ①
  - Headlight lens unit ②



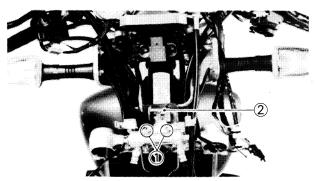
- 7. Disconnect:
  - Meter leads
  - Handlebar switch leads
  - Flasher light leads



- 8. Remove:
  - Headlight body

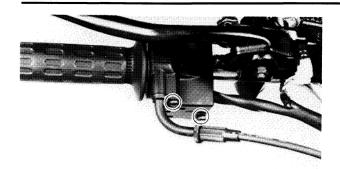


- 9. Remove:
  - •Clutch cable (1)
  - •Starter cable 2

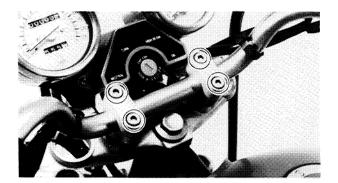


- 10. Remove:
  - •Bolts (Brake hose joint) 1
  - •Headlight stay 2

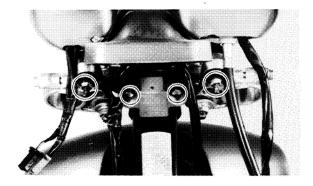




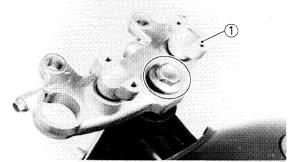
- 11. Loosen:
  - •Screws (Right handlebar switch)



- 12. Remove:
  - Handlebar



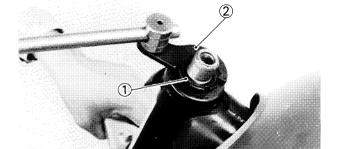
- 13. Remove:
  - Meter assembly
  - •Main switch



- 14. Remove:
  - Handle crown ①



- 15. Remove:
  - •Ring nut (1) Use Ring Nut Wrench (YU-33975) 2.

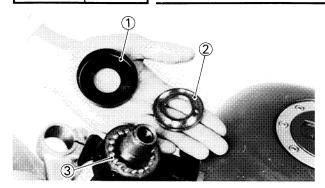


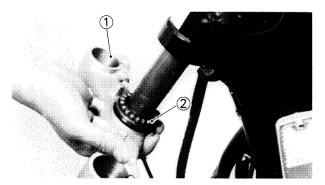
#### **WARNING:**

Support the under bracket so that it may not fall down.

# CHAS 656

## STEERING HEAD



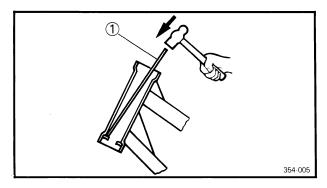


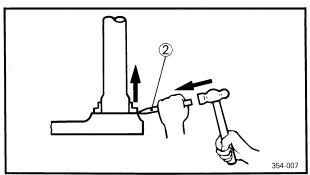
- 16. Remove:
  - •Bearing race cover 1
  - •Bearing race (2)
  - Bearings ③

- 17. Remove:
  - •Under bracket (1)
  - Bearings (2)

#### **INSPECTION**

- 1. Wash the bearings in a solvent.
- 2. Inspect:
  - Bearings
  - Ball races
     Pitting/Damage→Replace.





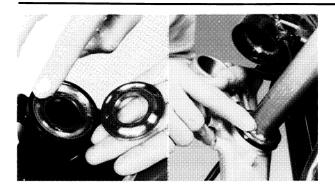
NOTE

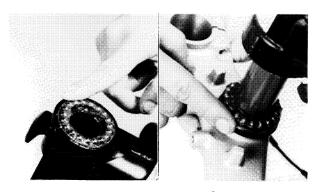
Always replace bearings and races as a set.

#### Bearing race replacement steps:

- Remove the bearing races using long rod ① and the hammer as shown.
- Remove the bearing race on the under bracket using the floor chisel ② and the hammer as shown.
- •Install the new dust seal and races.







#### **INSTALLATION**

Reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Apply:
  - Grease

To bearing races.



#### Wheel Bearing Grease

- 2. Install:
  - Bearings

Arrange the bearings around race, and apply more grease.

**Ball Quantity/Size** Upper 19 pcs./1/4 in Lower 19 pcs./1/4 in

- 3. Install:
  - Under bracket

#### **CAUTION:**

Hold the under bracket until it is secured.



- 4. Tighten:
  - •Ring nut Use Ring Nut Wrench (YU-33975).



37 Nm (3.7 m·kg, 27 ft·lb)

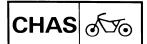
NOTE: \_

If steering is binded, loosen the ring nut so that there is no free play on bearings.

- 5. Tighten:
  - Bolts (Handlebar)



20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)



### STEERING HEAD

Pass the meter leads, handlebar switch leads and the flasher light leads through the headlight body holes.

Refer to "CHAPTER 7-CABLE ROUTING" section.

- 7. Connect:
  - Meter leads
  - Handlebar switch leads
  - Flasher light leads

NOTE: \_

The leads of identical colors should be connected.

- 8. Install:
  - Front forks
     Refer to "FRONT FORK-INSTALLATION" section.

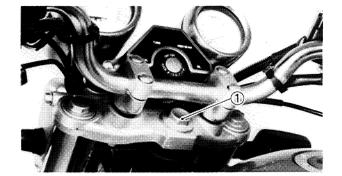


Pinch Bolts (Under Bracket): 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb) Pinch Bolts (Handle Crown): 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)

- 9. Tighten:
  - •Steering stem bolt (1)



54 Nm (5.4 m·kg, 39 ft·lb)



- 10. Install:
  - Front fender
  - Front fork brance



Bolt (Front Fender): 8 Nm (0.8 m·kg, 5.8 ft·lb)

## STEERING HEAD





- 11. Install:
  - Front wheel
  - Brake caliper Refer to "FRONT WHEEL-INSTALLATION" section.



Nut (Front Axle):

105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb) **Bolts (Brake Caliper):** 35 Nm (3.5 m·kg, 25 ft·lb)

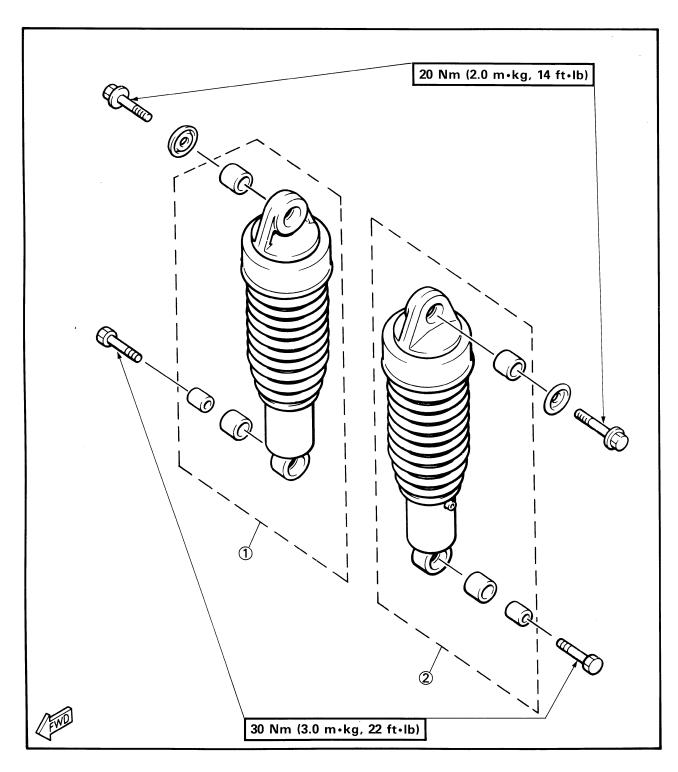
12. Bleed the air completely from the brake

Refer to "FRONT BRAKE-AIR BLEEDING" section.



## **REAR SHOCK ABSORBER**

- Rear shock absorber (Right)
   Rear shock absorber (Left)

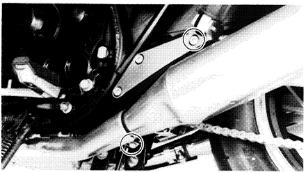


## **REAR SHOCK ABSORBER**

**REMOVAL** 



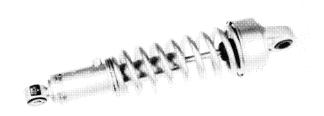




## 1. Place the motorcycle on its centerstand. 2. Remove: Muffler



- 3. Remove:
  - •Rear shock absorber



#### **INSPECTION**

- 1. Inspect:
  - •Rear shock absorber Oil leaks/Damage→Replace.

#### **INSTALLATION**

Reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
  - •Rear shock absorber



**Bolt (Shock Absorber and** Frame):

20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb) **Bolt (Shock Absorber and** Swingarm):

30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)

- 2. Install:
  - Muffler



**Bolt (Muffler and Footrest** Bracket):

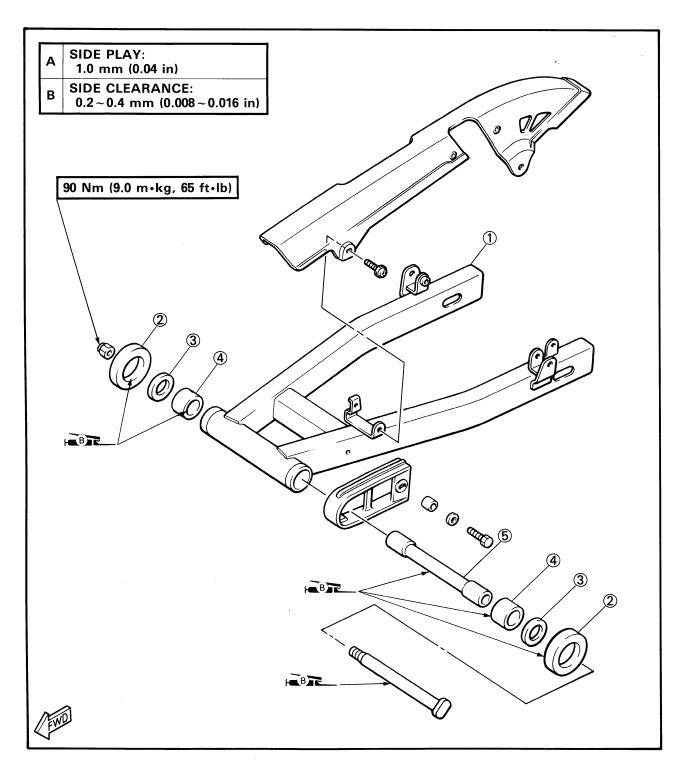
25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)



## **SWINGARM**

## **SWINGARM**

- Swingarm
   Thrust cover
   Shim
   Bearing
   Bush

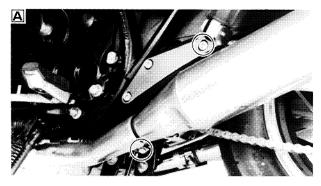


#### **REMOVAL**

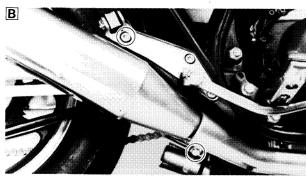
1. Place the motorcycle on its centerstand.

## **WARNING:**

Support the motorcycle securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

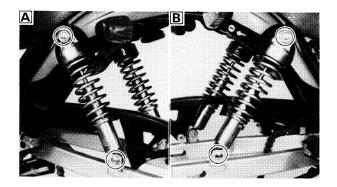


- 2. Remove:
  - Mufflers
- A Left side B Right side



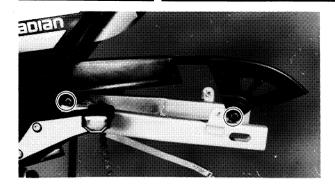
- 3. Remove:
  - •Rear wheel Refer to "REAR WHEEL-REMOVAL" section.





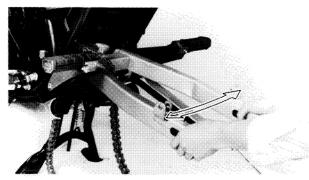
- 4. Remove:
  - •Rear shock absorbers
- A Left side
  B Right side

## **SWINGARM**



#### 5. Remove:

•Chain cover

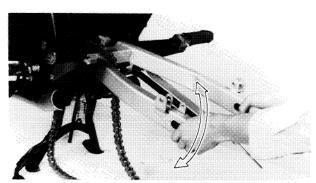


#### 6. Check:

 Swingarm (Side play)
 Over specified limit→Inspect bush length and adjust side play using shims.
 Move swingarm from side to side.



Side Play (At End of Swingarm): 1.0 mm (0.04 in)



#### 7. Check:

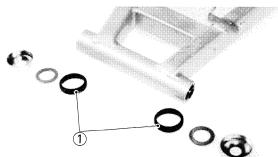
Swingarm (Vertical movement)
 Tightness/Binding/Rough Sports→Replace bearings.

Move swingarm up and down.



#### 8. Remove:

Swingarm



#### **INSPECTION**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Oil seal ①
     Damage→Replace thrust cover.

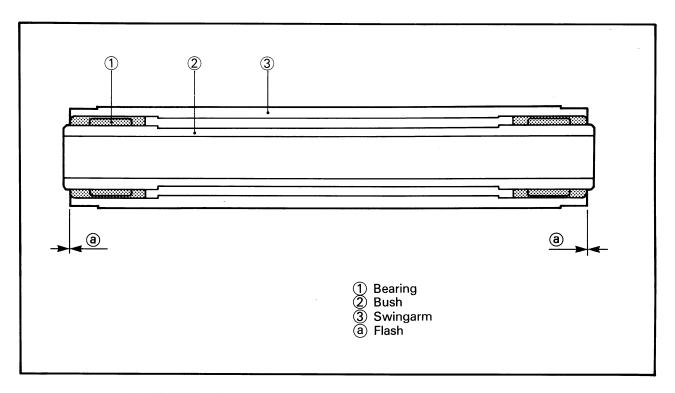
#### **ADJUSTMENT**

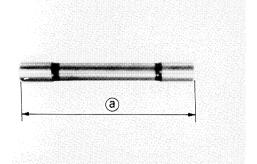
**SWINGARM** 

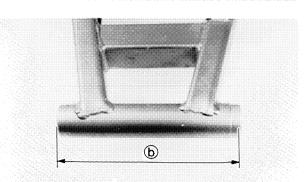
NOTE: \_

When replacing the bush and bearings, note attention to the following points;

- Bearings should be exactly located as shown in the illustration.
- Grease them liberally with wheel bearing grease.







- 1. Measure:
  - •Bush length (a) Out of specification→Replace bush.



Standard Length:

197.4~197.6 mm (7.77~7.78 in)

- 2. Measure:
  - •Swingarm end length (b)

## **SWINGARM**

3. Select the proper shim  $\bigcirc$ 1 thickness to obtain standard swingarm side play (A + B).



Standard Side Play (A + B): 0.2~0.4 mm (0.008~0.016 in)

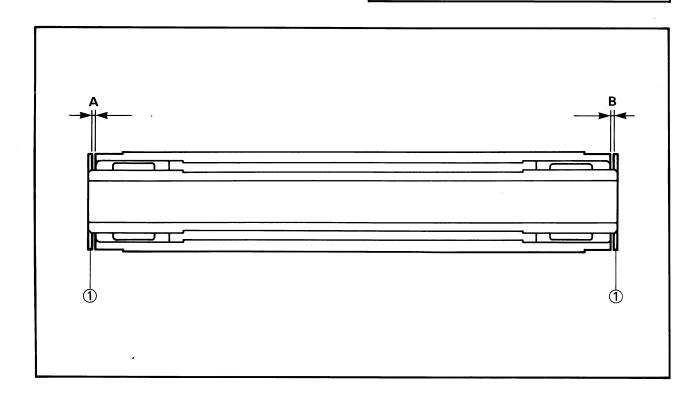


**Available Shim Thickness:** 

 $1.9 \sim 2.0 \text{ mm} (0.0748 \sim 0.0787 \text{ in})$ 

 $2.0 \sim 2.1 \text{ mm} (0.0787 \sim 0.0826 \text{ in})$ 

 $2.1 \sim 2.2 \text{ mm} (0.0826 \sim 0.0866 \text{ in})$ 



#### **INSTALLATION**

Reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
  - Swingarm



Nut (Pivot Shaft):

90 Nm (9.0 m·kg, 56 ft·lb)

## **SWINGARM**



- 2. Install:
  - •Rear shock absorbers



Bolt (Shock Absorber and Frame):

20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb) Bolt (Shock Absorber and Swingarm):

30 Nm (3.0 m·kg, 22 ft·lb)

- 3. Install:
  - Rear wheel Refer to "REAR WHEEL-INSTALLATION" section.



Axle Nut:

105 Nm (10.5 m·kg, 75 ft·lb)

- 4. Install:
  - Mufflers



**Bolt (Muffler and Footrest Bracket):** 

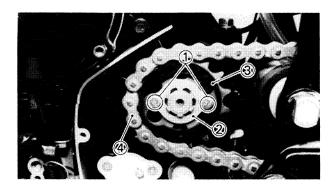
25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)

## **DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKETS**

## DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKETS **REMOVAL**

#### **Drive Sprocket**

- 1. Removal:
  - Footrest (Left)
  - Change pedal
  - Drive sprocket cover



#### 2. Remove:

- •Bolts (drive sprocket) (1) Apply the rear brake.
- Holding plate (2)
- Drive sprocket (3)
- Drive chain (4)

#### **Drive Sprocket**

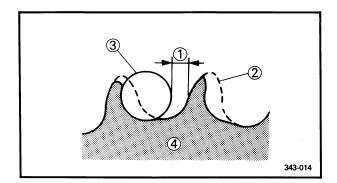
- 1. Remove:
  - •Rear wheel Refer to "REAR WHEEL-REMOVAL" section.
- 2. Remove:
  - Nuts (drive sprocket)
  - Driven sprocket

#### **INSPECTION Drive Chain**

1. Inspect:

O-rings

- Damage/Miss→Replace.
- •Rollers and side plates Damage/Wear→Replace.



#### **Drive and Driven Sprockets**

- 1. Inspect:
  - Drive and driven sprockets Wear/Damage→Replace.
- (1) 1/4 tooth
- 2 Correct
  3 Roller
- 4 Sprocket

## **DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKETS**





#### **ASSEMBLY**

When assembling the sprockets, reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Tighten:
  - Bolts (drive sprocket)
  - •Nuts (driven sprocket)



**Bolts (Drive Sprocket):** 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) **Nuts (Driven Sprocket):** 32 Nm (3.2 m·kg, 23 ft·lb) Apply LOCTITE®.

- 2. Adjust:
  - Drive chain slack
  - •Rear brake free play Refer to "CHAPTER 2-DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT and BRAKE PEDAL FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT" section.



**Drive Chain Slack:**  $20 \sim 30 \text{ mm} (0.8 \sim 1.2 \text{ in})$ **Rear Brake Free Play:**  $20 \sim 30 \text{ mm} (0.8 \sim 1.2 \text{ in})$ 



## MEMO



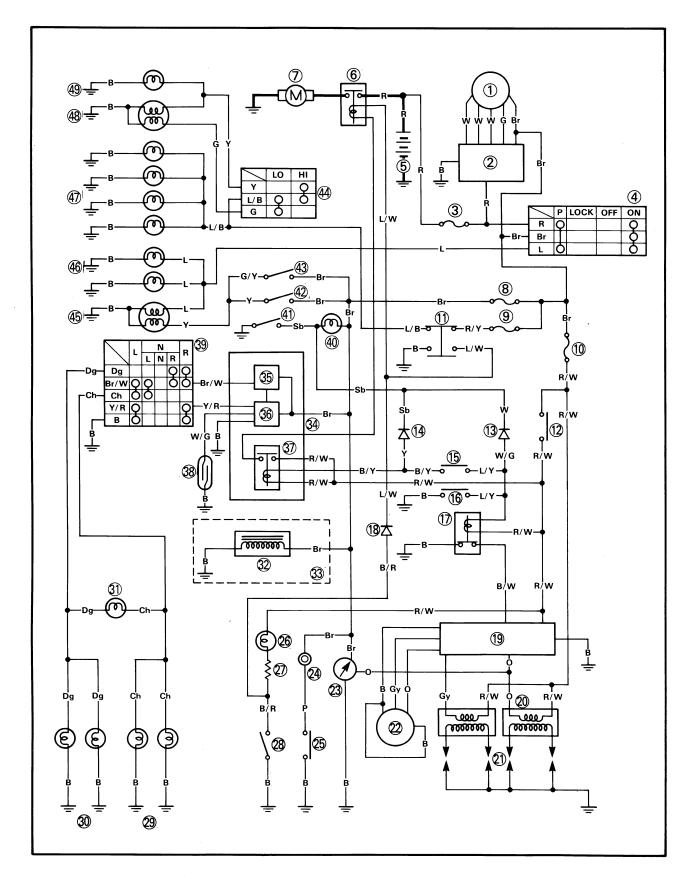
# **CHAPTER 6 ELECTRICAL**

YX600S/SC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM6-1
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CHARGING SYSTEM6-37CIRCUIT DIAGRAM6-37TROUBLESHOOTING6-39
LIGHTING SYSTEM
SIGNAL SYSTEM
CARBURETOR AIR VENT SYSTEM

## **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**

## **ELECTRICAL**

## YX600S/SC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



### CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

**ELEC** 

- (1) AC Magneto
- 2 Rectifier/Regulator
- 3 Fuse (MAIN)
- 4 Main switch
- ⑤ Battery
- 6 Starter relay
- Starter motor
- 8 Fuse (SIGNAL)
- 10 Fuse (IGNITION)
- (1) "START" switch
  (2) "ENGINE STOP" switch
- (13) Diode
- DiodeClutch switch
- (16) Sidestand switch
- (17) Sidestand relay
- (18) Diode
- 19 Ignitor unit
- ② Ignition coil
- 2 Spark plug
- Pickup coil
- ② Tachometer
- (24) Horn
- 25 "HORN" switch

- ② "OIL" indicator light ② Resistor

- 28 Oil level switch 29 Flasher light (Left)
- (Right)
- ③ "TURN" indicator light
- Air vent controCalifornia only Air vent control valve
- 3 Relay assembly
- 35 Flasher relay
  - (Included in relay assembly)
- 36 Flasher cancelling unit (Included in relay assembly)
- 3 Starting circuit cut-off relay (Included in relay assembly)
- 38 Reed switch
- 39 "TURN" switch
  40 "NEUTRAL" indicator light
- (1) Neutral switch
- (42) Rear brake switch
- 43 Front brake switch
- 4 "LIGHTS" (Dimmer) switch
- 45 Tail/Brake light
- 4 License light

  Meter light
- 48 Headlight
- 49 "HIGH BEAM" indicator light

#### **COLOR CODE**

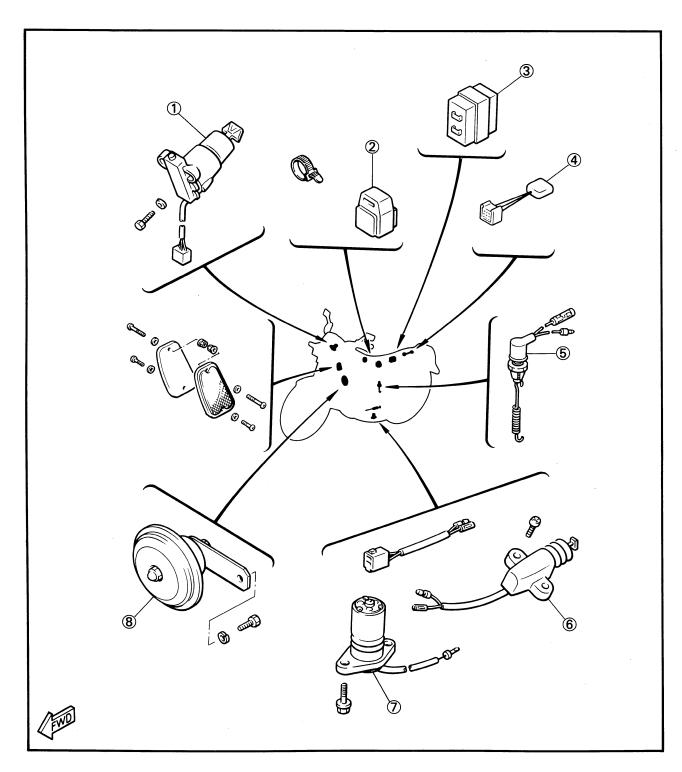
0	Orange	Y/R	Yellow/Red
R	Red	Br/W	Brown/White
L	Blue	R/W	Red/White
Br	Brown	R/Y	Red/Yellow
В	Black	B/R	Black/Red
Υ	Yellow	B/W	Black/White
W	White	B/Y	Black/Yellow
G	Green	L/W	Blue/White
Р	Pink	L/B	Blue/Black
Dg	Dark green	L/Y	Blue/Yellow
Ch	Chocolate	G/Y	Green/Yellow
Gy	Gray	W/R	White/Red
Sb	Sky blue	W/G	White/Green



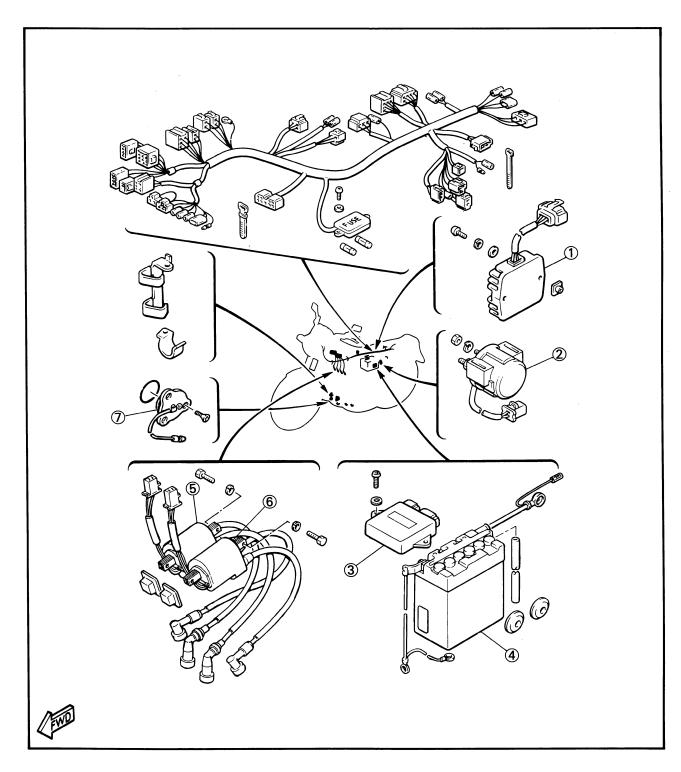
## **ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS**

## **ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS**

- Main switch
   Sidestand relay
   Relay assembly
   Diode assembly
   Rear brake switch
   Sidestand switch
   Oil level switch
   Horn



- Rectifier/Regulator
   Starter relay
   Ignitor unit
   Battery
   Ignition coil (For #1, #4 cylinder)
   Ignition coil (For #2, #3 cylinder)
   Neutral switch

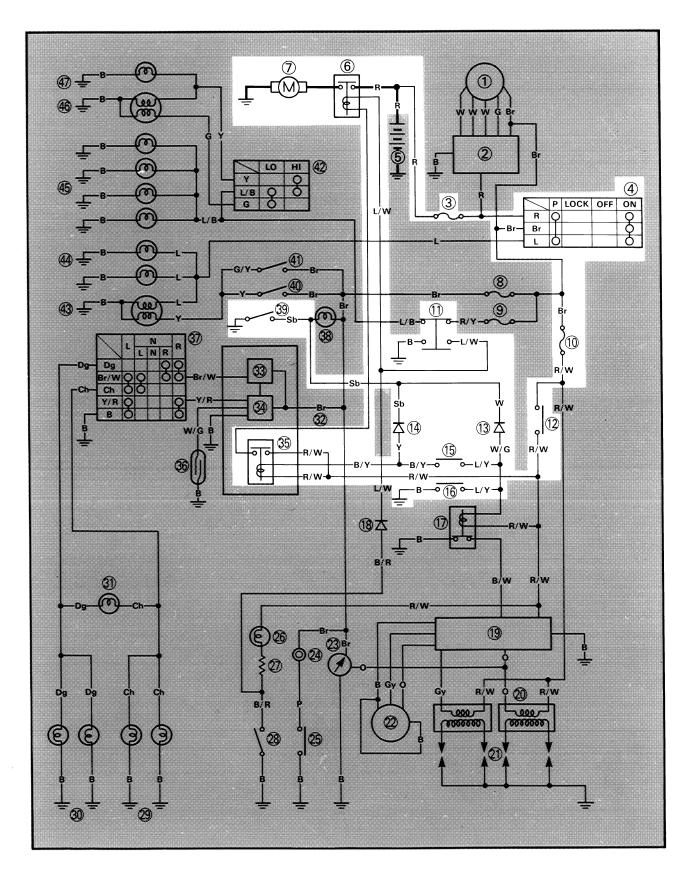




## **ELECTRICAL STARTING SYSTEM**

#### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**

Below circuit diagram shows starter circuit.



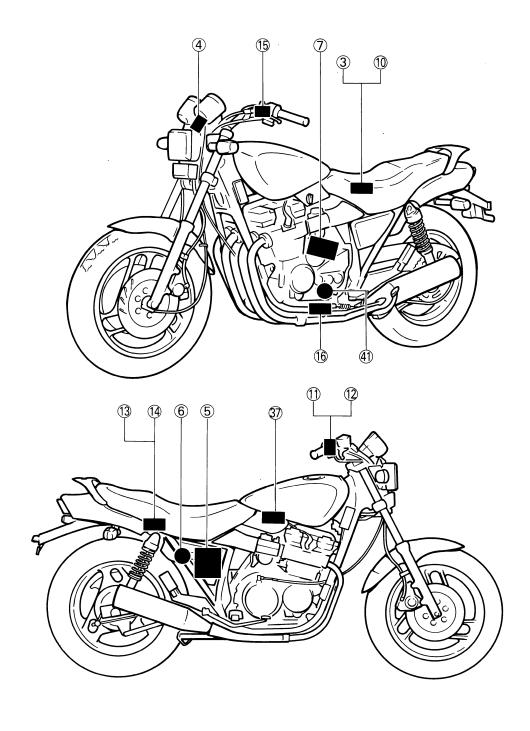
**ELEC** 

NOTE: \_

For the color codes, see page 6-2.

- 3 Fuse (MAIN)4 Main switch
- **⑤** Battery
- Starter relayStarter motor
- 10 Fuse (IGNITION)
- ① "START" switch
  ② "ENGINE STOP" switch

- ① Diode ② Diode
- 15 Clutch switch
- 16 Sidestand switch
- 3 Starting circuit cut off relay (Included in relay assembly)
- (1) Neutral switch



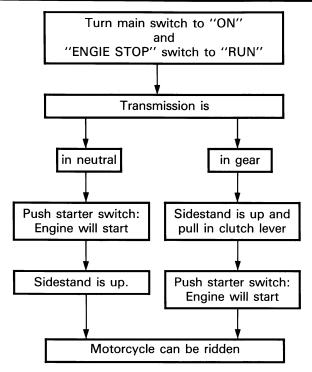


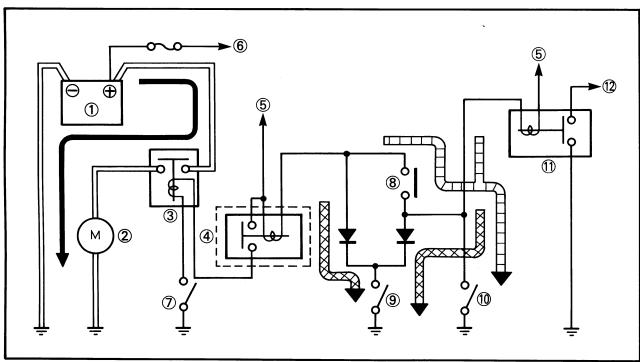
#### STARTING CIRCUIT OPERATION

The starting ciurcuit on this model consists of the starter moter, starter relay, starting circuit cut-off relay, and sidestand relay.

If the engine stop switch and the main switch are both on, the starter motor can operate only if:

- The transmission is in neutral (the neutral switch is on).
- The sidestand is up (the sidestand switch is on) and clutch lever is pulled in (clutch switch is on).





- Battery
- ② Starter motor
- 3 Starter relay
- Starting circuit cut-off relay
- (5) To "ENGINE STOP" switch
- 6 To main switch
- ① "START" switch
- 8 Clutch switch
- (9) Neutral switch
- (10) Sidestand switch
- Sidestand relay
- 12 To ignitor unit



WHEN THE TRANSMISSION IS IN NEUTRAL.



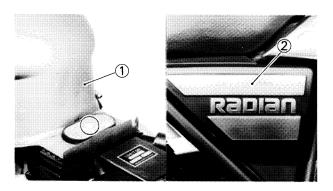
WHEN THE SIDESTAND IS UP AND CLUTCH LEVER IS PULLED IN.



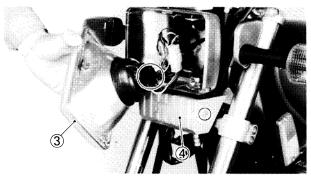
#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

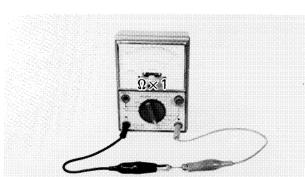
STARTER MOTOR DOES NOT OPERATE.

Before this troubleshooting, remove following parts.



- Seat
- •Fuel tank (1)
- •Side cover (Right) 2
- Headlight lens unit (3)
- •Cover (Front) (4)





- 1. Fuse inspection
  - •Remove fuse (MAIN) and fuse (IGNITION).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to fuse and check it for continuity.

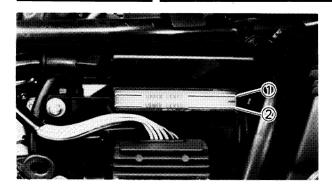
NOTE: \_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

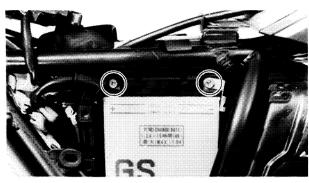
Continuity (0Ω)	Discontinuity (∞)
Replace fuse.	

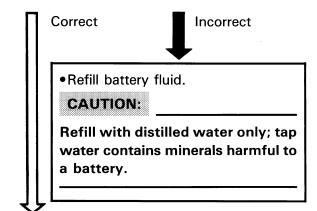
6



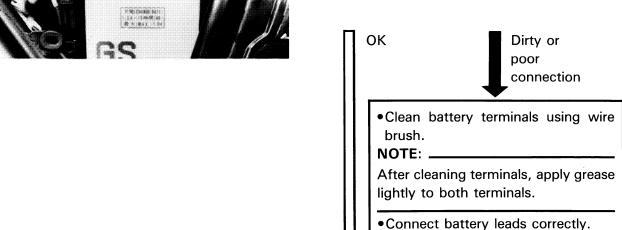


- 2. Battery fluid level inspection
  - Fluid level should be between upper ① and lower ② level mark.





- 3. Battery terminal inspection
  - •Inspect battery terminal and connections.



- 4. Battery fluid specific gravity inspection
  - •Remove caps.
  - •Inspect specific gravity of all cell using Battery Hydrometer ①.

Specific Gravity: 1.280 ± 0.01 at 20°C (68°F)





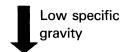
#### **WARNING:**

Battery electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous, causing severe burns, etc. It contains sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Antidote: EXTERNAL-Flush with water. INTERNAL-Drink large quantities of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Call a physician immediately.

Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention. Batteries produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flame, cigarettes etc., away. Ventilate when charging or using in an enclosed space. Always shield your eyes when working near batteries.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

OK



Recharge battery

Charging Current: 1.2 amps/10 hrs

NOTE: .

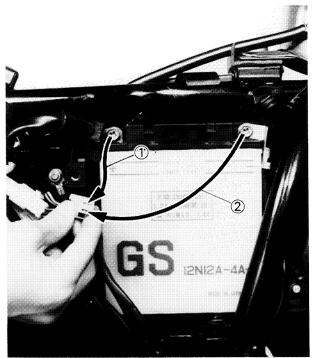
Replace the battery if:

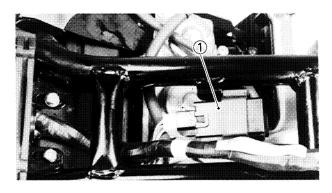
- Battery voltage will not rise to a specific value or bubbles fail to rise even after many hours of charging.
- Sulfation of one or more cells occurs, as indicated by the plates turning white, or an accumulation of material exists in the bottom of the cell.
- Specific gravity readings after a long, slow charge indicate on cell to be lower than the rest.
- Warpage or buckling of plates or insulators is evident.

6









5. Connect battery positive (+) lead and starter motor lead; use heavy duty jumper lead

## **WARNING:**

This test should be perfored within a few seconds to prevent further damage. Also, there should be no flammables close to the starter relay.

> Starter motor Starter motor does not run runs Inspect and repair the starter motor. Refer to "STARTER MOTOR" section.

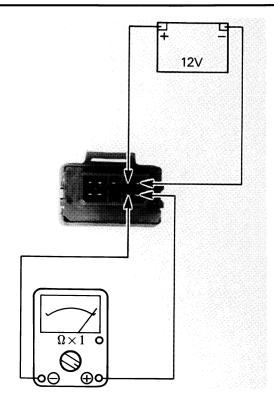
- 6. Starter relay conduct check
  - Disconnect starter relay leads (Blue/White, Red/White) and connect them to battery positive and negative lead use a jumper leads.
- (1) Positive lead
- 2 Negative lead

Starter motor runs

Starter motor does not run

Starter relay is faulty, replace it.

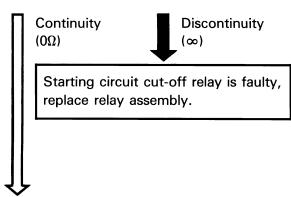
- 7. Starting circuit cut-off relay conduct check
  - Remove relay assembly (1).

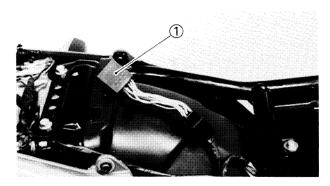


 Connect 12V battery and Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to starting circuit cut-off relay terminals as shows.

NOTE: -

- •Use full charge battery.
- •Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.





8. Diode assembly condition check •Remove diode assembly ①.

 Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to diode assembly terminals and check diode D<sub>2</sub> and D<sub>3</sub> condition.

Refer to following table.

Ν	O	Т	F.	
14	v		┗.	•

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

B/R L/W Sb W Y B/R L/W Sb G W/G

6

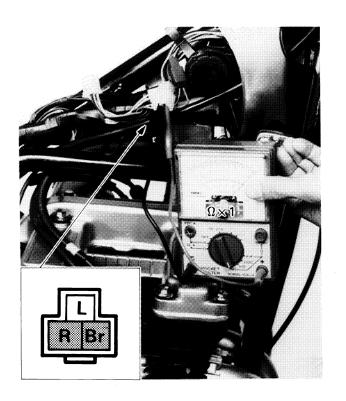


Element	Pocket	Carad	
Element	(+)	( – )	Good
_	Υ	Sb	0
$D_2$	Sb	Υ	×
<b>D</b>	W/G	W	0
$D_3$	W	W/G	×

 $\bigcirc$ : Continuity (0 $\Omega$ )  $\times$ : Discontinuity ( $\infty$ )

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_

The results " $\bigcirc$ " or " $\times$ " should be reversed according to the pocket tester polarity.



OK Defective element

Replace diode assembly.

- 9. Main switch conduct check
  - •Disconnect main switch coupler (Brown, Red, Blue).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to main switch leads (Brown, Red).

Tester (+) lead→Red lead Tester (-) lead→Brown lead

NOTE: \_\_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

•Turn main switch to "ON" position and check it for continuity.

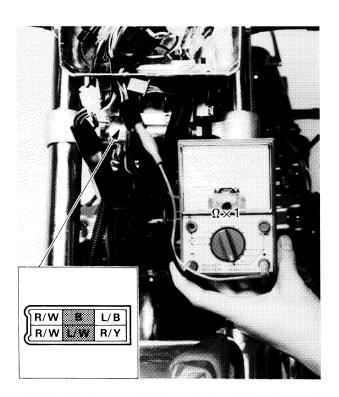




Continuity  $(\Omega\Omega)$ 



Main switch is faulty, replace it.



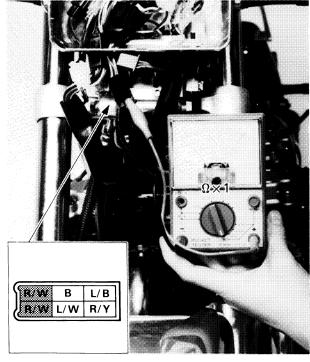
- 10. "START" switch conduct check
  - Disconnect handlebar switch (Right) leads (Red/White, Red/White, Red/Yellow, Blue/Black, Blue/White, Black).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to handlebar switch leads (Blue/White, Black).

Tester (+) lead→Blue/White lead Tester (-) lead→Black lead

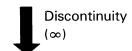
NOTE: \_\_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

Push on "START" switch and check it for continuity.



Continuity  $(\Omega\Omega)$ 



"START" switch is faulty, replace handlebar switch.

- 11. "ENGINE STOP" switch conduct check
  - Disconnect handlebar switch (Right) leads (Red/White, Red/White, Red/Yellow, Blue/Black, Blue/White, Black).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to handlebar switch leads (Red/White, Red/ White).

## ELEC |



## **ELECTRICAL STARTING SYSTEM**

Tester (+) lead→Red/White lead Tester (-) lead→Red/White lead

NOTE: \_

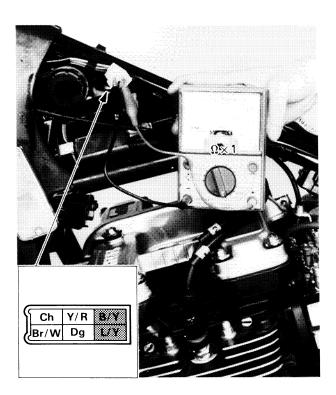
Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

•Turn "ENGINE STOP" switch to "RUN" position.

Continuity  $(\Omega\Omega)$ 



"ENGINE STOP" switch is faulty, replace handlebar switch.



- 12. Clutch switch conduct check
  - Disconnect handlebar switch (Left) leads (Chocolate, Yellow/Red, Black/Yellow, Brown/White, Dark Green, Blue/Yellow).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to clutch switch leads (Black/Yellow, Blue/Yellow).

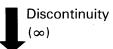
Tester (+) lead→Black/Yellow lead Tester (-) lead→Blue/Yellow lead

NOTE: \_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

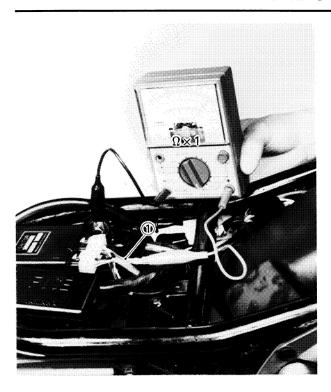
•Clutch lever is pulled and check clutch switch for continuity.

Continuity  $(\Omega\Omega)$ 



Clutch switch is faulty, replace it.





- 13. Neutral switch conduct check
  - Disconnect neutral switch lead (Sky blue)
    1).
  - •Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to neutral switch lead and frame earth lead.

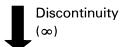
Tester (+) lead→Sky blue lead Tester (-) lead→Frame earth

NOTE: \_

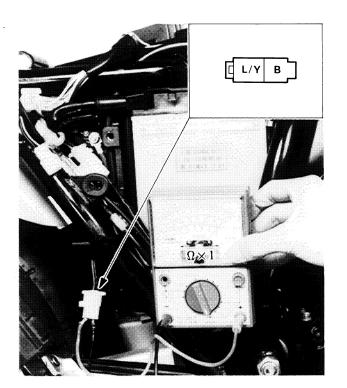
Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

• Transmission is in neutral and check neutral switch for continuity.

Continuity  $(0\Omega)$ 



Neutral switch is faulty, replace it.



- 14. Sidestand switch conduct check
  - Disconnect sidestand leads (Blue/Yellow, Black).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to sidestand switch leads.

Tester (+) lead→Blue/Yellow lead Tester (-) lead→Black lead

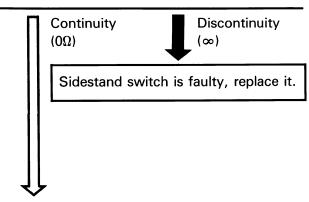
NOTE: \_\_\_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

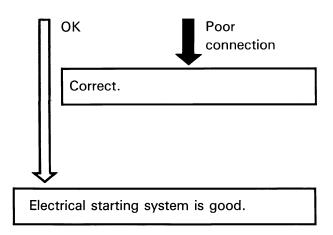
- Place motorcycle on centerstand.
- Sidestand is up and check sidestand switch for continuity.

6





15. Check entire electrical starting system for connections. Refer to "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.

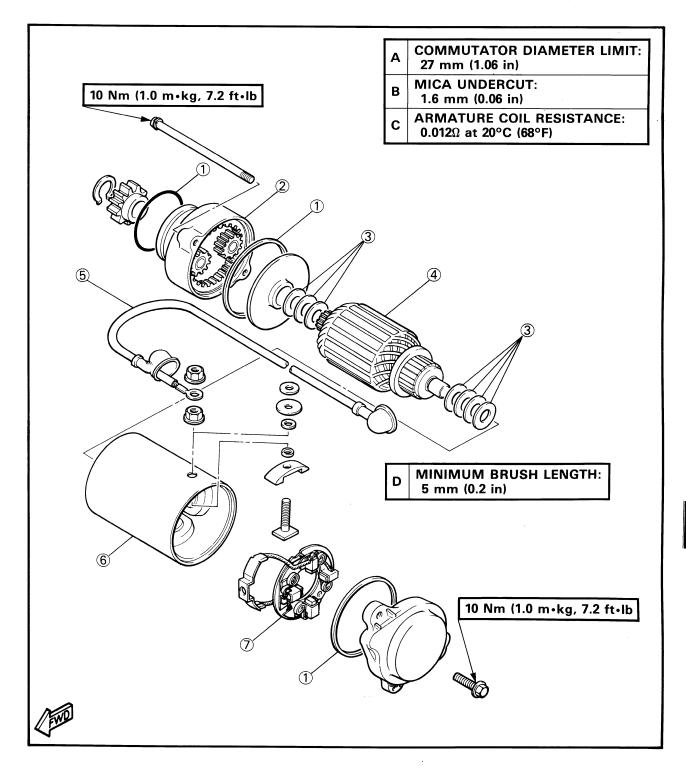




### STARTER MOTOR

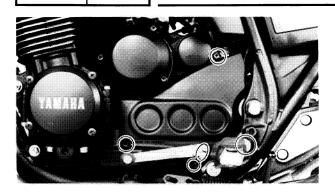
- ① O-ring

- Gear assembly
   Shims
   Armature coil assembly
- Starter motor leadYoke assembly
- 7 Brush assembly







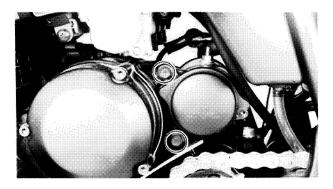


### Removal

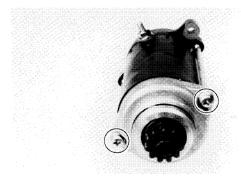
- 1. Remove:
  - Footrest (Left)
  - •Change pedal
  - •Cover (Drive sprocket)



- 2. Remove:
  - Starter motor lead

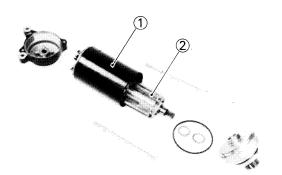


- 3. Remove:
  - •Starter motor



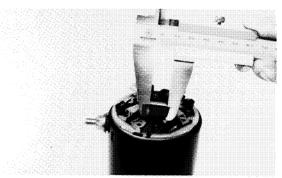
### Disassembly

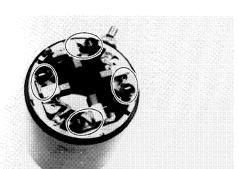
- 1. Remove:
  - •Screws

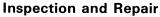


- 2. Remove:
  - •Yoke assembly 1
  - •Armature coil assembly (2)









- 1. Measure:
  - Brush length (each)
     Out of specification→Replace brush.

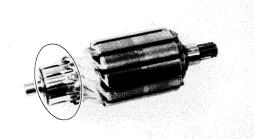


Minimum Brush Length:

5 mm (0.2 in)

### 2. Inspect:

Brush spring
 Damage → Replace.



3. Inspect:

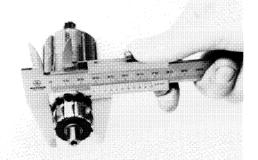
Commutator (Outer surface)
 Grooved wear/Burning/Scratches→
 Smooth out using a sandpaper (#500~600).

NOTE: \_

Sand the commutator outer surface lightly and evenly.



Commutator diameter
 Out of specification→Replace.

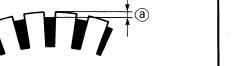




Outside Diameter Limit: 27 mm (1.06 in)

5. Measure:

Mica undercut ⓐ
 Out of specification→Scrape mica using a hacksaw blade.





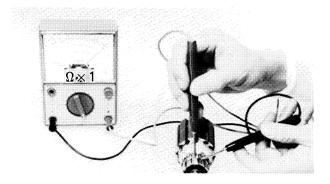
Mica Undercut (a): 1.6 mm (0.06 in) 6

# ELEC =

# **ELECTRICAL STARTING SYSTEM**

N	$\cap$ T	E

The mica insulation of the commutator must be undercut to ensure proper operation of the commutator.

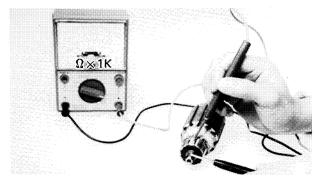


#### 6. Measure:

Armature coil resistance
 Out of specification→Replace.



Armature Coil Resistance: 0.012Ω at 20°C (68°F)



### 7. Check:

•Armature coil insulation Set the pocket tester selector to '' $\Omega \times 1$ K'' position.

Continuity→Replace.



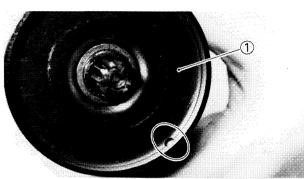
### **Assembly**

Reverse the "Disassembly" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
  - Brush assembly

NOTE: \_

Fit the projection onto the recess.



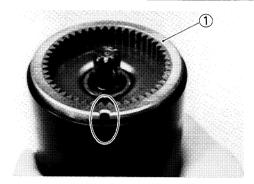
### 2. Install:

●Bracket (1)

NOTE: \_

Fit the recess to the projection.





3. Install:

•Ring gear (1)

NOTE: \_\_\_\_

Fit the recess to the projection.



4. Apply:

•Lithium soap base grease

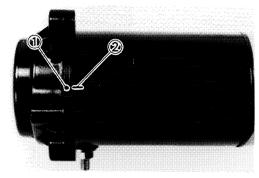


5. Install:

•Gear assembly ①

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_

Fit the pin into the ring gear recess.

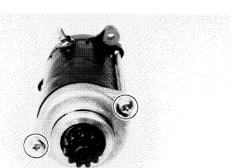


6. Install:

•Brush cap

NOTE: \_\_\_

Align the match mark ① on the brush cap with the match mark ② on the yoke assembly.



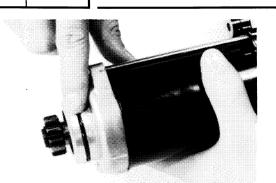
- 7. Install:
  - Screws



10 Nm (1.0 m•kg, 7.2 ft•lb)



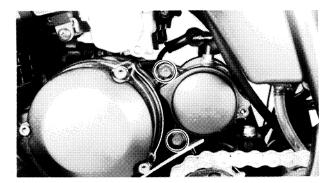




### Installation

Reverse the "Removal" procedure. Note the following points.

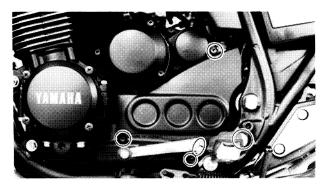
- 1. Apply:
  - •Lithium soap base grease



- 2. Install:
  - Starter motor



10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)



- 3. Install:
  - •Cover (Drive sprocket)
  - •Change pedal
  - Footrest (Left)



Bolt (Change pedal):

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

**Bolt (Footrest):** 

70 Nm (7.0 m·kg, 50 ft·lb)

ELEC =

MEMO-

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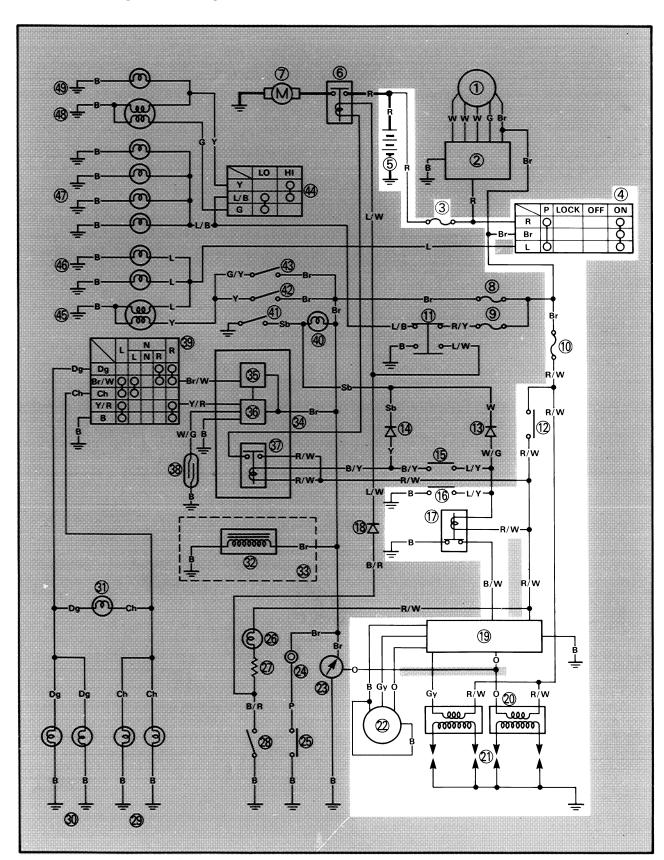


# **IGNITION SYSTEM**

# **IGNITION SYSTEM**

### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**

Below circuit diagram shows ignition circuit.



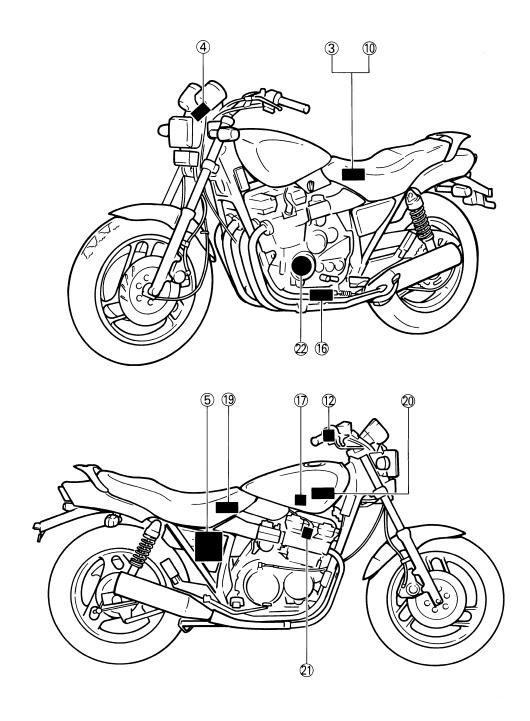


NOTE: \_

For the color codes, see page 6-2.

- ③ Fuse (MAIN)
  ④ Main switch
  ⑤ Battery
  ⑩ Fuse (IGNITION)
  ① "ENGINE STOP" switch
  ① Sidestand switch

- ① Sidestand relay ② Ignitor unit ② Ignition coil ② Spark plug ② Pickup coil

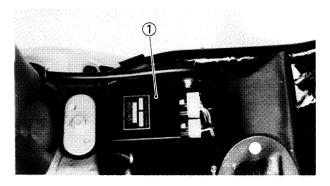


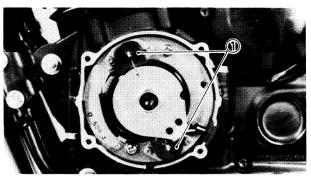


### **IGNITION SYSTEM**

#### **DESCRIPTION**

This model is equipped with a battery operated, fully transistorized, breakerless ignition system. By using magnetic pickup coils, the need for contact breaker points is eliminated. This adds to the dependability of the system by eliminating frequent cleaning and adjustment of points and ignition timing. The TCI (Transistor Control Ignition) unit incorporates an automatic advance circuit controlled by signals generated by the pickup coil. This adds to the dependability of the system by eliminating the mechanical advancer. This TCI system consists of two units; a pickup unit and an ignitor unit.





#### **OPERATION**

The TCI functions on the same principle as a conventional DC ignition system with the exception of using magnetic pickup coils and a transistor control box (TCI) in place of contact breaker points.

1 TCI unit

### **PICKUP UNIT**

The pickup unit consists of two pickup coils ① and a flywheel mounted onto the crankshaft. When the projection on the flywheel passes a pickup coil, a signal is generated and transmitted to the ignitor unit. The width of the projection on the flywheel determines the ignition advance.

The pickup coils are located in the left crankcase cover.

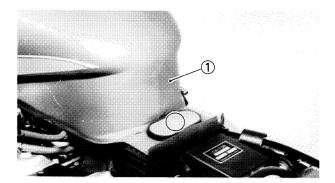


### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

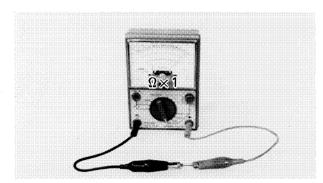
IF IGNITION SYSTEM SHOULD BECOME INOPERATIVE (NO SPARK OR INTERMITTENT SPARK).

Before this troubleshooting, remove following parts.

- Seat
- Fuel tank (1)
- •Side cover (Right) ②







- 1. Fuse inspection
  - •Remove fuse (MAIN) and fuse (IGNITION).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to fuse and check it for continuity.

NOTE: .

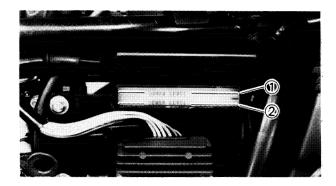
Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

Continuity  $(0\Omega)$  Discontinuity  $(\infty)$ 

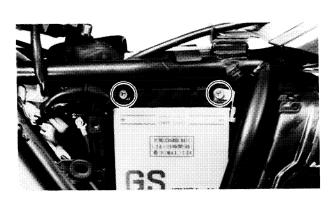
6

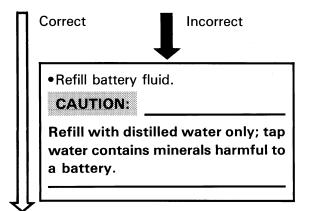


### **IGNITION SYSTEM**



- 2. Battery fluid level inspection
  - Fluid level should be between upper ① and lower ② level mark.





3. Battery terminal inspection

tery Hydrometer (1).

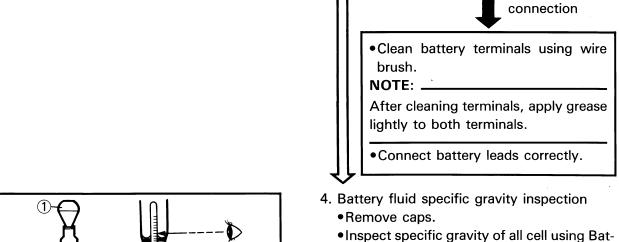
 $1.280 \pm 0.01$  at 20°C (68°F)

**Specific Gravity:** 

OK

•Inspect battery terminal and connections.

Dirty or poor







### **WARNING:**

Battery electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous, causing severe burns, etc. It contains sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Antidote: EXTERNAL-Flush with water. INTERNAL-Drink large quantities of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Call a physician immediately.

Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention. Batteries produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flame, cigarettes etc., away. Ventilate when charging or using in an enclosed space. Always shield your eyes when working near batteries.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

OK



Low specific gravity

Recharge battery

Charging Current: 1.2 amps/10 hrs

NOTE: .

Replace the battery if:

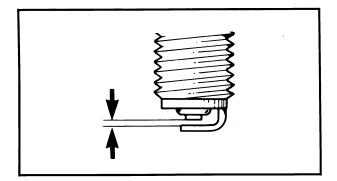
- Battery voltage will not rise to a specific value or bubbles fail to rise even after many hours of charging.
- Sulfation of one or more cells occurs, as indicated by the plates turning white, or an accumulation of material exists in the bottom of the cell.
- Specific gravity readings after a long, slow charge indicate on cell to be lower than the rest.
- Warpage or buckling of plates or insulators is evident.

6



### **IGNITION SYSTEM**

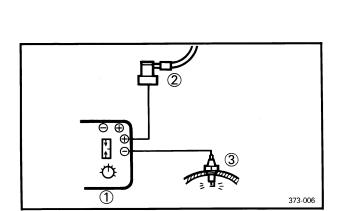
- 5. Spark plug inspection
  - •Remove spark plug.
  - Clean spark plug with spark plug cleaner, if necessary.
  - •Inspect electrode, insulator and plug gap. Refer to "CHAPTER 2-SPARK PLUG IN-SPECTION" section.

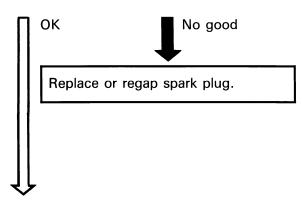




Plug Gap:

 $0.6 \sim 0.7 \text{ mm} (0.024 \sim 0.028 \text{ in})$ 





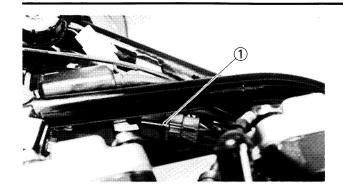
- 6. Ignition spark gap test
  - •Connect Electro Tester (YU-33260) (1) as shown.
- ② Spark plug lead③ Spark plug
- - Start the engine, and increase the spark gap until misfire occurs. (Test at various r/min between idle and red line.)

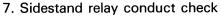
888 s			

Do not run the engine in neutral above 6,000 r/min for more than 1 or 2 seconds.

Minimum Spark Gap: 6 mm (0.24 in)



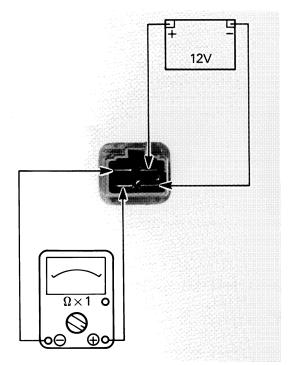




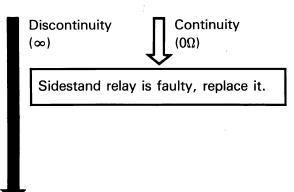
- •Remove sidestand relay (1)
- Connect 12V battery and Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to sidestand relay terminals as shown.

### NOTE: \_

- •Use full charge battery.
- •Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.







- 8. Main switch conduct check
  - Disconnect main switch coupler (Brown, Red, Blue).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to main switch leads (Brown, Red).

Tester	(+)	lead→Red lead
Tester	(-)	lead→Brown lead

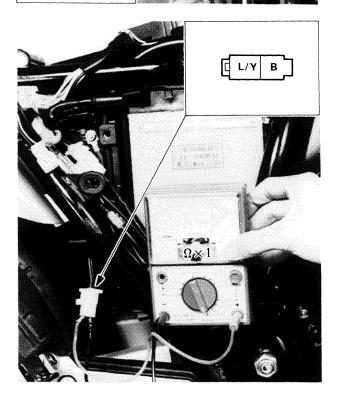
NOTE:				-
Set tester	selector to	" $\Omega \times 1$ "	position.	

•Turn main switch to "ON" position and check it for continuity.

6

### **IGNITION SYSTEM**

B L/B L/W R/Y



Continuity  $(0\Omega)$ 



Discontinuity (∞)

Main switch is faulty, replace it.

- 9. "ENGINE STOP" switch conduct check
  - Disconnect handlebar switch (Right) leads (Red/White, Red/White, Red/Yellow, Blue/Black, Blue/White, Black).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to handlebar switch lead (Red/White, Red/White).

Tester (+) lead→Red/White lead Tester (-) lead→Red/White lead

NOTE: \_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

•Turn "ENGINE STOP" switch to "RUN" position.

Continuity  $(0\Omega)$ 



Discontinuity (∞)

"ENGINE STOP" switch is faulty, replace handlebar switch.

- 10. Sidestand switch conduct check
  - Disconnect sidestand leads (Blue/Yellow, Black).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to sidestand switch leads.

Tester (+) lead→Blue/Yellow lead

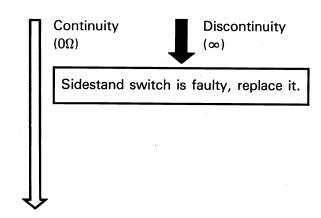
Tester (-) lead→Black lead

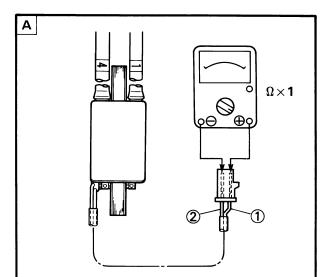


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171			-

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

- Place motorcycle on centerstand.
- Sidestand is up and check sidestand switch for continuity.





В

- 11. Ignition coil resistance test
  - Disconnect ignition coil leads and spark plug leads.
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to ignition coil lead.

A Ignition coil for #1, #4 cylinder Tester (+) lead→Orange lead ①

Tester (-) lead→Red/White lead ②

B Ignition coil for #2, #3 cylinder
Tester (+) lead → Gray lead (3)

Tester (-) lead→Red/White lead (4)

•Measure primary coil resistance



Primary Coil Resistance: 2.43~2.97 Ω at 20°C (68°F)

NOTE: \_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

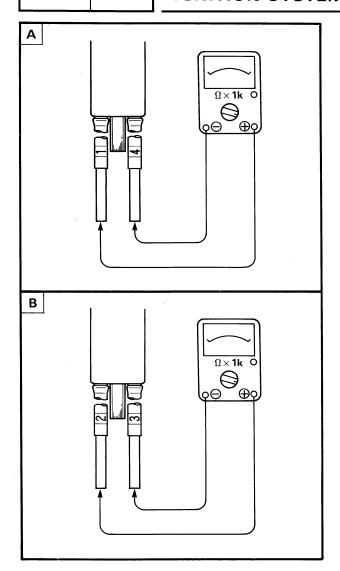
 $|\Omega \times \mathbf{1}|$ 

ç⊝ ⊕ç

# ELEC |

# **|**

### **IGNITION SYSTEM**



Ω×100

 Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to spark plug leads.

A Ignition coil for #1, #4 cylinder Tester (+) lead→#1 spark plug lead Tester (-) lead→#4 spark plug lead

B Ignition coil for #2, #3 cylinder Tester (+) lead→#2 spark plug lead Tester (-) lead→#3 spark plug lead

• Measure secondary coil resitance.



Secondary Coil Resistance:  $10.56 \sim 15.84 \text{ k}\Omega$  at  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$  (68°F)

**NOTE**: Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ K" position.

Both resistances Out of specification

Ignition coil is faulty, replace it.

- 12. Pickup coil resistance test.
  - Disconnect pickup coil leads (Orange, Gray, Black) at ignitor unit.
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to pickup coil leads.

Tester (+) lead→Orange lead Tester (-) lead→Black lead

Tester (+) lead→Gray lead Tester (-) lead→Black lead

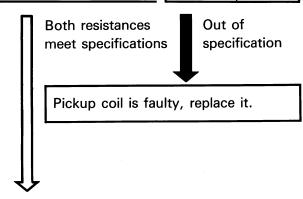
Measure pickup coil resistance.



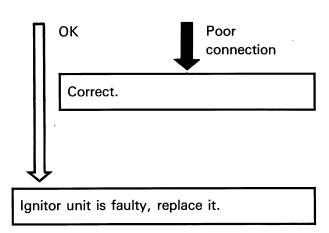
Pickup Coil Resistance:  $108 \sim 132 \Omega$  at  $20^{\circ}$ C (68°F)

NOTE: \_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 100$ " position.



13. Check entire ignition system for connections. Refer to "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.



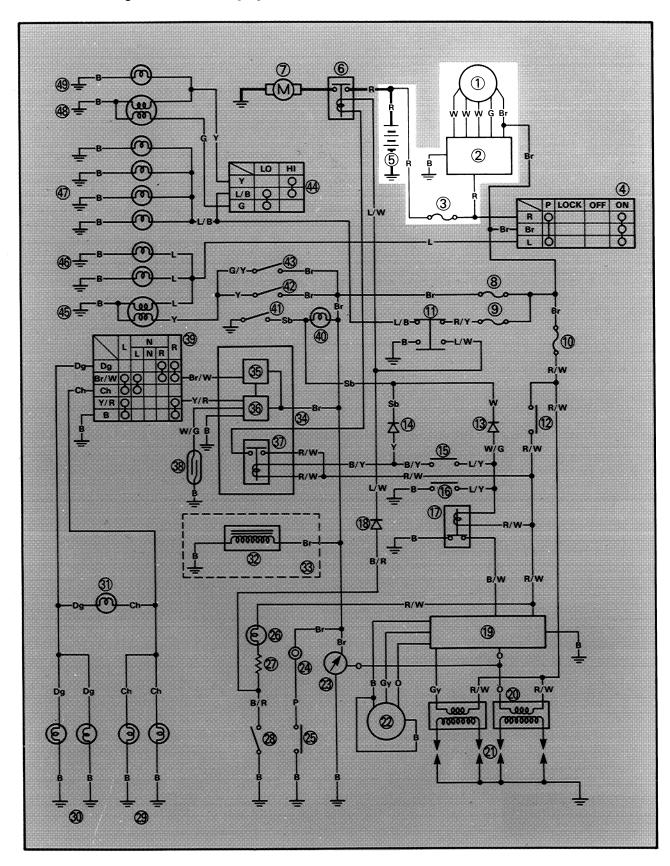


# **CHARGING SYSTEM**

## **CHARGING SYSTEM**

### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**

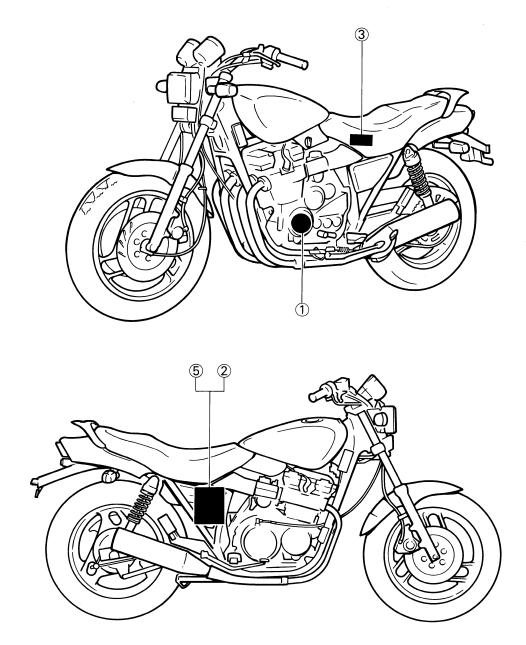
Below circuit diagram shows charging circuit.



CHARGING SYSTEM	1   ELEC
NOTE:	

- AC Magneto
   Rectifier/Regulator
   Fuse (MAIN)
   Battery

For the color codes, see page 6-2.





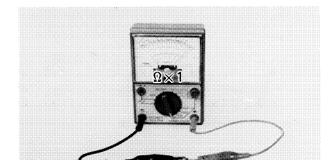
## **CHARGING SYSTEM**

### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

### THE BATTERY IS NOT CHARGED.

Before this troubleshooting, remove following parts.

- Seat
- •Side cover (Right)

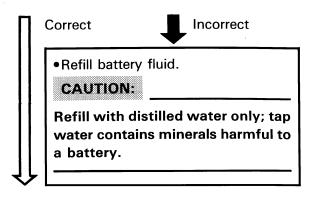


- 1. Fuse inspection
  - •Remove fuse (MAIN).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to fuse and check it for continuity.

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

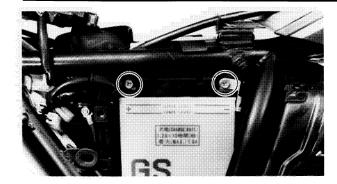


- Continuity  $(0\Omega)$  Discontinuity  $(\infty)$
- 2. Battery fluid level inspection
  - Fluid level should be between upper ① and lower ② level mark.



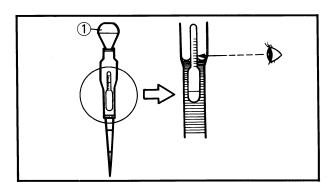






- 3. Battery terminal inspection
  - •Inspect battery terminal and connections.

OK Dirty or poor connection •Clean battery terminals using wire brush. NOTE: \_ After cleaning terminals, apply grease lightly to both terminals. Connect battery leads correctly.



- 4. Battery fluid specific gravity inspection
  - •Remove caps.
  - Inspect specific gravity of all cell using Battery Hydrometer (1).

367-009

**Specific Gravity:** 

 $1.280 \pm 0.01$  at 20°C (68°F)

### **WARNING:**

Battery electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous, causing severe burns, etc. It contains sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Antidote: EXTERNAL-Flush with water. INTERNAL-Drink large quantities of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Call a physician immediately.

Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention. Batteries produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flame, cigarettes etc., away. Ventilate when charging or using in an enclosed space. Always shield your eyes when working near batteries.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

### CHARGING SYSTEM

OK



Low specific gravity

Recharge battery.

**Charging Current:** 1.2 amps/10 hrs

NOTE: -

Replace the battery if:

- •Battery voltage will not rise to a specific value or bubbles fail to rise even after many hours of charging.
- Sulfation of one or more cells occurs, as indicated by the plates turning white, or an accumulation of materiad exists in the bottom of the cell.
- Specific gravity readings after a long, slow charge indicate on cell to be lower than the rest.
- •Warpage or buckling of plates or insulators is evident.



5. Charging voltage test

•Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to battery.

NOTE: \_

Set tester selector to "DC20V" position.

Tester (+) lead→Battery (+) terminal Tester (-) lead→Battery (-) terminal

- Start engine and accelerate to about 5,000 r/min.
- Measure charging voltage.



**Charging Voltage:** 

14~15 V at 5,000 r/min



Out of specification

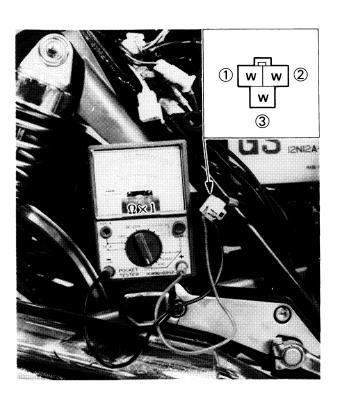
Charging voltage meets specification

Battery is faulty, replace it.

- 6. Stator coil resistance test
  - Disconnect AC magneto leads (White, White, White).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to AC magneto leads.

NOTE: \_\_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.



Stator Coil (1)

Tester (+) lead→White lead (1)

Tester (-) lead→White lead (3)

Stator Coil (2)

Tester (+) lead→White lead (2)

Tester (-) lead→White lead (3)

• Measure stator coil resistance.



**Stator Coil Resistance:** 

White (1) - White (2)

 $\textbf{0.5} \sim \textbf{0.6}~\Omega$  at 20°C (68°F)

White (2) - White (3)

 $0.5 \sim 0.6 \Omega$  at 20°C (68°F)

Both resistances meet specifications

Out of specification

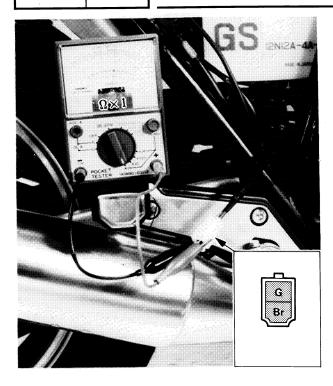
Stator coil is faulty, replace it.

6

# **ELEC**



## **CHARGING SYSTEM**



- 7. Field coil resistance test.
  - Disconnect AC magneto leads (Green, Brown).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to AC magneto leads.

NOTE: \_\_

Set tester selector " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

Tester (+) lead→Green lead Tester (-) lead→Brown lead

• Measure field coil resistance.

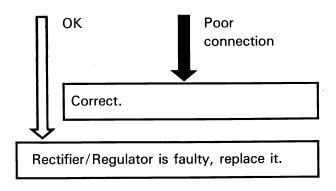


Field Coil Resistance:  $2.7 \sim 3.3\Omega$  at  $20^{\circ}$ C (68°F)

Resistance meets specification.

Flied coil is faulty, replace it.

8. Check entire charging system for connections. Refer to "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.



# **CHARGING SYSTEM**

ELEC =

-MEMO-

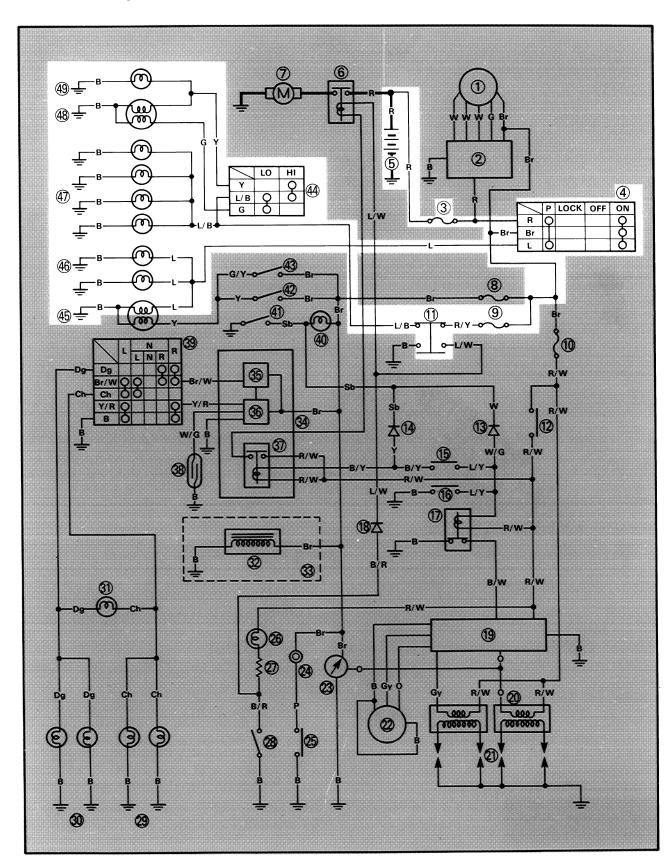


# **LIGHTING SYSTEM**

### **LIGHTING SYSTEM**

### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**

Below circuit diagram shows lighting circuit.

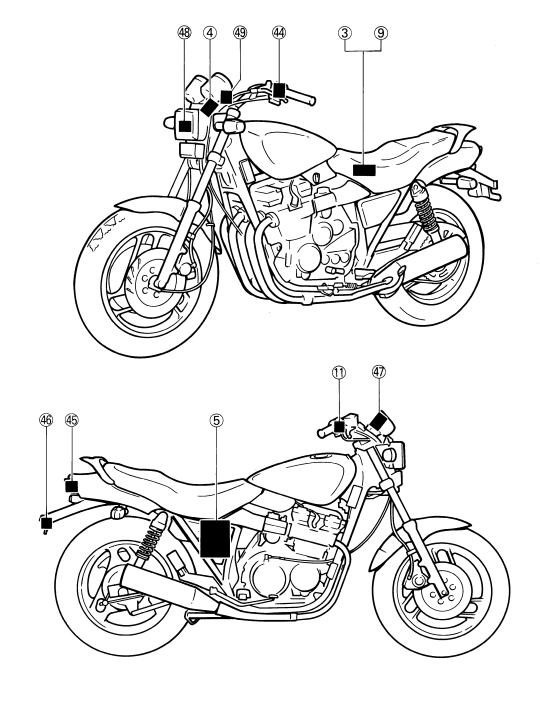


NOTE: \_

For the color codes, see page 6-2.

- 3 Fuse (MAIN)
- Main switchBattery
- 9 Fuse (HEAD)
- 1 "START" switch
- 4 "LIGHTS" (Dimmer) switch

- Tail/Brake light
  License light
  Meter light
  Headlight
  "HIGH BEAM" indicator light





# **LIGHTING SYSTEM**

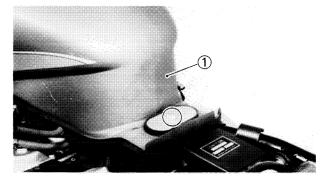
### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

The battery provides power for operation of the headlight, taillight, lisence light and meter light. If none of the above fail to operate proceed further. Low battery voltage indicates either a faulty battery, low battery fluid level or a defective charging system.

Also check fuse condition. Replace any "Open" fuses.

HEADLIGHT, TAILLIGHT, LICENSE LIGHT AND METER LIGHT DO NOT COME ON.

Before this troubleshooting, remove following parts.



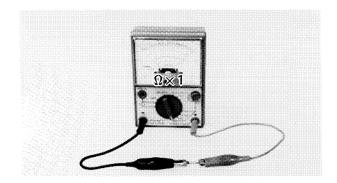


- Seat
- •Fuel tank (1)
- •Side cover (Right) ②



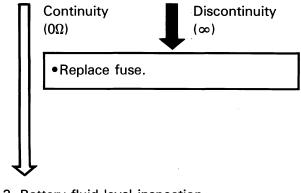
NOTE: \_

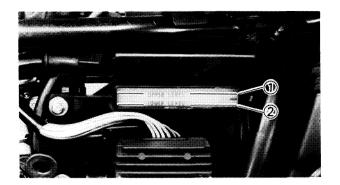
Check each bulb first before performing the following check.



- 1. Fuse inspection
  - •Remove fuse (MAIN) and fuse (HEAD).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to fuse and check it for continuity.

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.





- 2. Battery fluid level inspection
  - Fluid level should be between upper ① and lower ② level mark.

• Refill battery fluid.

• CAUTION:

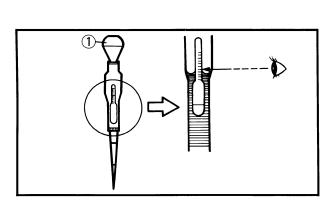
Refill with distilled water only; tap water contains minerals harmful to a battery.

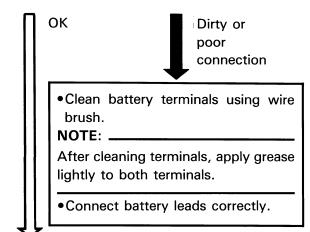


### LIGHTING SYSTEM



- 3. Battery terminal inspection
  - •Inspect battery terminal and connections.





- 4. Battery fluid specific gravity inspection
  - •Remove caps.
  - •Inspect specific gravity of all cell using Battery Hydrometer (1).

Specific Gravity: 1.280 ± 0.01 at 20°C (68°F)



### **WARNING**:

Battery electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous, causing severe burns, etc. It contains sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Antidote: EXTERNAL-Flush with water. INTERNAL-Drink large quantities of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Call a physician immediately.

Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention. Batteries produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flame, cigarettes etc., away. Ventilate when charging or using in an enclosed space. Always shield your eyes when working near batteries.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.



OK

Low specific gravity

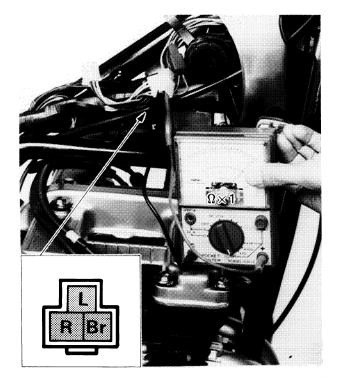
Recharge battery.

Charging Current: 1.2 amps/10 hrs

NOTE: \_

Replace the battery if:

- •Battery voltage will not rise to a specific value or bubbles fail to rise even after many hours of charging.
- Sulfation of one or more cells occurs, as indicated by the plates turning white, or an accumulation of material exists in the bottom of the cell.
- Specific gravity readings after a long, slow charge indicate on cell to be lower than the rest.
- •Warpage or buckling of plates or insulators is evident.



- 5. Main switch conduct check
  - Disconnect main switch coupler (Brown, Red, Blue).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to main switch leads.

Tester (+) lead→Red lead

Tester (-) lead→Brown lead

Tester (+) lead→Red lead

Tester (-) lead→Blue lead

NOTE: \_\_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega\times 1$  " position.

•Turn main switch to "ON" position and check it for continuity.

6



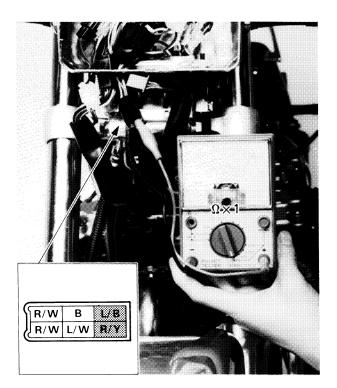


## **LIGHTING SYSTEM**

Continuity exists on both circuits

Continuity does not exist on one circuit

Main switch is faulty, replace it.



- 6. "START" switch conduct check
  - Disconnect handlebar switch (Right) leads (Red/White, Red/White, Red/Yellow, Blue/Black, Blue/White, Black).
  - •Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to handlebar switch leads (Blue/Black, Red/ Yellow).

Tester (+) lead→Blue/Black lead Tester (-) lead→Red/Yellow lead

NOTE: \_

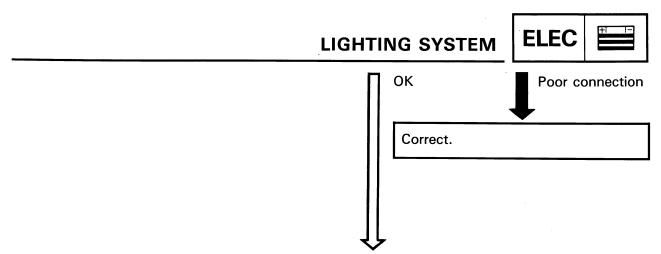
Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

Continuity  $(\Omega\Omega)$ 

Discontinuity  $(\infty)$ 

"START" switch is faulty, replace handlebar switch.

7. Check entire lighting system for connections. Refer to "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.

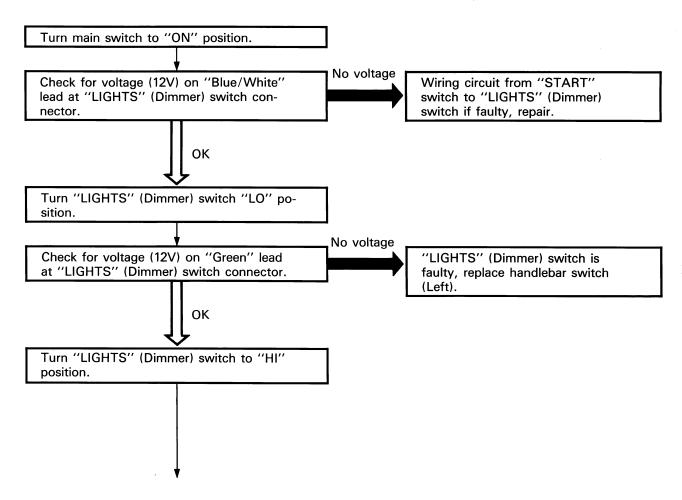


8. Check condition of each circuit for lighting system.

Refer to "LIGHTING SYSTEM TEST AND CHECKS" section.

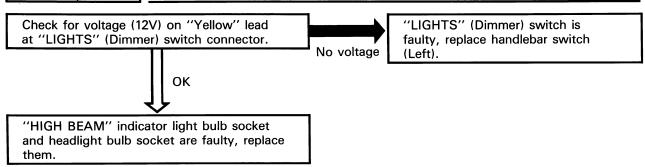
### LIGHTING SYSTEM TEST AND CHECKS

Headlight and/or "HIGH BEAM" indicator light do not come on.

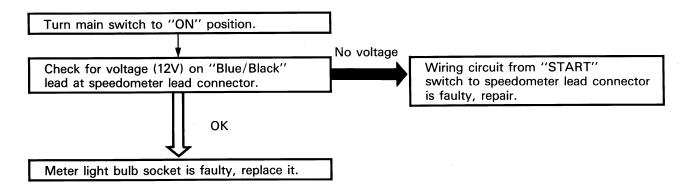




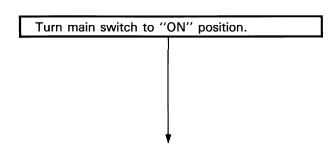
## LIGHTING SYSTEM



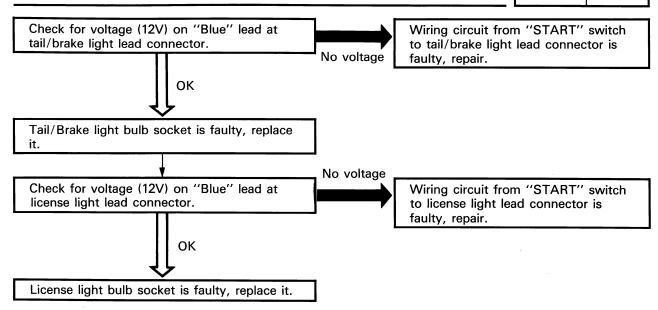
### Meter lights do not come on.



### Taillight and/or license light do not come on.



#### **LIGHTING SYSTEM**



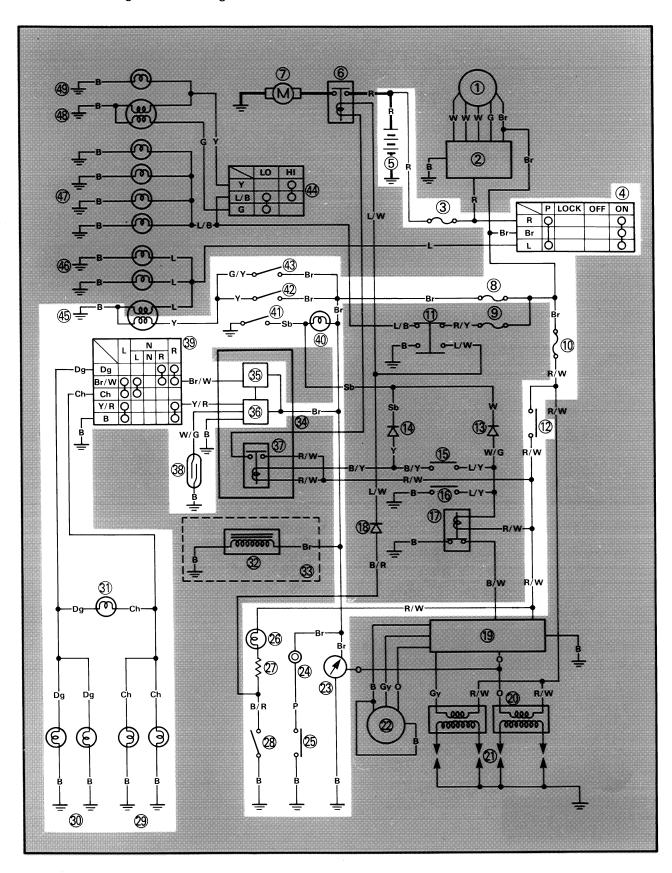


#### **SIGNAL SYSTEM**

#### **SIGNAL SYSTEM**

#### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**

Below circuit diagram shows signal circuit.





NOTE: \_

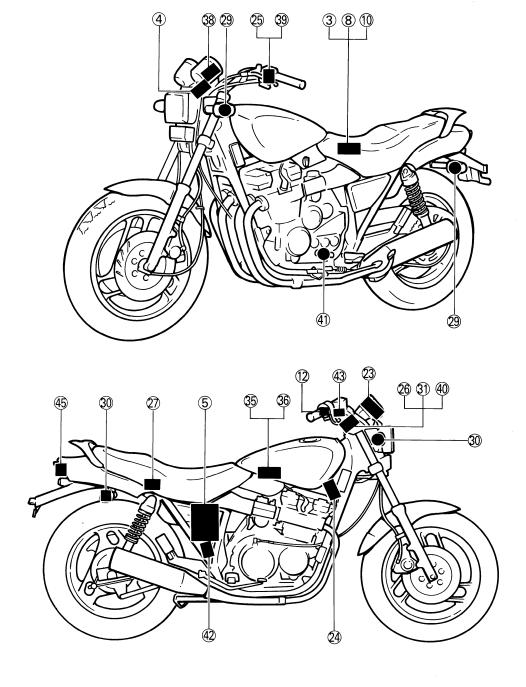
For the color codes, see page 6-2.

- 3 Fuse (MAIN)4 Main switch
- Battery
- 8 Fuse (SIGNAL)
- 10 Fuse (IGNITION)
- 12 "ENGINE STOP" switch
- 23 Tachometer
- 4 Horn
- ② "HORN" switch ② "OIL" indicator light ② Resistor
- 28 Oil level switch
- 29 Flasher light (Left)

- 30 Flasher light (Right)
- ① "TURN" indicator light ③ Flasher relay

(Included in relay assembly)

- 36 Flasher cancelling unit (Included in relay assembly)
- Reed switch
- "TURN" switch
   "NEUTRAL" indicator light
   Neutral switch
- Rear brake switch
- 43 Front brake switch
- 45 Tail/Brake light.



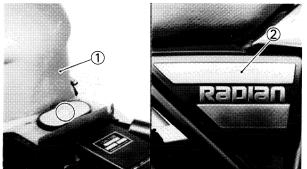
#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

The battery provides power for operation of the signal system. If none of the above fail to operate proceed further. Low battery voltage indicates either a faulty battery, low battery fluid level, or a defective charging system.

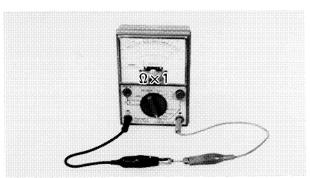
Also check fuse condition.

Replace any "open" fuses.

Before this troubleshooting, remove following parts.



- Seat
- Fuel tank (1)
- •Side cover (Right) ②
- Headlight lens unit (3)
- •Cover (Front) (4)



- 1. Fuse inspection
  - Remove fuse (MAIN) fuse (IGNITION) and fuse (SIGNAL).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to fuse and check it for continuity.

NOTE: \_

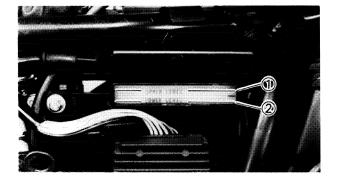
Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

+1 1-

Continuity.  $(0\Omega)$ 

Discontinuity (∞)

Replace fuse.



2. Battery fluid level inspeciton

• Fluid level should be between upper ① and lower ② level mark.



Incorrect

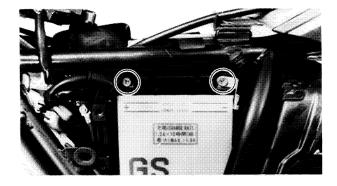
• Refill battery fluid.

#### **CAUTION:**

Refill with distilled water only; tap water contains minerals harmful to a battery.

3. Battery terminal inspection

•Inspect battery terminal and connections.



OK

Dirty or poor connection

•Clean battery terminals using wire brush.

NOTE: \_\_

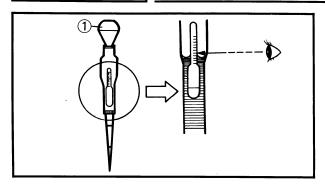
After cleaning terminals, apply grease lightly to both terminals.

Connect battery leads correctly.





#### SIGNAL SYSTEM





- 4. Battery fluid specific gravity inspection
  - •Remove caps.
  - •Inspect specific gravity of all cell using Battery Hydrometer (1).

**Specific Gravity:** 

 $1.280 \pm 0.01$  at 20°C (68°F)

#### **WARNING:**

Battery electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous, causing severe burns, etc. It contains sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Antidote: EXTERNAL-Flush with water. INTERNAL-Drink large quantities of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Call a physician immediately.

Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention. Batteries produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flame, cigarettes etc., away. Ventilate when charging or using in an enclosed space. Always shield your eyes when working near batteries.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

ОК



Low specific gravity

•Recharge battery.

Charging Current: 1.2 amps/10 hrs

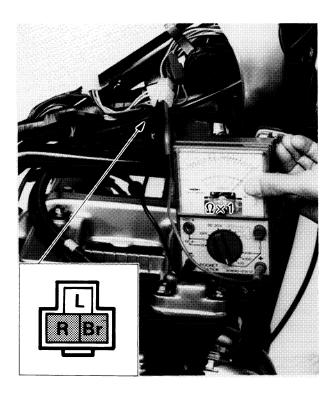
NOTE: \_

Replace the battery if:

- Battery voltage will not rise to a specific value or bubbles fail to rise even after many hours of charging.
- Sulfation of one or more cells occurs, as indicated by the plates turning white, or an accumulation of material exists in the bottom of the cell.



- Specific gravity readings after a long, slow charge indicate on cell to be lower than the rest.
- •Warpage or buckling of plates or insulators is evident.



- 5. Main switch conduct check
  - •Disconnect main «switch coupler (Brown, Red, Blue).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to main switch leads.

Tester (+) lead→Red lead Tester (- lead→Brown lead

NOTE: \_\_\_\_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

•Turn main switch to "ON" position and check it for continuity.

Continuity  $(\Omega\Omega)$ 

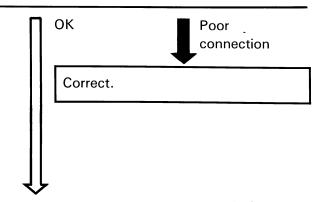
Discontinuity  $(\infty)$ 

Main switch is faulty, replace it.

6. Check entire signal system for connections. Refer to "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.



#### SIGNAL SYSTEM

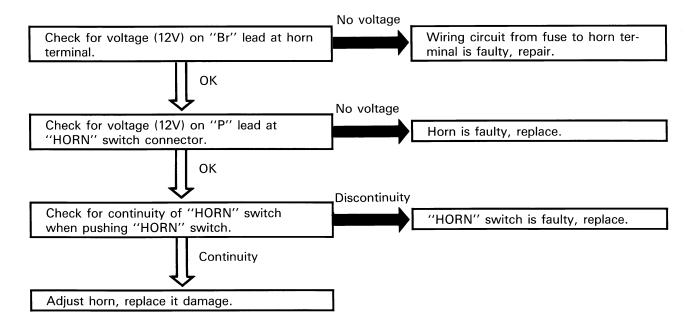


7. Check condition of each circuit for signal system.

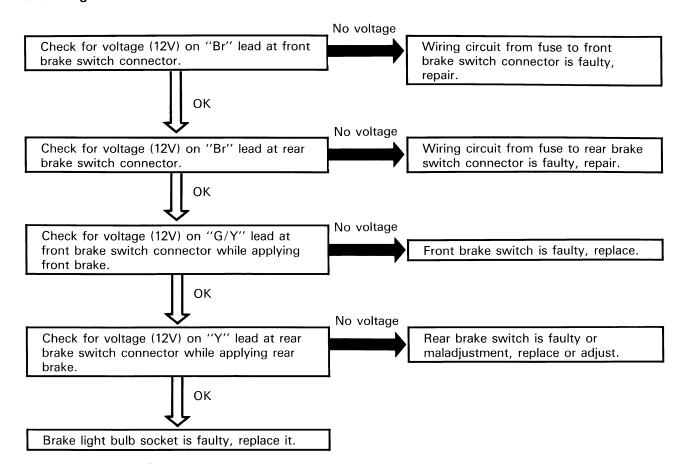
Refer to "SIGNAL SYSTEM TEST AND CHECKS" section.

#### SIGNAL SYSTEM TEST AND CHECKS

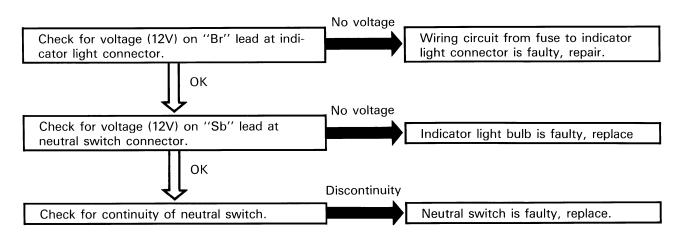
Horn does not work.



#### Brake light does not work.



#### "NEUTRAL" indicator light does not come on

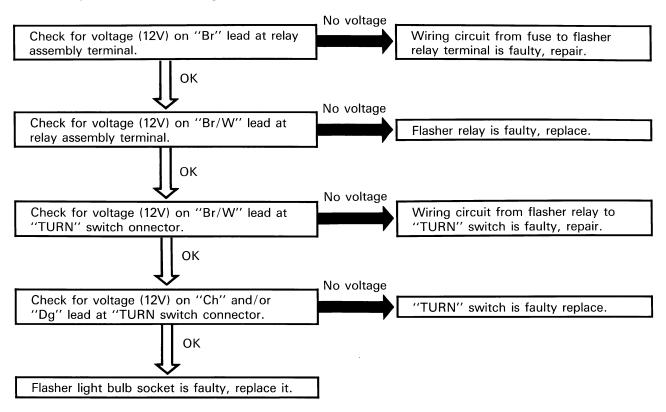


6

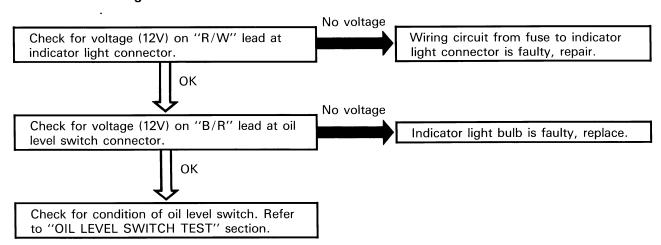


#### SIGNAL SYSTEM

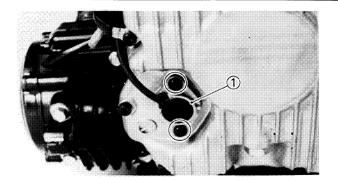
#### Flasher lights (left and/or right) do not come on.



#### "OIL" indicator light does not come on.

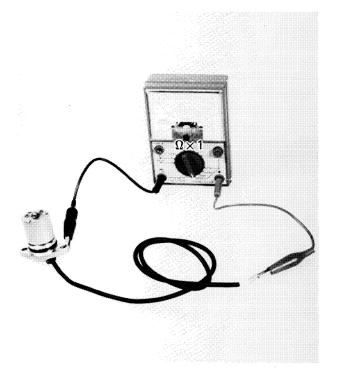






#### **OIL LEVEL SWITCH TEST**

- 1. Remove:
  - Mufflers
  - •Oil level switch (1)



2. Connect the Pocket Tester (YU-03112).

Teser (+) lead→Oil level switch lead Tester (-) lead→Oil level switch base

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_

Set the tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

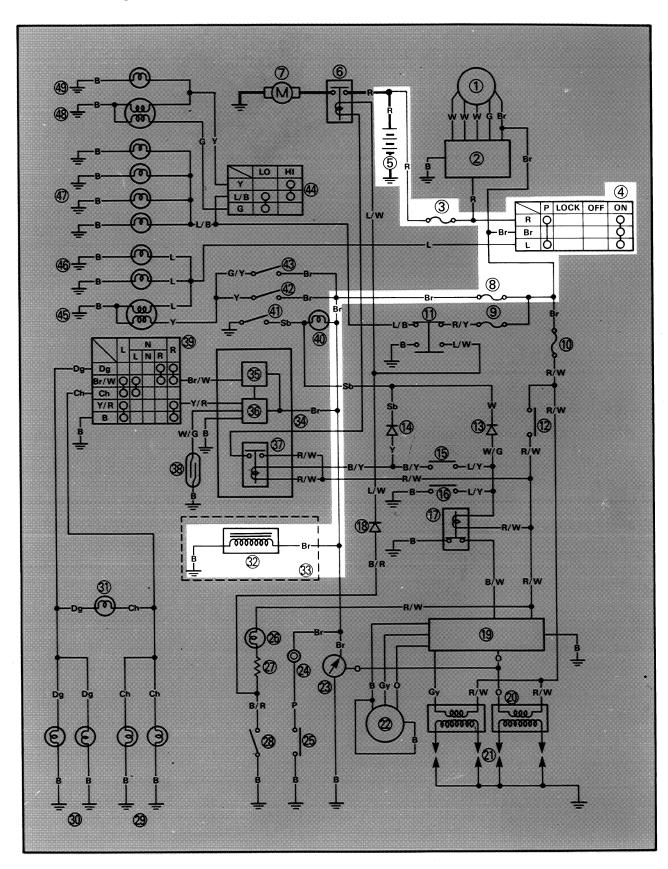
- 3. Check
  - Oil level switch
     Upside-down position.
     Continuity→Replace.
     Upright position.
     Discontinuity→Replace.



### **CARBURETOR AIR VENT SYSTEM (CALIFORNIA ONLY)**

#### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**

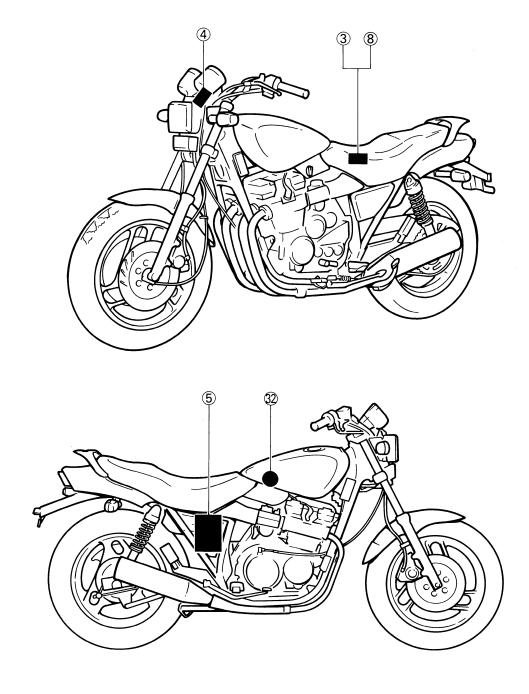
Below circuit diagram shows carburetor air vent circuit.



NOTE: \_

For the color codes, see page 6-2.

- 3 Fuse (MAIN)4 Main switch5 Battery8 Fuse (SIGNAL)
- 32 Air vent control valve 33 California only





#### **DESCRIPTION**

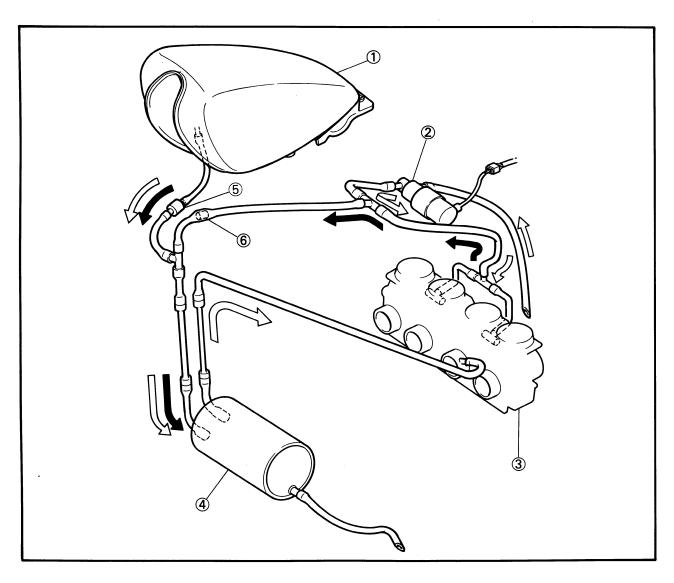
This model is equipped with a canister to prevent the discharging of fuel vapor and carburetor air vent into the atmosphere.

#### **OPERATION**

The carburetor air vent is controlled by the air vent control valve when the main switch is turned to "ON" position.

- Fuel tank
   Air vent co
   Carburetor Air vent control valve

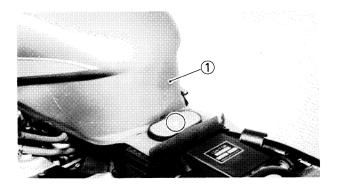
- CanisterRoll over valve
- 6 Nozzle
- Main switch is turned to "OFF"
- Main switch is turned to "ON"



#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

The battery provides power for operation of the air vent control valve. If none of the above fail to operate proceed further. Low battery voltage indicates either a faulty battery, low battery fluid level, or a defective charging system.

Also check fuse condition. Replace any "open" fuses.

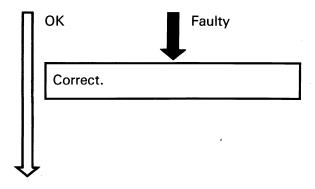


Before this troubleshooting, remove the following parts.

- Seat
- •Fuel tank 1

THE AIR VENT CONTROL VALVE DOES NOT OPERATE (THE ENGINE LOSES POWER).

1. Check hose connection.

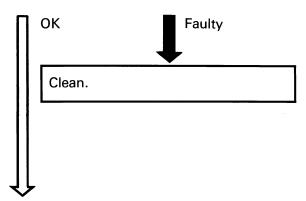


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2. Check hose for clogging.

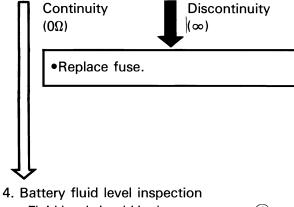




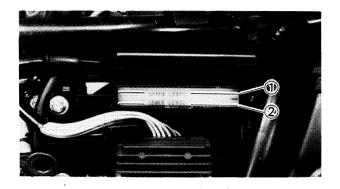
- 3. Fuse inspection
  - •Remove fuse (MAIN) and fuse (SIGNAL).
  - •Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to fuse and check it for continuity.

NOTE: \_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.



- - Fluid level should be between upper (1) and lower 2 level mark.



Correct

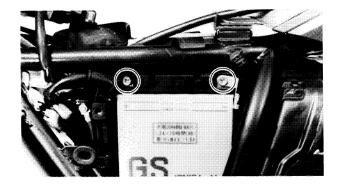
Incorrect

• Refill battery fluid.

#### **CAUTION:**

Refill with distilled water only; tap water contains minerals harmful to a battery.

- 5. Battery terminal inspection
  - •Inspect battery terminal and connections.



OK

Dirty or poor connection

 Clean battery terminals using wire brush.

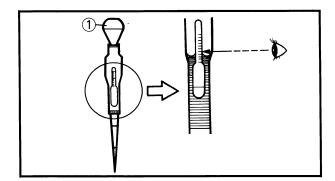
NOTE: .

After cleaning terminals, apply grease lightly to both terminals.

- Connect battery leads correctly.
- 6. Battery fluid specific gravity inspection
  - •Remove caps.
  - •Inspect specific gravity of all cell using Battery Hydrometer (1).

**Specific Gravity:** 

 $1.280 \pm 0.01$  at 20°C (68°F)





#### **WARNING:**

Battery electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous, causing severe burns, etc. It contains sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Antidote: EXTERNAL-Flush with water. INTERNAL-Drink large quantities of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Call a physician immediately.



Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention. Batteries produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flame, cigarettes etc., away. Ventilate when charging or using in an enclosed space. Always shield your eyes when working near batteries.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

OK



Low specific gravity

Recharge battery.

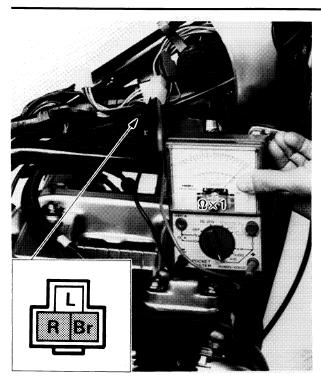
Charging Current: 1.2 amps/10 hrs

NOTE: \_

Replace the battery if:

- Battery voltage will not rise to a specific value or bubbles fail to rise even after many hours of charging.
- Sulfation of one or more cells occurs, as indicated by the plates turning white, or an accumulation of material exists in the bottom of the cell.
- Specific gravity readings after a long, slow charge indicate on cell to be lower than the rest.
- •Warpage or buckling of plates or insulators is evident.





- 9. Main switch conduct check
  - Disconnect main switch coupler (Brown, Red, Blue lead).
  - Connect Pocket Tester (YU-03112) to main switch leads (Brown, Red).

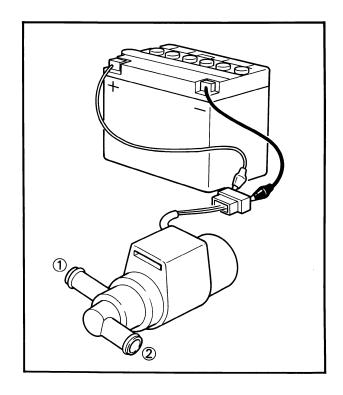
Tester (+) lead→Red lead Tester (-) lead→Brown lead

NOTE: \_\_

Set tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.

•Turn main switch to "ON" position and check it for continuity.

Continuity  $(0\Omega)$  No continuity  $(\infty)$  Main switch is faulty, replace it.



- 10. Air vent control valve test
  - •Remove air vent control valve.
  - Connect 12V battery to air vent control valve as shown.
  - •Blow air inside at nozzle (1) which is open to atmosphere.
  - Check for air escape at nozzle 2 on canister side.

No air escape→Valve is faulty.

Air escape → Valve is good.

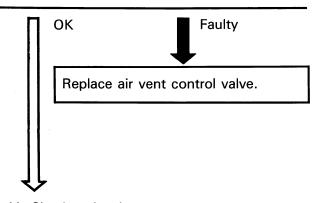
- Disconnect battery and blow air inside at nozzle (1) which is open to atmosphere.
- Check for air escape at nozzle ② on canister side.

Air escape→Valve is faulty.

No air escape→Valve is good.

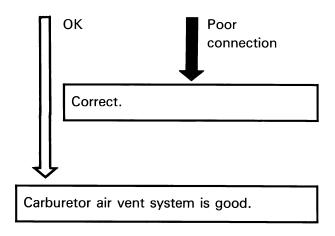
6





11. Check entire air vent control valve system for connections.

Refer to "WIRING DIAGRAM" section.





# **CHAPTER 7 APPENDICES**

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VYEOOS /VYEOOSC WIDING DIACDAM	



### GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

### **APPENDICES**

# SPECIFICATIONS GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model	YX600S/YX600SC
Model Code Number:	1UJ (For YX600S) 1UL (For YX600SC)
Vehicle Identification Number:	JYA1UJ00*GA000101 (For YX600S) JYA1UL00*GA000101 (For YX600SC)
Engine Starting Number:	1UJ-000101 (For YX600S) 1UL-000101 (For YX600SC)
Dimensions: Overall Length Overall Width Overall Height Seat Height Wheelbase Minimum Ground Clearance	2,075 mm (81.7 in) 770 mm (30.3 in) 1,095 mm (43.1 in) 765 mm (30.1 in) 1,385 mm (54.5 in) 145 mm (5.7 in)
Basic Weight: With Oil and Full Fuel Tank	197 kg (434 lb)
Minimum Turning Radius:	2,400 mm (94.5 in)
Engine: Engine Type Cylinder Arrangement Displacement Bore × Stroke Compression Ratio Compression Pressure Starting System	Air cooled 4-stroke, gasoline, DOHC 4-cylinder parallel 599 cm <sup>3</sup> 58.5 × 55.7 mm (2.3 × 2.19 in) 10.0 : 1 1078.8 kPa (11 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 156.4 psi) Electric starter
Lubrication System:	Pressure lubricated, wet sump
Engine Oil Type or Grade:  30 40 50 60°F  0 5 10 15°C	Yamalube 4-cycle oil or SAE 20W40 type SE motor oil SAE 10W30 type SE motor oil
Engine Oil Capacity: Engine Oil: Periodic Oil Change: With Oil Filter Replacement Total Amount Air Filter	2.2 L (1.9 Imp qt, 2.3 US qt) 2.5 L (2.2 Imp qt, 2.6 US qt) 2.9 L (2.6 Imp qt, 3.0 US qt)  Dry type element



Model	YX600S/YX600SC					
Fuel: Type Tank Capacity Reserve Amount	Regular gasoline 12.0 L (2.6 Imp gal, 3.2 US gal) 2.5 L (0.55 Imp gal, 0.66 US gal)					
Carburetor: Type (Quantity) Manufacturer	BS30 (4 pcs.) MIKUNI					
Spark plug: Type (Manufacture) Gap	D8EA (N.G.K.), X24ESU (N.D.) 0.6~0.7 mm (0.024~0.028 in)					
Clutch Type:	Wet, multiple-disc					
Transmission: Primary Reduction System Primary Reduction Ratio Secondary Reduction System Secondary Reduction Ratio Transmission Type Operation Gear Ratio 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th	Spur gear, HY-VO chain 22/21×65/28 (2.431) Chain drive 45/16 (2.813) Constant-mesh, 6-speed Left foot operation 41/15 (2.733) 37/19 (1.947) 34/22 (1.545) 31/25 (1.240) 29/28 (1.036) 27/30 (0.900)					
Chassis: Frame Type Caster Angle Trail	Tubular steel, double crad 27° 128 mm (5.04 in)	lle				
Tire:	Front	Rear				
Type Size Manufacture (Type)	Tubeless Tubeless 110/90-16 59H 130/90-16 67H DUNLOP DUNLOP (K355F) (K355) BRIDGESTONE BRIDGESTONE (G527) (G528)					
Tire Pressure (Cold tire):	Front	Rear				
Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load*  90 kg (198 lb) ~ 160 kg (353 lb) load*	177 kPa (1.8 kg/cm², 26 psi) 196 kPa	196 kPa (2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi) 226 kPa				
160 kg (353 lb) ~ Maximum load*	(2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi) 196 kPa	(2.3 kg/cm², 32 psi) 245 kPa				
High speed riding	(2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi) 196 kPa (2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi)	(2.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 36 psi) 226 kPa (2.3 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 32 psi)				

\*Load is total weight of cargo, rider, passenger, and accessories.



### **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Model	YX600S/YX600SC
Brake: Front Brake Type Operation Rear Brake Type Operation	Dual disc brake Right hand operation Drum brake
Suspension: Front Suspension Rear Suspension	Right foot operation  Telescopic fork Swingarm
Shock Absorber: Front Shock Absorber Rear Shock Absorber	Coil spring, oil damper Coil spring, oil damper
Wheel Travel: Front Wheel Travel Rear Wheel Travel	140 mm (5.5 in) 98 mm (3.9 in)
Electrical: Ignition System Generator System Battery Type or Model Battery Capacity	T.C.I. (Full Transistor ignition) A.C. generator 12N12A-4A 12V 12AH
Headlight Type:  Bulb Wattage (Quantity):  Headlight  Tail/Brake Light  Flasher Light  License Light  Meter Light	Bulb (Quartz bulb)  60W/55W (1 pcs.)  8W/27W (1 pcs.)  27W (4 pcs.)  3.8W (2 pcs.)  3.4W (4 pcs.)
Indicator Light: Wattage (Quantity) "NEUTRAL" "HIGH BEAM" "TURN" "OIL LEVEL"	3.4W (1 pcs.) 3.4W (1 pcs.) 3.4W (1 pcs.) 3.4W (1 pcs.)



#### **MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **Engine**

Model	YX600S/YX600SC
Cylinder Head: Warp Limit *	0.03 mm (0.001 in) *Lines indicate straightedge measurement.
Cylinder: Bore Size Taper Limit Out-of-round Limit	58.50 mm (2.303 in) 0.05 mm (0.002 in) 0.01 mm (0.0004 in)
Camshaft: Drive Method Cam Cap Inside Diameter (Cylinder head direct support) Camshaft Outside Diameter Shaft-to-cap Clearance Cam Dimensions: Intake "A"  < Limit >     "C"  < Limit >     "B"  < Limit >     "B"  < Limit >     "C"  < Limit >	Chain drive (Center) 25 <sup>+</sup> 8 <sup>-021</sup> mm (0.9449 <sup>+</sup> 8 <sup>-0008</sup> in)  25 <sup>-1</sup> 8 <sup>-0000</sup> mm (0.9448 <sup>-1</sup> 8 <sup>-00000</sup> in) 0.020 ~ 0.054 mm (0.0008 ~ 0.0021 in) 36.25 ~ 36.35 mm (1.427 ~ 1.431 in) 36.2 mm (1.43 in) 28.1 ~ 28.2 mm (1.106 ~ 1.11 in) 28.05 mm (1.1 in) 8.3 mm (0.327 in) 8.1 mm (0.319 in) 35.75 ~ 35.85 mm (1.408 ~ 1.411 in) 35.7 mm (1.41 in) 28.05 ~ 28.15 mm (1.104 ~ 1.108 in) 28 mm (1.1 in) 7.8 mm (0.307 in) 7.6 mm (0.299 in) 0.05 mm (0.002 in) Bush-chain/114 Manual
Valve, Valve Seat, Valve Guide: Valve Clearance (Cold)  IN.  EX.  Head Dia.  Face Width	0.11~0.15 mm (0.004~0.006 in) 0.16~0.20 mm (0.006~0.008 in) "C" Seat Width Margin Thickness

7



Model		YX600S/YX600SC
"A" Head Dia.	IN.	31‡84 mm (1.220‡8888 in)
, Tioud Dia.	EX.	$27 \pm 0.1 \text{ mm } (1.063 \pm 0.004 \text{ in})$
"B" Face Width	IN.	2.26 mm (0.0889 in)
	EX.	2.26 mm (0.0889 in)
"C" Seat Limit Width	IN.	$1.0\pm0.1 \text{ mm } (0.0394\pm0.004 \text{ in})$
	EX.	$1.0\pm0.1$ mm (0.0394±0.004 in)
"D" Margin Thickness Limit	IN.	$1.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm } (0.0394 \pm 0.008 \text{ in})$
	EX.	$1.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm } (0.0394 \pm 0.008 \text{ in})$
Stem Outside Diameter	IN.	5.975 ~ 5.990 mm (2.2352 ~ 0.2358 in)
Guide Inside Diameter	EX.	5.960 ~ 5.975 mm (0.2346 ~ 0.2352 in)
Guide inside Diameter	IN. EX.	$6.0 \sim 6.012 \text{ mm } (0.2362 \sim 0.2367 \text{ in})$ $6.0 \sim 6.012 \text{ mm } (0.2362 \sim 0.2367 \text{ in})$
Stem-to-guide Clearance	IN.	0.010 ~ 0.037 mm (0.0004 ~ 0.0015 in)
Storr to gaine cicarance	EX.	0.025 ~ 0.052 mm (0.0010 ~ 0.0020 in)
Stem Runout Limit	_/\	0.03 mm (0.001 in)
		(0.00,
	₹ <del>Dec</del>	
Valve Seat Width	IN.	0.9~1.1 mm (0.0390~0.0398 in)
Valve Seat Width	EX.	0.9~1.1 mm (0.0390~0.0398 in)
<limit></limit>	IN.	2.0 mm (0.08 in)
\	EX.	2.0 mm (0.08 in)
Valve Spring:		·
Free Length		
Inner Spring	IN.	35.5 mm (1.398 in)
	EX.	35.5 mm (1.398 in)
Outer Spring	IN.	37.2 mm (1.465 in)
	EX.	37.2 mm (1.465 in)
Installed Length (Valve Closed)		
Inner Spring	IN.	30.5 mm (1.201 in)
	EX.	30.5 mm (1.201 in)
Outer Spring	IN.	32.0 mm (1.260 in)
Tile I incie	EX.	32.0 mm (1.260 in)
Tilt Limit Inner Spring IN. &	EV	3 50 /1 5 mm /0 063 :\
Inner Spring IN. & Outer Spring IN. &		2.5°/1.5 mm (0.063 in) 2.5°/1.6 mm (0.063 in)
Julier Spring IIV. &	LA.	2.5 / 1.6 mm (0.003 m)
		·



Mode	el	YX600S/	YX600SC	
Direction of Winding (1	Direction of Winding (Top View)		Outer spring	
		IN. and EX.	IN. and EX.	
		Clockwise	Counter clockwise	
Piston: Piston Size "D" Measuring Point "H" -	H	58.50 mm (2.30 in) 7.0 mm (0.276 in) (From bottom line of pisto	on skirt)	
Clearance Between Pis Oversize:	ston & Cylinder 1st	0.025~0.045 mm (0.0010 _	~0.0018 in)	
	2nd	59.00 mm (2.32 in)		
	3rd 4th	- 60.00 mm (2.36 in)		
Distant Distant	401	00.00 mm (2.30 m)		
Piston Ring: Sectional Sketch	Top Ring	Barrel B = 1.0 mm (0.039 in) T = 2.3 mm (0.090 in)		
	2nd Ring	Taper	·	
T		B = 1.2 mm (0.047 in) T = 2.3 mm (0.090 in)		
	Oil Ring	Expander B = 2.5 mm (0.10 in)		
		T = 2.8  mm  (0.11  in)		
End Gap (Installed):	Top Ring	0.15~0.30 mm (0.0059~0	).0118 in)	
	<limit></limit>	0.7 mm (0.0276 in)		
	2nd Ring <limit></limit>	0.15~0.30 mm (0.0059~(	).0118 in)	
	< Limit > Oil Ring	0.7 mm (0.0276 in) 0.2~0.7 mm (0.0079~0.0	1276 in)	
Side Clearance:	Top Ring	0.03~0.07 mm (0.0012~0	•	
	<limit></limit>	0.15 mm (0.0059 in)		
	2nd Ring	0.02~0.06 mm (0.0008~0	0.0024 in)	
	<limit> Oil Ring</limit>	0.15 mm (0.0059 in)		
	- I Tillig			

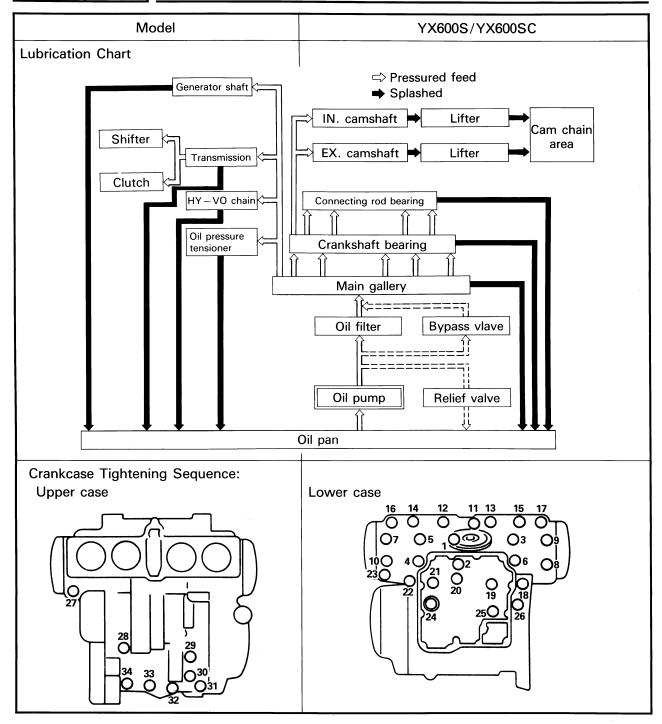


Model	YX600S/YX600SC
Connecting Rod: Oil Clearance Color Code	0.016~0.040 mm (0.0006~0.0016 in) 1. Blue 2. Black 3. Brown 4. Green
Crankshaft:  B B B Crank Width "A"	312.4±0.6 mm (12.30±0.024 in)
Runout Limit "B" Big End Side Clearance "C" Crank Journal Oil Clearance Color Code	0.03 mm (0.0012 in) 0.16~0.262 mm (0.006~0.010 in) 0.021~0.044 mm (0.0008~0.0017 in) 1. Blue 2. Black 3. Brown 4. Green 5. Yellow
Clutch: Friction Plate Thickness/Quantity Wear Limit Clutch Plate Thickness/Quantity Warp Limit Clutch Spring Free Length/Quantity Clutch Spring Minimum Length Clutch Release Method	3.0 ± 0.1 mm (0.12 ± 0.0039 in)/8 pcs 2.7 mm (0.106 in) 1.6 ± 0.1 mm (0.063 ± 0.0039 in)/7 pcs. 0.15 mm (0.0059 in) 42.8 mm (1.690 in)/5 pcs. 41.8 mm (1.646 in) Outer Pull, Rack & Pinion Pull
Transmission:  Main Axle Deflection Limit  Drive Axle Deflection Limit	0.08 mm (0.0031 in) 0.08 mm (0.0031 in)
Shifter: Shifter Type	Guide bar
Carburetor: Type/Manufacture/Quantity I.D. Mark Main Jet (M.J.) Main Air Jet (M.A.J) Jet Needle-clip Position (J.N.) (For No.1 and 4 Cylinder)	BS30/MIKUNI/4 pcs. 1UJ00 (For YX600S), 1UL00 (For YX600SC) #97.5 #140 4CHP2
(For No.2 and 3 Cylinder)	4CHP4



Model		YX600S/YX600SC
Needle Jet	(N.J.)	0-6 (517)
Pilot Jet	(P.J)	#30
Pilot Outlet Size	(P.O.)	ø0.8
Pilot Air Jet	(P.A.J)	#135
Pilot Screw	(P.S.)	Preset
Valve Seat Size	(V.S.)	ø2.3
Starter Jet	$(G.S_1)$	#25
	$(G.S_2)$	$\phi 0.6$
Bypath Size	(B.P <sub>1</sub> )	$\phi 0.9$
	$(B.P_2)$	$\phi 0.8$
	$(B.P_3)$	$\phi 0.8$
Fuel Level	(F.L.)	$2.0\pm0.5$ mm ( $0.08\pm0.02$ in)
i		Below from the carburetor mixing chamber body
		edge
Float Height		$20 \pm 1.0 \text{ mm } (0.8 \pm 0.04 \text{ in})$
Engine Idling Speed		1,300 ± 50 r/min
Vacuum Pressure at Idling	յ Speed	23.3±0.667 kPa
		$(175\pm 5 \text{ mmHg}, 6.890\pm 0.1969 \text{ inHg})$
Vacuum Synchronous Dif	ference	Below 10 kPa (10 mmHg, 0.4 inHg)
Lubrication System:		
Oil Filter Type		Paper
Oil Pump Type		Trochoid pump
Tip Clearance		0.09~0.15 mm (0.0035~0.0060 in)
<limit></limit>		<0.2 mm (0.008 in)>
Side Clearance		$0.03 \sim 0.08 \text{ mm} (0.0012 \sim 0.0031 \text{ in})$
< Limit >		<0.15 mm (0.006 in)>
Bypass Valve Setting Pres		$98.0 \pm 20 \text{ kPa } (1.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ kg/cm}^2, 14.2 \pm 2.8 \text{ psi})$
Relief Valve Operating Pre	essure	$490 \pm 49$ kPa (5.0 $\pm$ 0.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 71.1 $\pm$ 7.1 psi)







					Tightening torqu				
Part to be tightened	Part name	Threa	ad size	Q'ty	Nm	m•kg	ft•lb	Remarks	
Cam shaft cap	Bolt	М6	P1.0	24	10	1.0	7.2	Tighten in 3-stages	
Cylinder (cam chain)	Stud bolt	M6	P1.0	4	5	0.5	3.6	Apply oil	
Cylinder head (Exhaust pipe)	Stud bolt	M6	P1.0	8	10	1.0	7.2	Apply oil	
Cylinder head	Stud bolt	M6	P1.0	4	5	0.5	3.6	Apply oil	
Cylinder	Nut	M8	P1.25	1	20	2.0	14		
Cylinder	Nut	M6	P1.0	1	10	1.0	7.2		
Cylinder head	Cap nut	M8	P1.25	12	22	2.2	16	Apply oil	
Spark plug		M12	P1.25	4	17.5	1.75	13		
Cylinder head cover	Bolt	M6	P1.0	12	10	1.0	7.2		
Cylinder	Stud bolt	M8	P1.25	1	15	1.5	11	Apply oil	
Cylinder and crankcase	Nut	M8	P1.25	1	20	2.0	14		
Connecting rod and rod cap	Nut	M7	P0.75	8	25	2.5	18		
Camshaft and sprocket	Bolt	M7	P1.0	4	24	2.4	17		
Cam chain tensioner stopper bolt	Bolt	M8	P1.0	1	8	0.8	5.7		
Cam chain tensioner case and cylinder	Bolt	М6	P1.0	1	10	1.0	7.2		
Cam chain tensioner case and cylinder	Nut	М6	P1.0	1	10	1.0	7.2		
Cam chain tensioner lock nut	Nut	M8	P1.25	1	9	0.9	6.5		
Crankcase	Plug	M10	P1.25	1	10	1.0	7.2		
Rotor housing and pump cover	Screw	М6	P1.0	1	7	0.7	5.1		
Oil pump ass'y and crankcase	Screw	М6	P1.0	3	7	0.7	5.1		
Strainer housing and crankcase	Bolt	М6	P1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2		
Strainer cover and crankcase	Bolt	М6	P1.0	12	10	1.0	7.2		
Filter cover and crankcase	Union bolt	M20	P1.5	1	15	1.5	11		
Drain bolt	Plug	M14	P1.5	1	43	4.3	31		
Carburetor joint and cylinder head	Bolt	М6	P1.0	8	10	1.0	7.2		



Part to be tightened	Part name	Thursday size		O'+v	Tightening torque			Remarks	
	Part name	inrea	ad size	Q ty	Nm	m•kg	ft•lb	nemarks	
Oil level gauge switch	Bolt	М6	P1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1		
Reliet valve and crankcase	_			1	20	2.0	14		
HY-VO chain tensioner	Bolt	М6	P1.0	2.	10	1.0	7.2	Use LOCTITE®	
Primary drive gear	Nut	M16	P1.5	1	50	5.0	36		
Bearing cover plate	Screw	М6	P1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2	Use LOCTITE®	
Starter clutch	Bolt	M8	P1.25	3	25	2.5	18	Use LOCTITE®	
Shift shaft stopper	Screw	M8	P1.25	1	22	2.2	16		
Shift cam bearing plate	Screw	M6	P1.0	1	10	1.0	7.2		



#### Chassis

Cnassis						
Model		YX	600S/YX60	0SC		
Steering System: Steering Bearing Type No./Size of Steel Balls:	Upper Lower	Ball Bearing 19 pcs/1/4 in 19 pcs/1/4 in				
Frok Spring Free Length Spring Rate/Stroke		140 mm (5.5 in) 542 mm (21.3 in)  K <sub>1</sub> = 3.8 N/mm (0.385 kg/mm, 21.2 lb/in) 0.0~95 mm (0.0~3.47 in)  K <sub>2</sub> = 5.6 N/mm (0.575 kg/mm, 31.7 lb/in) 95~140 mm (3.74~5.51 in)				
Optional Spring Oil Capacity Oil Grade		No 320 cm <sup>3</sup> (	11.3 lmp o	z, 10.8 US NT or equi	oz)	
Rear Suspension: Shock Absorber Travel Spring Free Length Spring Rate/Stroke		80 mm (3.1 in) 222.4 mm (8.76 in)  K <sub>1</sub> = 17.6 N/mm (1.8 kg/mm, 99.1 lb/in) 0.0 ~ 52 mm (0.0 ~ 2.04 in)  K <sub>2</sub> = 25.5 N/mm (2.6 kg/mm, 143.2 lb/in) 52 ~ 80 mm (2.04 ~ 3.15 in)				
Optional Spring		No				
Adjustment Spring P	osition		←Stiffer		Std.	Softer
		5	4	3	2	1
Rear Arm: Swingarm Free Play Limit (En	d)	1.0 mm (0.039 in)				
Wheel: Front Wheel Type Rear Wheel Type Front Rim Size/Material Rear Rim Size/Material Rim Runout Limit	Vertical Lateral	1	el 16/Alumin 16/Alumin 0.08 in)			
Drive Chain: Type/Manufacturer No. of Links Chain Free Play		50HDL2/I 104 20~30 m	DAIDO m (0.78~1	.18 in)		
Front Disc Brake: Type Outside Dia. × Thickness Pad Thickness:	Inner <limit>* Outer <limit>*</limit></limit>	5.5 mm (0 0.5 mm (0 5.5 mm (0	0.019 in) 0.21 in)	).2 in)		



Model	YX600S/YX600SC	
Master Cylinder Inside Dia. Caliper Cylinder Inside Dia. Brake Fluid Type	15.87 mm (0.62 in) 42.8 mm (1.50 in) DOT #3	
Rear Drum Brake: Type Brake Drum Inside Diameter < Limit > Lining Thickness < Limit > Shoe Spring Free Length	Leading, Trailing 180 mm (7.08 in) <181 mm (7.12 in)> 4 mm (0.16 in) <2 mm (0.08 in)> 68 mm (2.68 in)	
Brake Lever & Brake Pedal: Brake Lever Free Play (at lever end) Brake Pedal Free Play Brake Pedal Position	2~5 mm (0.08~0.20 in) 20~30 mm (0.8~0.12 in) 15 mm (0.6 in) (Vertical height below footrest top)	
Clutch Lever Free Play (at lever end):	10~15 mm (0.4~0.6 in)	



Part to be tightened	Thread size	Tightening torque		
r art to be tightened		Nm	m•kg	ft•lb
Front wheel axle	M14×1.5	105	10.5	75
Front wheel axle holder	M8 ×1.25	20	2.0	14
Front fender and front fork	M6 ×1.0	80	8.0	58
Handle crown and inner tube	M8 ×1.25	20	2.0	14
Handle crown and steering shaft	M14×1.25	54	5.4	39
Steering shaft and ring nut (Refer to NOTE)	M25×1.0	38	3.8	27
Caliper and front fork	M10×1.25	35	3.5	25
Brake disc and wheel	M10×1.25	20	2.0	14
Master cylinder and master cylinder bracket	M6 ×1.0	8	0.8	5.8
Master cylinder and master cylinder cap	M5 × 0.8	2	0.2	1.4
Caliper and bleed screw	M8 ×1.25	6	0.6	4.3
Brake hose	M10×1.25	26	2.6	19
Handlebar upper holder	M8 ×1.25	20	2.0	14
Engine mounting: Front upper	M10×1.25	42	4.2	30
Front under	M10×1.25	42	4.2	30
Rear	M12×1.25	70	7.0	50
Engine stay and frame	M8×1.25	20	2.0	14
Muffler bracket and frame	M10×1.25	42	4.2	30
Footrest	M12×1.25	70	7.0	50
Brake pedal and brake shaft	M6 ×1.0	9	0.9	6.5
Pivot axle and locknut	M14×1.5	90	9.0	65
Rear shock absorber and frame	M8 ×1.25	20	2.0	14
Rear shock absorber and rear arm	M10×1.25	29	2.9	21
Tension bar and rear arm	M8 ×1.25	20	2.0	14
Tension bar and brake shoe plate	M8 ×1.25	20	2.0	14
Rear wheel axle and nut	M14×1.5	106	10.6	75
Sproket and clutch hub	M8 ×1.25	32	3.2	23

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171			-	•

After torquing the steering shaft and ring nut, adjust them for smooth movement of the handlebar.



#### **Electrical**

Model	YX600S/YX600SC
Voltage Ignition System:	12V
Ignition Timing (B.T.D.C.) Advancer Type	10°±1° at 1,200 r/min Electrical
E 20	6 7 8 9 10×10 <sup>3</sup>
T.C.I.:	(XIII)
Pickup Coil Resistance (Color) T.C.I. Unit—Manufacturer	108~132Ω at 20°C (68°F) (Black—Gray) (Black—Orange) TID14-31 HITACHI
Ignition Coil Model/Manufacturer Minimum Spark Gap Primary Winding Resistance Secondary Winding Resistance Spark Plug Cap Resistance	CM12-10/HITACHI 6 mm (0.24 in) or more at 500 r/min 2.43 $\sim$ 2.97 $\Omega$ at 20°C (68°F) 10.56 $\sim$ 15.84K $\Omega$ at 20°C (68°F) 10K $\Omega$
Charging System: Type	A.C. Generator
A.C. Generator:  Model/Manufacturer  Nominal Output  Field Coil Resistance  Starter Coil Resistance	LD117-13/HITACHI 14V, 17A at 5,000 r/min $2.7 \sim 3.3\Omega$ at 20°C (68°F) (Brown—Green) $0.5 \sim 0.6\Omega$ at 20°C (68°F) (White—White)
Brush—Overall Length < Limit > — Spring Force	17 mm (0.669 in) 10 mm (0.394 in) 190~360 gr (6.7~12.7 oz)
Voltage Regulator: Type Model/Manufacturer No Load Regulated Voltage Rectifier:	Field control SH233-12/SHINDENGEN 14.2~14.8V
Model/Manufacturer Capacity Withstand Voltage	SH233-12/SHINDENGEN 15A 300V



Model	YX600S/YX600SC
Battery: Capacity Specific Gravity	12V 12AH 1.280
Electrical Starter System: Type Starter Motor: Model/Manufacturer Output Armature Coil Resistance Brush—Overall Length < Limit >	Constant mesh type  SM8204/MITSUBA  0.5 kw  0.012Ω±10% at 20°C (68°F)  12 mm (0.47 in)  5 mm (0.20 in)
—Spring Force Commutator Dia. Wear Limit Mica Undercut Starter Relay: Model/Manufacturer Amperage Rating Coil Resistance	340~460 g (12.0~16.2 oz) 28 mm (1.10 in) 27 mm (1.06 in) 1.6 mm (0.06 in)  22U-00/HONDA LOCK 150A 3.4Ω at 20°C (68°F)
Horn: Type/Quantity Model/Manufacturer Maximum Amperage	Plane Type/1 pcs. YF-12./NIKKO 2.5A
Flasher Relay (Relay Assembly): Type Model/Manufacturer Self Cancelling Device Flasher Frequency Wattage	Semi transistor type FX257N/NIPPON DENSO Yes 85 ± 10 cycle/min 27W × 2 pcs + 3.4W
Sidestand Relay: Model/Manufacturer Coil Winding Resistance Diode	$4\text{U}8\text{-}01/\text{OMRON}$ $75\Omega\pm10\%$ at 20°C (68°F) No
Safty Relay (Relay Assembly): Model/Manufacturer Diode	FX257N/NIPPON DENSO No
Oil Level Switch:  Model/Manufacturer	4U8-00/HIPPON DENSO
Circuit Breaker: Type Amperage for Individual Circuit × Quantity MAIN HEADLIGHT SIGNAL IGNITION	Fuse:  20A × 1 pcs.  10A × 1 pcs.  10A × 1 pcs.  10A × 1 pcs.  20A × 1 pcs.  20A × 1 pcs, 10A × 1 pcs.

#### **GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS**



#### GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICA-TIONS

This chart specifies torque for standard fasteners with standard I.S.O. pitch threads. Torque specifications for special components or assemblies are included in the applicable sections of this book. To avoid warpage, tighten multi-fastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion, in progressive stages, until full torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications call for clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

A D
-----

A: Distance across flatsB: Outside thred diameter

A (Nut)	B (Polt)	General torque specifications		
(ivat)	(Nut) (Bolt)	Nm	m•kg	ft•lb
10 mm	6 mm	6	0.6	4.3
12 mm	8 mm	15	1.5	11
14 mm	10 mm	30	3.0	22
17 mm	12 mm	55	5.5	40
19 mm	14 mm	85	8.5	61
22 mm	16 mm	130	13.0	94



## **DEFINITION OF UNITS/CONVERSION TABLES**

#### **DEFINITION OF UNITS**

Unit	Read	Definition	Measure
mm cm	millimeter centimeter	10 <sup>-3</sup> meter 10 <sup>-2</sup> meter	Length Length
kg	kilogram	10 <sup>3</sup> gram	Weight
N	Newton	1 kg×m/sec <sup>2</sup>	Force
Nm m•kg	Newton meter Meter kilogram	N×m m×kg	Torque Torque
Pa N/mm	Pascal Newton per millimeter	N/m² N/mm	Pressure Spring rate
L cm³	Liter Cubic centimeter		Volume or Capacity
r/min	Rotation per minute		Engine Speed

### **CONVERSION TABLES**

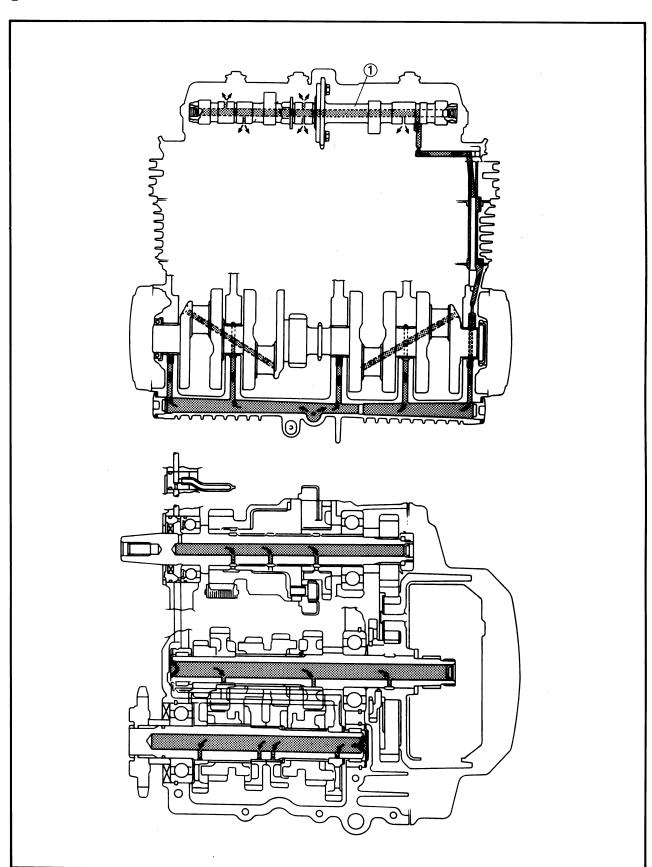
Metric to inch system		
Known	Multiplier	Result
m•kg m•kg cm•kg cm•kg	7.233 86.80 0.0723 0.8680	ft·lb in·lb ft·lb in·lb
kg g	2.205 0.03527	lb oz
km/lit km/hr km m cm mm	2.352 0.6214 0.6214 3.281 1.094 0.3937 0.03937	mpg mph mi ft yd in
cc (cm³) cc (cm³) lit (liter) lit (liter) lit (liter)	0.03382 0.06102 2.1134 1.057 0.2642	oz (US liq) cu in pt (US liq) qt (US liq) gal (US liq)
kg/mm kg/cm Centigrade (°C)	56.007 14.2234 9/5 (°C) + 32	lb/in psi (lb/in) Fahrenheit (°F)

Inch to metric system		
Known	Multiplier	Result
ft·lb in·lb ft·lb in·lb	0.13826 0.01152 13.831 1.1521	m•kg m•kg cm•kg cm•kg
lb oz	0.4535 28.352	kg g
mpg mph mi ft yd in in	0.4252 1.609 1.609 0.3048 0.9141 2.54 25.4	km/lit km/hr km m cm
oz (US liq) cu in pt (US liq) qt (US liq) gal (US liq) lb/in psi (Ib/in)	29.57 16.387 0.4732 0.9461 3.785 0.017855 0.07031	cc (cm³) cc (cm³) lit (liter) lit (liter) lit (liter) kg/mm kg/cm
Fahrenheit (°C)	5/9 (F°-32)	Centigrade (°F)



### **LUBRICATION DIAGRAM**

① Crankshaft

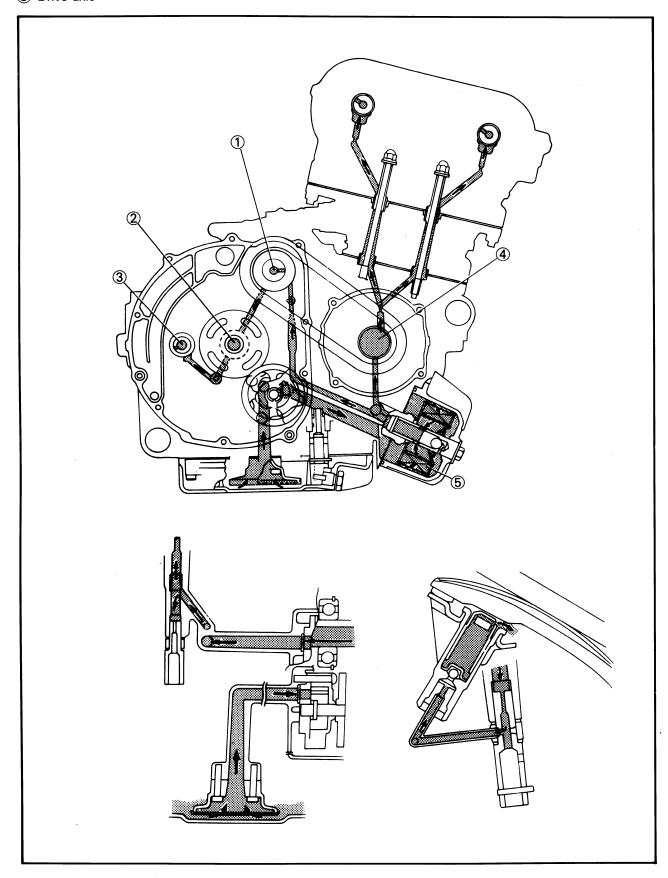




## **LUBRICATION DIAGRAM**

- Generator shaft
   Main axle
   Drive axle

- 4 Crankshaft5 Oil filter

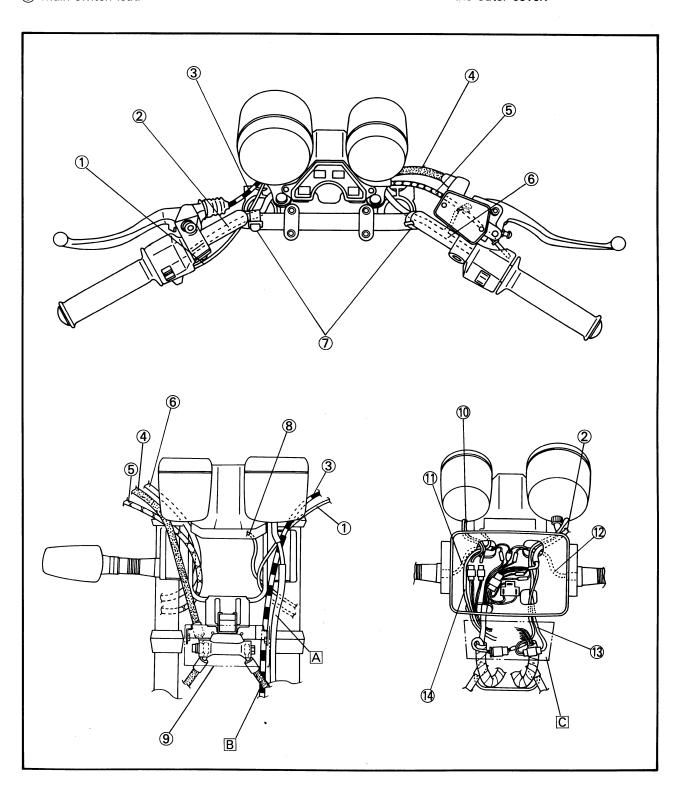




- Starter cable
   Handlebar switch lead (Left)
   Clutch cable
   Brake hose

- 5 Throttle cable
- 6 Handlebar switch lead (Right)7 Band8 Main switch lead

- 9 Outer cover
- 10 Tachometer lead
- 1 Flasher light lead (Right)
- 12 Flasher light lead (Left)
- 13 Speedometer light lead
- 14 Indicator light lead
- A Speedometer cable: Pass the speedometer cable outside the outer cover.
- B Clutch cable: Pass the clutch cable behind the outer cover stay.
- C Connect the couplers inside the outer cover.

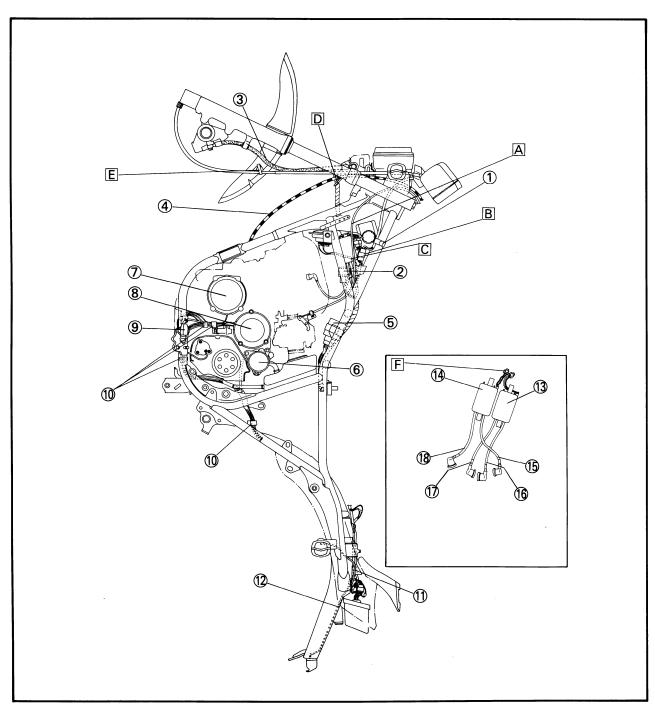




- Band
   Sidestand relay
   Brake hose
- (4) Clutch cable
- 5 Relay assembly
- 6 Starter motor
- 7 Pickup coil
- 8 A.C. generator9 Sidestand switch
- (10) Clamp
- (1) Rear flasher light lead
- 12 License light lead
- (13) Ignition coil (Right)
- (14) Ignition coil (Left)

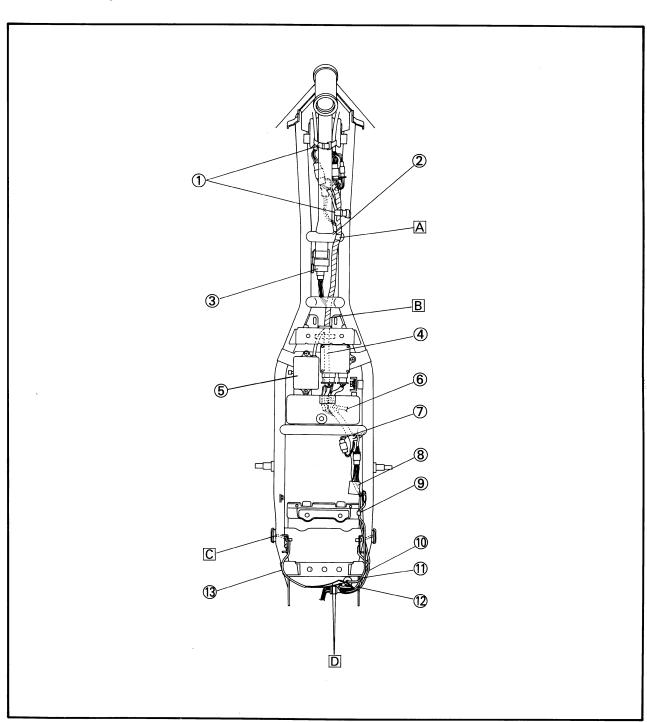
- (15) "4" mark → #4 cylinder(16) "3" mark → #3 cylinder
- (17) "2" mark → #2 cylinder
- (18) "1" mark → #1 cylinder
- A Pass the starter cable between the locating damper and ignition coil.
- B After connecting the couplers, locate them above the ignition coil.
- C Pass the horn lead between the ignition coils.

- D Guide:
  - Clamp the wire harness.
- E Cable holder:
  - Pass the speedometer cable through the cable holder.
- F Pass the ignition coil leads through the coil stay.



- 1 Band2 Cross pipe3 Relay assembly4 Ignitor unit
- 5 Fuse box
- 6 To pickup coil
- To starter relay
- Diode
- Olamp
- Rear flasher light lead (Right)
- 1 License light lead
- Taillight leadRear flasher light lead (Left)

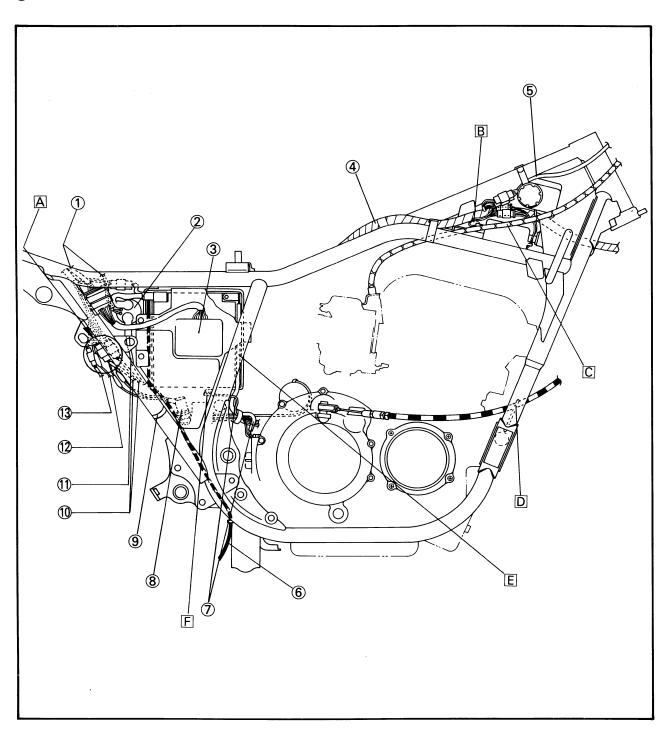
- A White tape:
  - Align the white tape with the cross pipe as shown.
- B Pass the wire harness between air cleaner box and battery box.
- C Pass the flasher light lead between the frame and rear fender.
- D Locate the couplers and leads inside the rear fender.





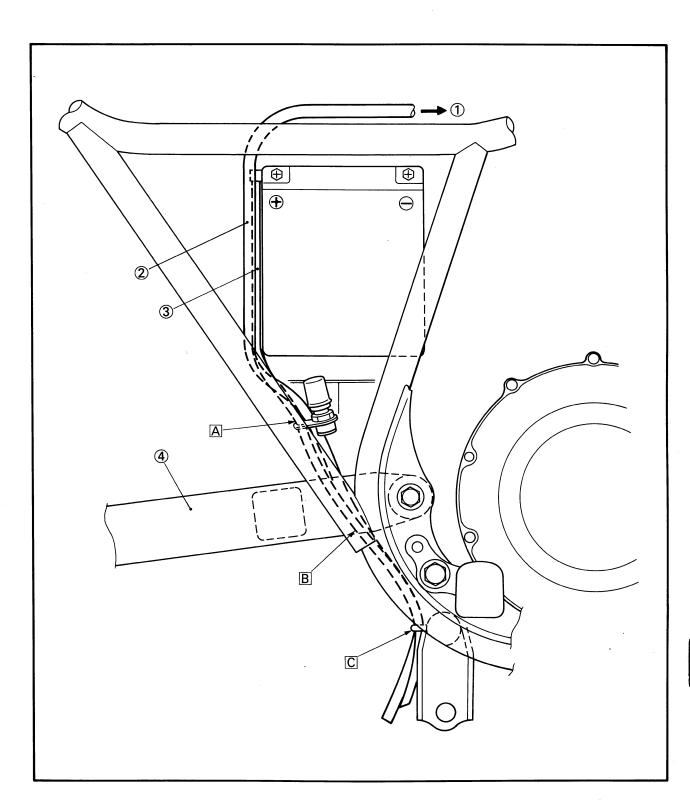
- To wire harness
   Starter relay
   Rectifier-regulator
- 4 Wire harness
- (Fight) Handlebar switch lead (Right)
- 6 Battery breather pipe
- (7) Earth lead
- 8 Rear brake switch
- © Clamp10 To A.C. generator
- 11) Starter relay lead
- (12) Oil level switch lead
- (13) Sidestand switch lead

- A After connecting the couplers, locate the couplers behind the battery box.
- B Clamp the earth lead with the ignition coil securing screw.
- C Pass the throttle cable under the locating damper.
- D Pass the clutch cable through the guide and between EX. pipe #2 and #3.
- E Pass the battery negative (-) lead inside the battery box.
- F Clamp the earth lead with the battery cover securing bolt.



- To fuel tank
   Fuel tank breather pipe
   Battery breather pipe
   Rear arm

- A Pass the battery breather pipe through the guide hole on the stop switch bracket.
- B Pass the fuel tank and battery breather pipe between the rear arm corss tube and rear arm pivot.
- C Pass the breather pipes through the guide.

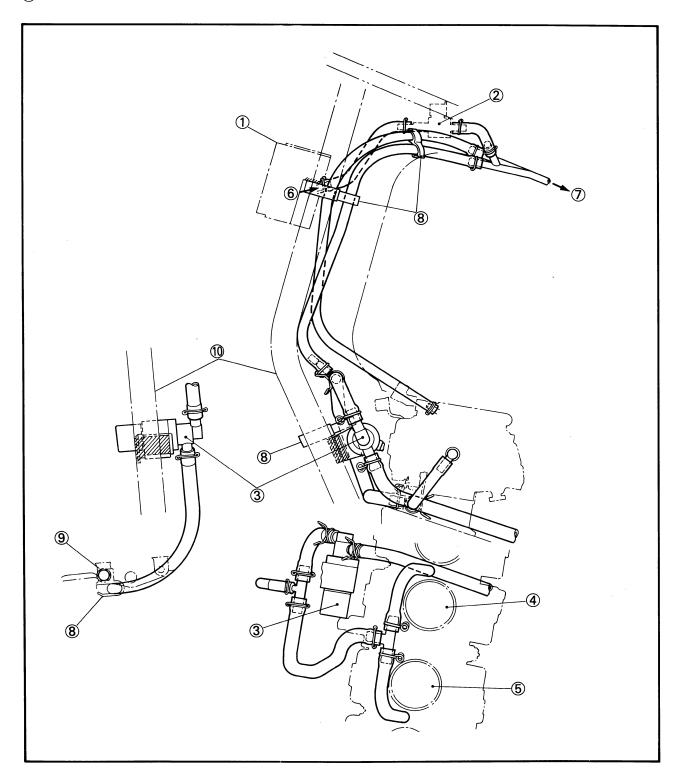




#### **CALIFORNIA ONLY**

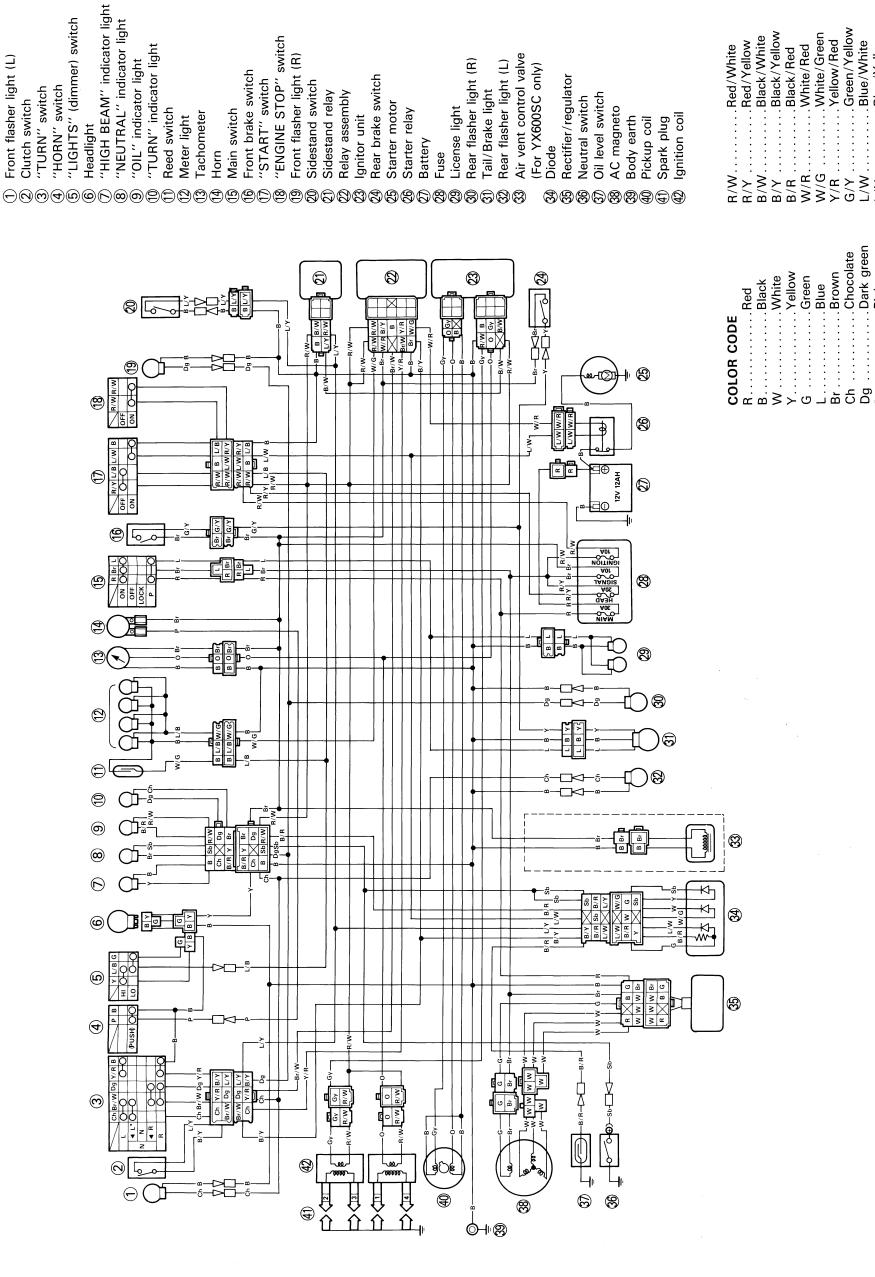
- Ignition coil
   Roll over valve
   Air vent control valve
   #3 Carburetor
   #2 Carburetor
   From fuel tank
   To canister

- 8 Clamp9 Crankcase10 Frame



Front flasher light (L)

Clutch switch



.Black/White .Black/Yellow

Red/Yellow

....Red/White

.. Brown/White

Blue/Black

Green/Yellow

Brown Chocolate Dark green

Orange Sky blue

Blue/Yellow Blue/White

White/Green

White/Red

Black/Red

Yellow Green Blue

Yellow/Red

#### **FOREWORD**

This Supplementary Service Manual has been prepared to introduce new service and new data for the YX600U/UC. For complete information on service procedures, it is necessary to use this Supplementary Service Manual together with following manual:

YX600S/SC Service Manual: LIT-11616-05-06

YX600U/YX600UC
SUPPLEMENTARY SERVICE MANUAL
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1st Edition, July 1987
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U.S.A. is expressly prohibited.
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P/N LIT-11616-06-16

#### **NOTICE**

This manual was written by the Yamaha Motor Company primarily for use by Yamaha dealers and their qualified mechanics. It is not possible to put an entire mechanic's education into one manual, so it is assumed that persons using this book to perform maintenance and repairs on Yamaha motorcycles have a basic understanding of the mechanical concepts and procedures inherent in motorcycle repair technology. Without such knowledge, attempted repairs or service to this model may render it unfit to use and/or unsafe.

Yamaha Motor Company, Ltd. is continually striving to improve all models manufactured by Yamaha. Modifications and significant changes in specifications or procedures will be forwarded to all Authorized Yamaha dealers and will, where applicable, appear in future editions of this manual.

SERVICE DIVISION
MOTORCYCLE GROUP
YAMAHA MOTOR CO., LTD.

#### **HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL**

#### PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This material is distinguished by the following notation.

**NOTE**: A **NOTE** provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

**CAUTION:** A **CAUTION** indicates special procedures that must be followed to avoid damage to

the motorcycle.

WARNING: A WARNING indicates special procedures that must be followed to avoid injury to

a motorcycle operator or person inspecting or repairing the motorcycle.

#### MANUAL FORMAT

All of the procedures in this manual are organized in a sequential, step-by-step format. The information has been compiled to provide the mechanic with an easy to read, handy reference that contains comprehensive explanations of all disassembly, repair, assembly, and inspection operations.

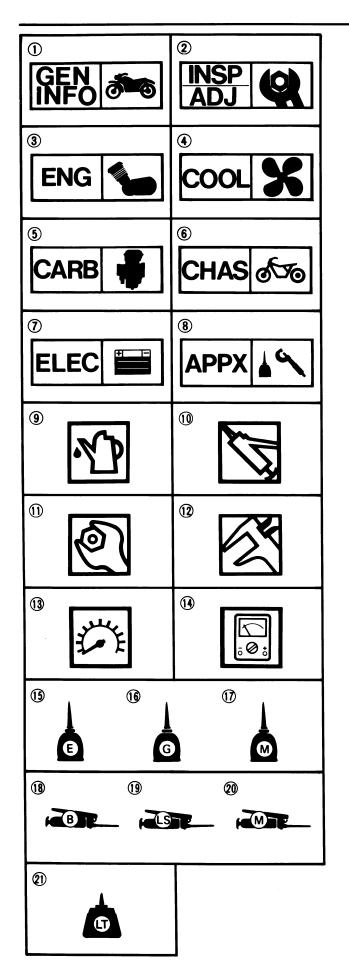
In this revised format, the condition of a faulty component will precede an arrow symbol and the course of action required will follow the symbol, e.g.,

Bearings

Pitting/Damage → Replace.

#### **EXPLODED DIAGRAM**

Each chapter provides exploded diagrams before each disassembly section for ease in identifying correct disassembly and assembly procedures.



# ILLUSTRATED SYMBOLS (Refer to the illustration)

Illustrated symbols ① to ⑧ are designed as thumb tabs to indicate the chapter's number and content.

- (1) General information
- (2) Periodic inspection and adjustment
- 3 Engine
- 4 Cooling system
- (5) Carburetion
- 6 Chassis
- 7 Electrical
- 8 Appendices

Illustrated symbols **9** to **4** are used to identify the specifications appearing.

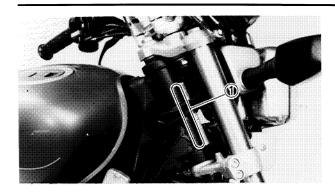
- 9 Filling fluid
- 10 Lubricant
- 11 Tightening
- 12) Wear limit, clearance
- 13 Engine speed
- **14** Ω, V, A

Illustrated symbols (5) to (2) in the exploded diagram indicate grade of lubricant and location of lubrication point.

- (15) Apply engine oil
- 16 Apply gear oil
- (17) Apply molybdenum disulfide oil
- (18) Apply wheel bearing grease
- 19 Apply lightweight lithium-soap base grease
- 20 Apply molybdenum disulfide grease
- 21 Apply locking agent (LOCTITE®)

#### MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION





# GENERAL INFORMATION

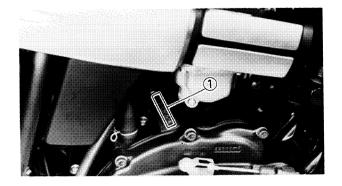
# MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

The vehicle identification number ① is stamped into the right side of the steering head pipe.

Starting Serial Number:
YX600U (Except for California)
JYA1UJE0\*\*JA000101
YX600UC (For California)
JYA1ULC0\*\*JA000101

ΛI	$\boldsymbol{\cap}$	т	_	
w			_	_

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your state.



#### **ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER**

The engine serial number ① is stamped into the elevated part of the left rear section of the engine.

Starting Serial Number:
YX600U (Except for California)
1UJ-047101
YX600UC (For California)
1UL-00701

#### NOTE: \_\_

- •The first three digits of these numbers are for model identifications; the remaining digits are the unit production number.
- Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.

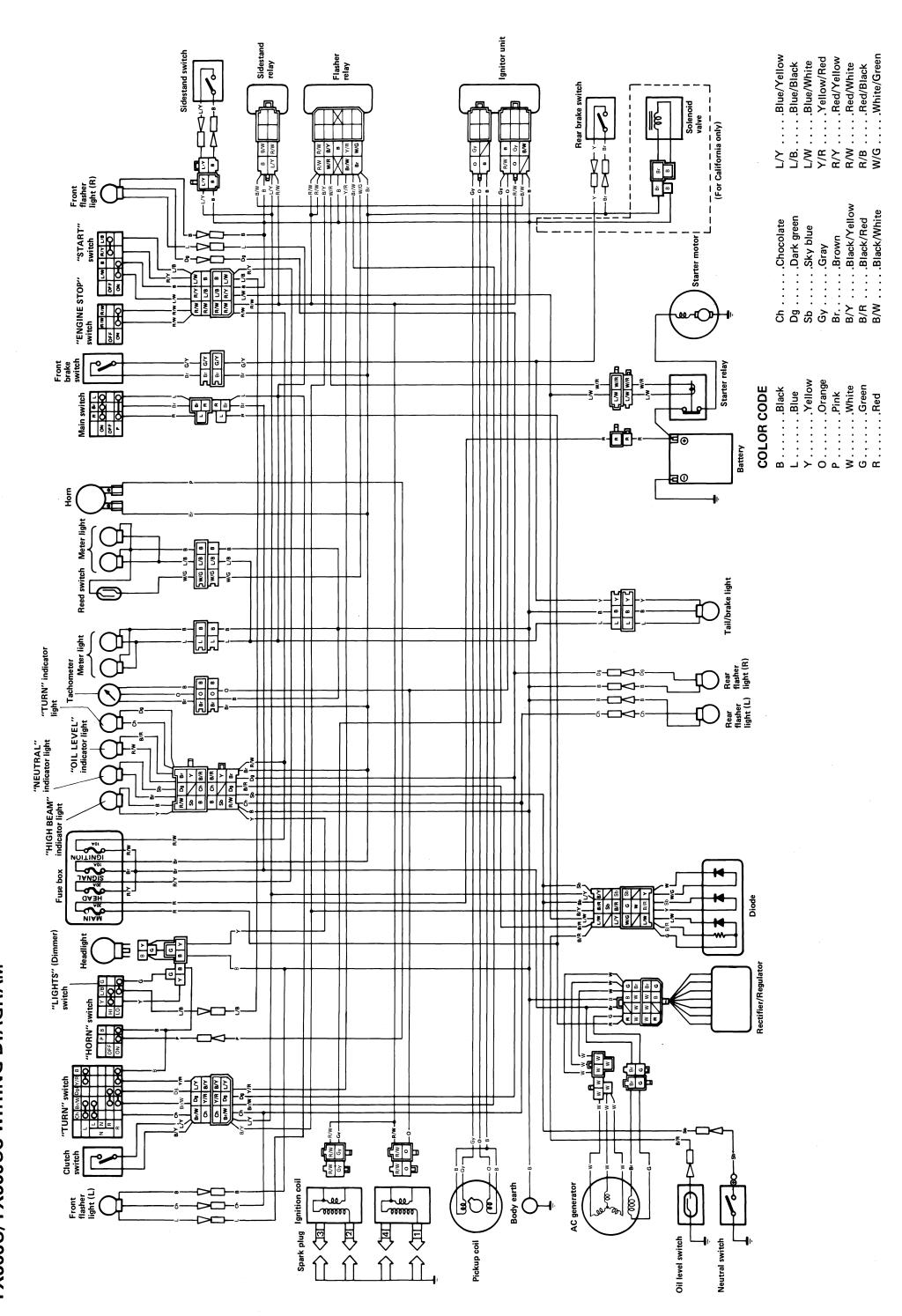
## **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**



## **APPENDICES**

# SPECIFICATIONS GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model	YX600U/YX600UC
Model Code Number:	2WY (For YX600U) 2XA (For YX600UC)
Vehicle Identification Number:	JYA1UJE0*JA000101 (For YX600U) JYA1ULC0*JA000101 (For YX600UC)
Engine Starting Number:	1UJ-047101 (For YX600U) 1UL-00701 (For YX600UC)
Bulb Wattage (Quantity): Headlight Tail/Brake Light Flasher Light (Front)/Front Position Light Flasher Light (Rear) License Light Meter Light	60W/55W (1 pcs.) 8W/27W (1 pcs.) 27W/8W (2 pcs.) 27W (2 pcs.) 3.8W (2 pcs.) 3.4W (4 pcs.)



#### **FOREWORD**

This Supplementary Service Manual has been prepared to introduce new service and new data for the YX600W/WC. For complete information on service procedures, it is necessary to use this Supplementary Service Manual together with following manual:

YX600S/SC Service Manual: LIT-11616-05-06 YX600V/VC Supplementary Service Manual: LIT-11616-06-16

YX600W/YX600WC
SUPPLEMENTARY SERVICE MANUAL
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P/N LIT-11616-06-88

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SERVICE DIVISION
MOTORCYCLE OPERATIONS
YAMAHA MOTOR CO., LTD.

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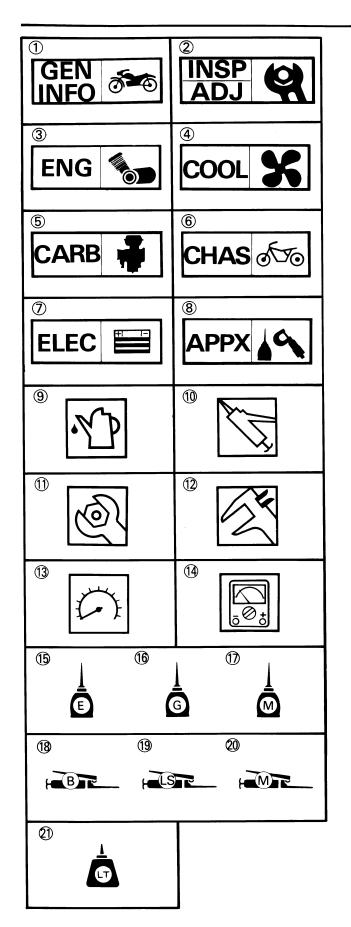
#### MANUAL FORMAT

All of the procedures in this manual are organized in a sequential, step-by-step format. The information has been compiled to provide the mechanic with an easy to read, handy reference that contains comprehensive explanations of all disassembly, repair, assembly, and inspection operations. In this revised format, the condition of a faulty component will precede an arrow symbol and the course of action required will follow the symbol, e.g.,

Bearings
 Pitting/Damage→Replace.

#### EXPLODED DIAGRAM

Each chapter provides exploded diagrams before each disassembly section for ease in identifying correct disassembly and assembly procedures.



### **ILLUSTRATED SYMBOLS** (Refer to the illustration)

Illustrated symbols (1) to (8) are designed as thumb tabs to indicate the chapter's number and content.

- (1) General information
- Periodic inspection and adjustment
   Engine
   Cooling system

- 5 Carburetion
  6 Chassis
  7 Electrical

- 8 Appendices

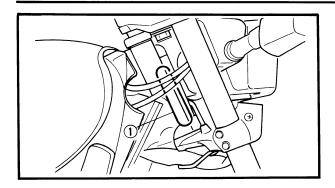
Illustrated symbols (9) to (14) are used to identify the specifications appearing in the text.

- 9 Filling fluid
- 10 Lubricant
- (1) Tightening
- 12 Wear limit, clearance 13 Engine speed
- (14) Ω, V, A

Illustrated symbols (5) to (21) in the exploded diagram indicate grade of lubricant and location of lubrication point.

- (15) Apply engine oil
- (16) Apply gear oil
- (17) Apply molybdenum disulfide oil
- (18) Apply wheel bearing grease
- (19) Apply lightweight lithium-soap base grease
- 20 Apply molybdenum disulfide grease
- 21) Apply locking agent (LOCTITE®)





# GENERAL INFORMATION

# MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

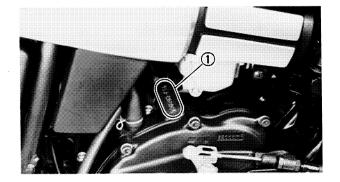
The vehicle identification number ① is stamped into the right side of the steering head pipe.

**Starting Serial Number:** 

YX600W (Except for California)
JYA3LTE0 \* KA000101
YX600WC (For California)
JYA3LTC0 \* KA007101

#### NOTE:\_

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your state.



#### **ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER**

The engine serial number ① is stamped into the elevated part of the left rear section of the engine.

Starting Serial Number:

YX600W (Except for California) 3LT-000101 YX600WC (For California) 3LT-007101

#### NOTE:\_

- The first three digits of these numbers are for model identifications; the remaining digits are the unit production number.
- Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.



### **APPENDICES**

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Model	YX600W/YX600WC
Model Code Number:	3LT1 (For YX600W) 3LT2 (For YX600WC)
Vehicle Identification Number:	JYA3LTEO * KA000101 (For YX600W) JYA3LTCO * KA007101 (For YX600WC)
Engine Starting Number:	3LT-000101 (For YX600W) 3LT-007101 (For YX600WC)

#### Chassis

Model	YX600W/YX600WC
Front Disc Brake: Type Outside Dia. x Thickness Pad Thickness: Inner < Limit > * Outer < Limit > *	Dual disc 267 x 5 mm (10.5 x 0.2 in) 5.5 mm (0.21 in) 0.5 mm (0.019 in) 5.5 mm (0.21 in) 0.5 mm (0.019 in)
Master Cylinder Inside Dia. Caliper Cylinder Inside Dia. Brake Fluid Type Clutch Lever Free Play (At Lever Pivot Point)	15.87 mm (0.62 in) 42.8 mm (1.50 in) DOT #3 or DOT #4 2 ~ 3 mm (0.08 ~ 0.10 in)

#### **Electrical**

Model	YX600W/YX600WC
T.C.I.: Pickup Coil Resistance (Color) T.C.I. Unit — Manufacturer	$81 \sim 121\Omega$ at $20^{\circ}$ C ( $68^{\circ}$ F) (White — Red) (White — Black) TID14-79 HITACHI
Ignition Coil Model/Manufacturer Minimum Spark Gap Primary Winding Resistance Secondary Winding Resistance Spark Plug Cap Resistance	CM12-40/HITACHI 6 mm (0.24 in) or more at 500 r/min 1.8 $\sim$ 2.2 $\Omega$ at 20°C (68°F) 9.6 $\sim$ 14.4 k $\Omega$ at 20°C (68°F) 10 k $\Omega$

# MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS APPX



#### **Electrical**

Electrical Figure 1	
Model	YX600W/YX600WC
A.C. Generator:  Model/Manufacturer  Nominal Output  Starter Coil Resistance	FL118-16/HITACHI 12V, 21A at 5,000 r/min 0.31 $\sim$ 0.37 $\Omega$ at 20°C (68°F) (White — White)
Voltage Regulator: Type Model/Manufacturer No Load Regulated Voltage	Field control SH538A-12/SHINDENGEN 14 ~ 15V
Rectifier: Model/Manufacturer Capacity Withstand Voltage	SH538A-12/SHINDENGEN 25A 240V
Electrical Starter System: Type Starter Motor: Model/Manufacturer Output Armature Coil Resistance Brush — Overall Length < Limit > — Spring Force Commutator Dia. Wear Limit Mica Undercut Starter Relay: Model/Manufacturer Amperage Rating Coil Resistance	Constant mesh type SM-13 MITSUBA 0.5 kw 0.012 $\Omega$ ± 10% at 20°C (68°F) 12.5 mm (0.50 in) 4 mm (0.16 in) 340 $\sim$ 460 g (12.0 $\sim$ 16.2 oz) 28 mm (1.10 in) 27 mm (1.06 in) 0.8 mm (0.03 in) 3AY/HITACHI 100A 4.3 $\Omega$ at 20°C (68°F)
Flasher Relay (Relay Assembly): Type Model/Manufacturer Self Cancelling Device Flasher Frequency Wattage  Circuit Breaker: Type Amperage for Individual Circuit x Quantity: MAIN HEADLIGHT SIGNAL	Semi transistor type FB257H/NIPPON DENSO Yes 85 ± 10 cycle/min 27W x 2 pcs + 3.4W  Fuse  30A x 1 pcs. 20A x 1 pcs. 10A x 1 pcs.
IGNITION RESERVE	10A x 1 pcs. 30A x 1 pcs, 10A x 1 pcs.

## MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS



Tightening torque chart

Part to be tightened	Part name	Thread size	Q'ty	Tighte	ening to	orque	Remarks
Fait to be tightened		Tilleau Size		Nm	m·kg	ft·lb	Remarks
Cam shaft cap	Bolt	M6 P1.0	24	10	1.0	7.2	Tighten in 3-stages
Cylinder (cam chain)	Stud bolt	M6 P1.0	4	5	0.5	3.6	Apply oil
Cylinder (cam chain)	Nut	M6 P1.0	4	10	1.0	7.2	
Cylinder head (Exhaust pipe)	Stud bolt	M6 P1.0	8	10	1.0	7.2	Apply oil
Cylinder and crankcase	Nut	M8 P1.25	1	20	2.0	14	
Cylinder head	Cap nut	M8 P1.25	12	22	2.2	16	Apply oil
Spark plug		M12 P1.25	4	17.5	1.75	13	
Cylinder head cover	Bolt	M6 P1.0	12	10	1.0	7.2	
Cylinder	Stud bolt	M8 P1.25	1	15	1.5	11	Apply oil
Connecting rod and rod cap	Nut	M7 P0.75	8	25	2.5	18	
Camshaft and sprocket	Bolt	M7 P1.0	4	24	2.4	17	
Cam chain tensioner stopper bolt	Bolt	M8 P1.0	1	8	0.8	5.7	
Cam chain tensioner case and cylinder	Bolt	M6 P1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2	
Cam chain tensioner case lock nut	Nut	M8 P1.25	1	9	0.9	6.5	
Crankcase	Plug	M10 P1.25	1	10	1.0	7.2	
Rotor housing and pump cover	Screw	M6 P1.0	1	7	0.7	5.1	
Oil pump ass'y and crankcase	Screw	M6 P1.0	3	7	0.7	5.1	
Strainer housing and crankcase	Bolt	M6 P1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2	
Strainer cover and crankcase	Bolt	M6 P1.0	12	10	1.0	7.2	
Filter cover and crankcase	Union bolt	M20 P1.5	1	15	1.5	11	
Drain bolt	Plug	M14 P1.5	1	43	4.3	31	
Carburetor joint and cylinder head	Bolt	M6 P1.0	8	10	1.0	7.2	
Air filer cover	Screw	M5 P0.8	4	5	0.5	3.6	
Air filter case	Bolt	M6 P1.0	3	7	0.7	5.1	
Exhaust pipe and cylinder head	Nut	M6 P1.0	8	10	1.0	7.2	
Exhaust pipe joint	Bolt	M8 P1.25	6	20	2.0	14	
Muffler	Bolt	M10 P1.25	2	25	2.5	18	
Crankcase	Stud bolt	M8 P1.25	12	13	1.3	9.4	Apply oil
Crankcase (upper and lower)	Bolt	M8 P1.25	11	24	2.4	17	Apply oil
Crankcase (upper and lower)	Bolt	M6 P1.0	23	12	1.2	8.7	Apply oil

# MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS APPX

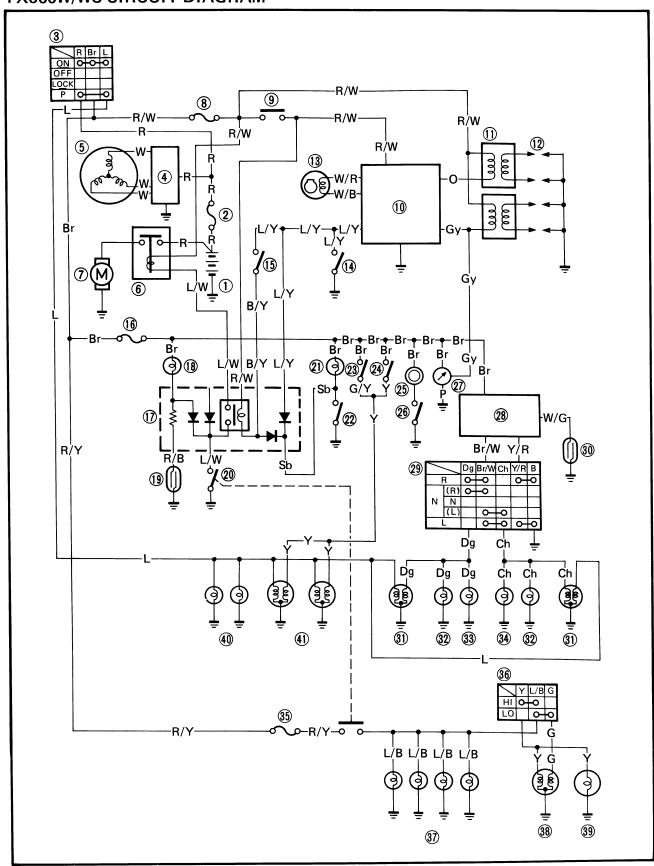


Part to be tightened	Part name	Thread size	Q'ty	Tightening torque			Remarks
Tare to be rightened				Nm	m∙kg	ft·lb	nemarks
Generator cover and crankcase	Bolt	M6 P1.0	3	10	1.0	7.2	
Bearing cover plate (crankcase right)	Screw	M6 P1.0	4	8	0.8	5.7	
Clutch cable holder	Screw	M6 P1.0	1	10	1.0	7.2	
Crankcase cover	Bolt	M6 P1.0	13	10	1.0	7.2	
Crankcase (Main gallary blind plug)	Plug	M20 P1.5	2	12	1.2	8.7	Apply oil
Clutch pressure plate	Bolt	M6 P1.0	5	8	0.8	5.8	
Clutch boss	Nut	M20 P1.0	1	70	7.0	50	
Drive sprocket	Bolt	M6 P1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2	
Stopper plate	Screw	M5 P0.8	1	4	0.4	2.9	Use LOCTITE®
Cam segment	Bolt	M6 P1.0	1	10	1.0	7.2	Use LOCTITE®
Change pedal	Bolt	M6 P1.0	1	10	1.0	7.2	
A.C. magneto	Bolt	M10 P1.25	1	80	8.0	58	
Stator	Bolt	M6 P1.0	3	10	1.0	7.2	Use LOCTITE®
Pickup coil base	Screw	M6 P1.0	2	8	0.8	5.8	
Starter motor	Bolt	M6 P1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2	
Neutral switch	Screw	M5 P0.8	3	3.5	0.35	2.5	Use LOCTITE®
Oil level gauge switch	Bolt	M6 P1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1	
Relief valve and crankcase	_		1	20	2.0	14	
HY-VO chain tensioner	Bolt	M6 P1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2	Use LOCTITE®
Primary drive gear	Nut	M16 P1.5	1	50	5.0	36	
Bearing cover plate	Screw	M6 P1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2	Use LOCTITE®
Starter clutch	Bolt	M8 P1.25	3	25	2.5	18	Use LOCTITE®
Shift shaft stopper	Screw	M8 P1.25	1	22	2.2	16	
Shift cam bearing plate	Screw	M6 P1.0	1	10	1.0	7.2	



#### **ELECTRICAL**

#### YX600W/WC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



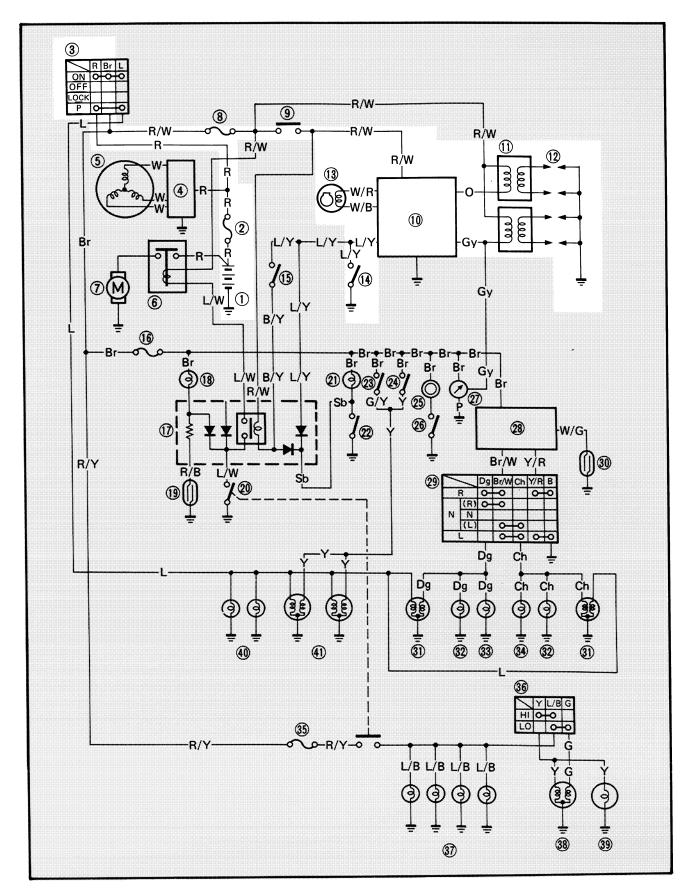
- (1) Battery
- (2) Fuse (Main)
- (3)"MAIN" switch
- (4) Rectifier/Regulator
- (5) A.C. Magneto
- 6 Starter relay
- (7) Starter motor
- 8 Fuse (Ignition)
- (9) "ENGINE STOP" switch
- (10) Ignitor
- (i) Ignition coil
- (12) Spark plug
- (13) Pick up coil
- (14) Sidestand switch
- (15) Clutch switch
- 16 Fuse "Signal"
- (17) Relay assembly
- (18) "OIL" indicator light
- (19) Oil level switch
- ② "START" switch
- (21) "NEUTRAL" indicator light

- 22 Neutral switch
- 23 Front brake switch
- 24 Rear brake switch
- 25) Horn
- 26 "HORN" switch
- (27) Tachometer
- 28 Flasher relay
- (29) "TURN" switch
- (30) Reed switch
- (31) Front position light/Flasher light
- (32) Rear flasher light
- (33) "TURN" indicator light (Right)
- "TURN" indicator light (Left)
- 35) Fuse "Head"
- 36"LIGHTS" (Dimmer) switch
- (37) Meter light
- 38) Headlight
- (39) "HIGH BEAM" indicator light
- Licence light
- Tail/Brake light

#### **COLOR CODE**

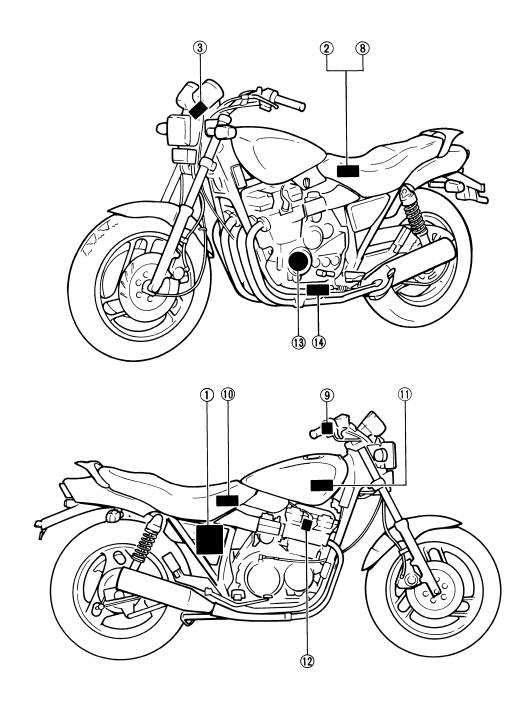
0	Orange	Y/R	Yellow/Red
R	Red	Br/W	Brown/White
L	Blue	R/W	Red/White
Br	Brown	R/Y	Red/Yellow
В	Black	B/R	Black/Red
Υ	Yellow	B/W	Black/White
W	White	B/Y	Black/Yellow
G	Green	L/W	Blue/White
Р	Pink	L/B	Blue/Black
Dg	Dark green	L/Y	Blue/Yellow
Ch	Chocolate	G/Y	Green/Yellow
Gy	Gray	W/R	White/Red
Sb	Sky blue	W/G	White/Green

# IGNITION SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

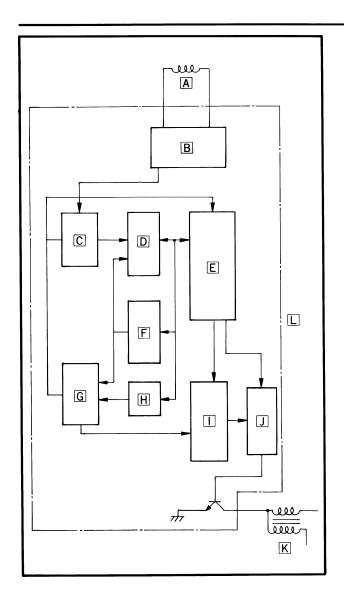


- 1 Battery
- 2 Fuse (MAIN)
- 3 Main switch
- Fuse (IGNITION)"ENGINE STOP" switch

- 10 Ignitor unit
- (1) Ignition coil
- 12 Spark plug
- 13 Pickup coil
- (14) Sidestand switch







# DIGITAL IGNITION CONTRL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The electronic ignition that sparks the engine is computer controlled and operated by the digital microprocessor. It has a pre-programed ignition advance curve.

This programed advance curve closely matches the spark timing to the engine's ignition requirements. Only one pickup coil is needed to meet the requirements of the digital ignitor unit.

The digital ignitor also includes the control unit for the electric fuel pump.

- A Pickup coil
- B Wave-shape shaping circuit
- C Edge detection circuit
- D Latch circuit
- **E** Microprocessor
- F Free-running counter
- G Comparison circuit
- H Register
- | Flip-flop circuit
- J Driving circuit
- K Ignition coil
- L Digital ignitor unit

#### **OPERATION**

The following operations are digitally-performed by signal from the pickup coil signal:

- 1. Determing proper ignition timing.
- 2. Sensing the engine revolution speed.
- 3. Determing timing for switching on ignition coil (duty control).
- 4. Increasing ignition coil primary current for starting the engine.
- 5. Sensing engine stall.
- 6. Preventing over-revolution of the engine.